



- Expert Verified, Online, **Free**.

Which two statements about Security Fabric integration with FortiManager are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The Fabric View module enables you to view the Security Fabric ratings for Security Fabric devices.
- B. The Security Fabric license, group name, and password are required for the FortiManager Security Fabric integration.
- C. The Security Fabric settings are part of the device-level settings.
- D. The Fabric View module enables you to generate the Security Fabric ratings for Security Fabric devices.

Suggested Answer: AC

Community vote distribution


AC (88%) 13%

 **morningstar** Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: AC

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 260.

upvoted 5 times

 **rufeto** 1 year, 7 months ago

A Is Correct.


Page 260. Image mention "You can view ratings for multiple Security Fabric Groups"

D is Correct.

Page 267. What does the Fabric View pane allow you to do?

Generate Security Fabric ratings for FortiGate Devices.

upvoted 1 times

 **Ah_Leb** 1 year, 5 months ago

Page 265. You cannot use FortiManager to generate Security Fabric ratings.

upvoted 1 times

 **khanwoo** 1 year, 7 months ago

C is correct,

You can view security Fabric ratings of configurations for security fabric group - generating is in FortiOS first

upvoted 1 times

 **myrmidon3** 1 year, 2 months ago

I believe that D is not correct, this is a trick, because the answer is "Generate Security Fabric ratings for Security Fabric Devices". Which generalize all of the Fabric Devices not only Fortigate.

upvoted 2 times

 **myrmidon3** Most Recent 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: AC

Study Exam Page 260.

Study Exam Page 261.

You can view Security Fabric ratings of configurations for all

FortiGate devices in a Security Fabric group, or for individual FortiGate devices in a Security Fabric group.


It is very clear, For all Fortigate devices, not the Security Fabric Devices, which includes Analyzer, FortiAPs

upvoted 2 times

 **Seb5778** 1 year, 2 months ago

A and C are correct

upvoted 2 times

 **011** 1 year, 6 months ago

Hello everyone.

Are these dumps still valid?

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ 👤 **leoh_182** 1 year, 6 months ago

Selected Answer: AD

Page 260 AND Page 267

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **mrpogi003** 1 year, 7 months ago

I will take my exam today. Does the this dumps is still valid ?

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **FutureNetworker** 1 year, 7 months ago

Could you please confirm if this dumps are still valid? Thanks.

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **MoSimon** 1 year, 7 months ago

This is not the current Exam!

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **Radi112** 1 year, 7 months ago

Are they still valid?

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **jett102111** 1 year, 8 months ago

Not Valid. Failed today.

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **soporte127** 1 year, 7 months ago

But what version did you have?

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **jett102111** 1 year, 7 months ago

version 7.0

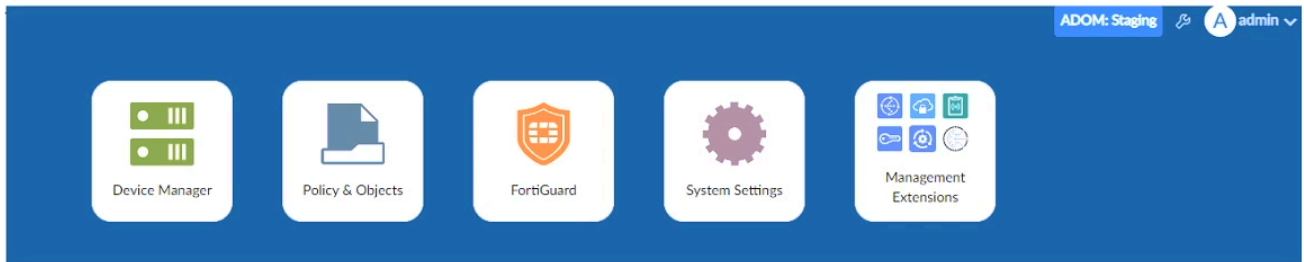
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **KavinT** 2 years ago

A & C correct answer

upvoted 3 times

Refer to the exhibit.



An administrator would like to create a policy on the Staging ADOM in backup mode, and install it on the FortiGate device in the same ADOM. How can the administrator perform this task?

- A. The administrator must change the ADOM mode to Advanced to bring the FortiManager online.
- B. The administrator must disable the FortiManager offline mode first.
- C. The administrator must use the Policy & Objects section to create a policy first.

Suggested Answer: A

Community vote distribution

A (100%)

morningstar Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: A

The question is wrong. The word "Advanced" should be "Normal" because it's talking about "ADOM modes", which could be "Normal" or "Backup". FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf pages 44, 45 and 46.

The "Advanced" mode refers to "ADOM Device mode", which could be "Normal" or "Advanced". Advanced mode allows the administrator to assign different VDOMs to different ADOMs, while "Normal" mode just allows the administrator to assign the whole device to a certain ADOM.

Also, the image in page 47 from the guide is wrong because it says "Normal" and "Backup" when it should say "Normal" and "Advanced".
upvoted 9 times

Seb5778 Most Recent 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: A

A is correct answer
upvoted 1 times

MikeK70 1 year, 4 months ago

The 4th answer which would be correct is missing... it's somewhere across the lines of "you can execute the change with a script even if the ADOM is in backup mode"
upvoted 3 times

MikeK70 1 year, 4 months ago

Had this question at the exam last week: the fourth and correct option is missing here: that you can configure with scripts, even when the ADOM is in backup mode
upvoted 3 times

leoh_182 1 year, 6 months ago

Selected Answer: A

The same said by morningstar.
Answer on FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf pages 44-47.
upvoted 1 times

akukaracia 1 year, 9 months ago

I guess it should be 4th answer here. "...to bring the FortiManager online" - wrong.
upvoted 1 times

Franky1286 1 year, 11 months ago

A is the answer: Backup mode make changes directly on managed device

upvoted 1 times

  **EL_Chap035** 1 year, 11 months ago

Can someone share the FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf with me I don't have access to it.

upvoted 1 times

  **morningstar** 1 year, 11 months ago


Did you register at <https://training.fortinet.com/> ?

upvoted 1 times

  **EL_Chap035** 1 year, 11 months ago

I took the Free training but did not pay for the class

upvoted 1 times

  **radeondutch** 1 year, 8 months ago

let me know how you want to receive it :) i can send you.

upvoted 1 times

  **KavinT** 2 years ago

A is the answer [As per OS 7.0, answer should be 'normal' instead of 'advanced']

upvoted 1 times

What is the purpose of the Policy Check feature on FortiManager?

- A. It provides recommendations for optimizing policies in a policy package.
- B. It provides recommendations to combine similar policy packages within an ADOM into one single policy package.
- C. It compares the policy packages with the revision history, and updates policy packages in the ADOM database.
- D. It merges and creates dynamic mappings for duplicate objects used in a policy package.

Suggested Answer: A

Community vote distribution

A (100%)

🗨️ **Seb5778** 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: A

A is correct answer
upvoted 3 times

🗨️ **Dhuliano** 1 year, 6 months ago

Selected Answer: A

A is correct
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **KavinT** 2 years ago

A is correct
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **morningstar** 2 years ago

Selected Answer: A

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 212: Policy Check provides recommendations only on what improvements can be made - it does not perform any changes.
upvoted 3 times

An administrator's PC crashes before the administrator can submit a workflow session for approval. After the PC is restarted, the administrator notices that the ADOM was locked from the session before the crash.
How can the administrator unlock the ADOM?

- A. Log in using the same administrator account to unlock the ADOM.
- B. Log in as Super_User in order to unlock the ADOM.
- C. Delete the previous admin session manually through the FortiManager GUI or CLI.
- D. Restore the configuration from a previous backup.

Suggested Answer: C

Community vote distribution

C (100%)

  **morningstar** Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: C

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 243: If a connection to FortiManager unexpectedly closes (PC crashed or browser closed) while an ADOM is locked, it will remain locked until the administrator session times out or the session is deleted. You can delete administrator sessions on the GUI or CLI. After the previous session is deleted, the ADOM will be unlocked immediately.



upvoted 7 times

  **josesanchez111** Most Recent 1 year, 1 month ago

Selected Answer: C

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 243:



upvoted 1 times

  **Seb5778** 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: C

C is correct answer

upvoted 1 times

  **ama6** 1 year, 9 months ago

B is correct

upvoted 1 times

  **KavinT** 2 years ago

C is correct

upvoted 3 times

Refer to the exhibit.

Create ADOM

Name: Training

Type: FortiGate 6.2 6.4 7.0

Description:

Devices

+ Select Device Column Settings Search...

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	IP Address	Platform
No record found.			

Mode: Normal Backup

Central Management: VPN FortiAP FortiSwitch

OK Cancel

Which two statements about an ADOM set in Normal mode on Fortitvmanager are true? (Choose two.)

- A. It supports the FortiManager script feature.
- B. You cannot assign the same ADOM to multiple administrators.
- C. FortiManager automatically installs the configuration difference in revisions on the managed FortiGate.
- D. It allows making configuration changes for managed devices on FortiManager panes.

Suggested Answer: AD

Community vote distribution

AD (100%)

morningstar Highly Voted 1 year, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: AD

A: FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 176: By default, scripts are enabled.

D: FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 45: By default, ADOMs run in Normal mode and all panes are available. The ADOM is read-write, which allows you to make configuration changes to managed devices stores in the ADOM database and then install these changes on managed devices.

upvoted 5 times

flamengo Most Recent 2 months, 2 weeks ago

Fortimanager - study-guide 7.2 p 185

upvoted 1 times

Seb5778 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: AD

A and D are correct answers

upvoted 1 times

leoh_182 1 year, 6 months ago

Selected Answer: AD

A n' D correct

upvoted 1 times

Gabiruedn 1 year, 11 months ago

A e D correct

upvoted 3 times

  **KavinT** 2 years ago

A&D are correct

upvoted 3 times

Refer to the exhibit.

Device Name	Config Status	Policy Package Status	Provisioning Templates	Firmware Template
Local-FortiGate	Modified	Local-FortiGate_root	default	
Remote-FortiGate	Modified	Never installed	default	

You are using the Quick Install option to install configuration changes on the managed FortiGate.

Which two statements correctly describe the result? (Choose two.)

- A. It installs all the changes in the device database first and the administrator must reinstall the changes on the FortiGate device.
- B. It provides the option to preview only the policy package changes before installing them.
- C. It installs provisioning templates changes on the FortiGate device.
- D. It installs device-level changes on the FortiGate device without launching the Install Wizard.

Suggested Answer: BD

Community vote distribution

CD (100%)

morningstar Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: CD

C: FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 99: Provisioning templates allow you to create profiles that contain "device-level" settings.

D: FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 161: The Quick Install option allows you to perform a quick installation of device-level settings without launching the Install Wizard.

upvoted 10 times

Prashant321 Most Recent 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: CD

C and D are correct

upvoted 1 times

myrmidon3 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: CD

B is wrong because: The Quick Install option allows you to perform a quick installation of device-level settings without launching the Install Wizard. When you use this option, you cannot preview the changes prior to committing.

Study Guide p161

upvoted 1 times

Seb5778 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: CD

False C and D are true

upvoted 1 times

leoh_182 1 year, 6 months ago

Selected Answer: CD

C and D are correct

upvoted 1 times

leoh_182 1 year, 6 months ago

C & D correct



upvoted 1 times

Christiandus 1 year, 9 months ago

Selected Answer: CD

CD are correct

upvoted 1 times

  **ama6** 1 year, 9 months ago

C & D are correct

upvoted 1 times

  **KavinT** 2 years ago

C & D are correct

upvoted 3 times

Refer to the exhibit.

```
FortiManager # config system dm
(dm)# set rollback-allow-reboot enable
(dm)# end
FortiManager #
```

An administrator has configured the command shown in the exhibit on FortiManager. A configuration change has been installed from FortiManager to the managed FortiGate that causes the FGFM tunnel to go down for more than 15 minutes.

What is the purpose of this command?

- A. It allows FortiGate to unset central management settings.
- B. It allows FortiGate to reboot and restore a previously working firmware image.
- C. It allows FortiManager to revert and install a previous configuration revision on the managed FortiGate.
- D. It allows FortiGate to reboot and recover the previous configuration from its configuration file.

Suggested Answer: D

Community vote distribution

D (100%)

 **morningstar** Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: D

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 277: If the connection remains down, and rollback-allow-reboot is enabled on Fortimanager, Fortigate reboots to recover the previous configuration from its configuration file.

upvoted 8 times

 **Seb5778** Most Recent 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: D

D is true

upvoted 1 times

 **KavinT** 2 years ago

D is correct

upvoted 4 times

An administrator would like to review, approve, or reject all the firewall policy changes made by the junior administrators. How should the workspace mode settings be configured on FortiManager?

- A. Set to read/write and using the policy locking feature
- B. Set to normal and using the approval group feature
- C. Set to workflow and using the ADOM locking feature
- D. Set to workspace and using the policy locking feature

Suggested Answer: C

Community vote distribution

C (100%)

 **morningstar** Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: C

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 237: You can use workflow mode to control the creation, configuration, and installation of firewall policies and objects. Approval is required before changes can be installed on a device.

upvoted 6 times

 **Wrath4980** Most Recent 1 year ago

Selected Answer: C

Workflow mode is needed to setup approval workflows.


upvoted 1 times

 **Seb5778** 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: C

C is correct

upvoted 1 times

 **Gabiruedn** 1 year, 11 months ago

Correct C

upvoted 1 times

 **KavinT** 2 years ago

Answer is C : Workflow mode

upvoted 1 times

What is the purpose of ADOM revisions?

- A. To create System Checkpoints for the FortiManager configuration
- B. To save the current state of all policy packages and objects for an ADOM
- C. To save the current state of the whole ADOM
- D. To revert individual policy packages and device-level settings for a managed FortiGate

Suggested Answer: B

Community vote distribution

B (80%)

C (20%)

 **raydel92** 10 months ago

Selected Answer: C

C. To save the current state of the whole ADOM

Answer B is missing VPN console settings


<https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortimanager/7.0.0/administration-guide/54616>

"ADOM revision history allows you to maintain a revision of the policy packages, objects, and VPN console settings in an ADOM."

FortiManager 7.2 Study Guide (p.227):

"Note that an ADOM revision is a snapshot of the entire ADOM and not the changes specific to this policy package."

upvoted 1 times

 **raydel92** 9 months, 3 weeks ago

Answer is B. To save the current state of all policy packages and objects for an ADOM

It was in the exam today (Feb 5th, 2024). It was my only error because I checked C.

Although the actual question was more like this one:

https://www.examtactics.com/discussions/fortinet/view/29903-exam-nse5_fmg-60-topic-1-question-18-discussion/

upvoted 1 times

 **Seb5778** 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: B

B is true

upvoted 1 times

 **KavinT** 2 years ago

B is correct as per page 229

upvoted 3 times

 **morningstar** 2 years ago

Selected Answer: B

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 229: ADOM revisions create a snapshot of all policy and objects configurations for the ADOM.

upvoted 3 times

An administrator configures a new OSPF route on FortiManager and has not yet pushed the changes to the managed FortiGate device. In which database will the configuration be saved?

- A. ADOM-level database
- B. Configuration-level database
- C. Revision history database
- D. Device-level database

Suggested Answer: D

Community vote distribution

D (100%)

  **morningstar** Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: D

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 143: Routes are in the Device Manager pane.

upvoted 6 times

  **Seb5778** Most Recent 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: D

D is true

upvoted 1 times

  **KavinT** 2 years ago

All routes are saved in Device-Manager pane

upvoted 3 times

Refer to the exhibit.

Create New CLI Script

Script Name:

Comments: 0/255

Type:

Run Script on:

Script Detail

```

config router prefix-list
edit public
config rule
edit 1
set prefix 0.0.0.0/0
set action permit
next
edit 2
set prefix 8.8.8.8/32
set action deny
end
  
```

Advanced Device Filters

What will happen if the script is executed using the Device Database option? (Choose two.)

- A. You must install these changes using the Install Wizard to a managed device.
- B. The successful execution of a script on the Device Database will create a new revision history.
- C. The script history will show successful installation of the script on the remote FortiGate.
- D. The Device Settings Status will be tagged as Modified.

Suggested Answer: AD

Community vote distribution

AD (100%)

morningstar Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: AD

A) FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 178: Once scripts are run on the device database, you can then install the changes on a managed device using the installation wizard.

D) FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 157: Since the script changed the device settings in FortiManager, the Config Status shows "Modified" and needs to be installed with Installation Wizard.

upvoted 10 times

KavinT Highly Voted 2 years ago

A & D are correct

upvoted 5 times

Seb5778 Most Recent 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: AD

A & D are correct

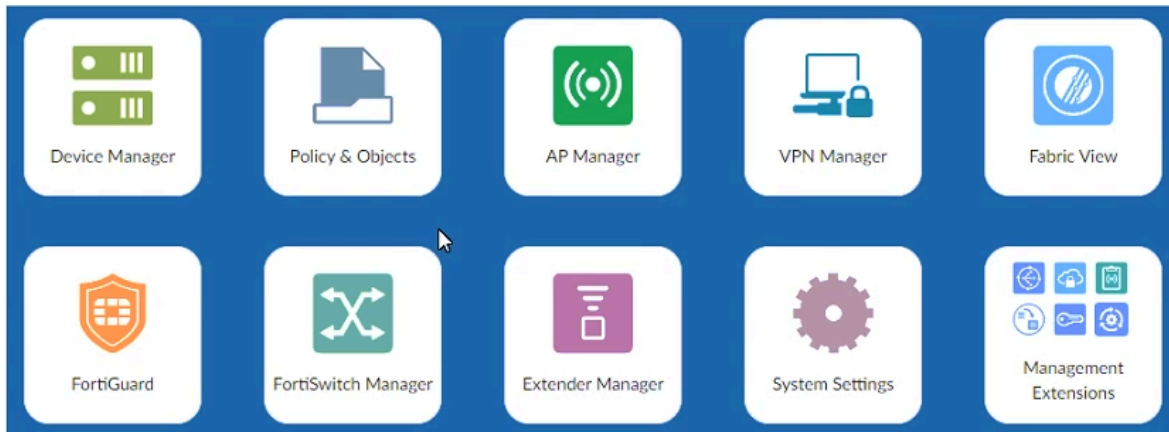
upvoted 1 times

Osvadisim0 2 years ago

B-C correct

upvoted 1 times

Refer to the exhibit.



An administrator logs in to the FortiManager GUI and sees the panes shown in the exhibit.

Which two reasons can explain why the FortiAnalyzer feature panes do not appear? (Choose two.)

- A. The administrator profile does not have full access privileges like the Super_User profile.
- B. The administrator IP address is not a part of the trusted hosts configured on FortiManager interfaces.
- C. The administrator logged in using the unsecure protocol HTTP, so the view is restricted.
- D. FortiAnalyzer features are not enabled on FortiManager.

Suggested Answer: BD

Community vote distribution

AD (88%)

13%

morningstar Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: AD

A) FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 53: Permissions for FAZ panes are detailed in the Admin profiles. Example: "Standard user" has read/write access to FortiView, Log View, Incidents & Events, Reports while "Package user" doesn't.

D) FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 14: You need to manage FAZ from FortiManager to have access to FAZ features.
upvoted 11 times

Seb5778 Most Recent 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: AD

A & D are true
upvoted 1 times

CyberSnail 1 year, 3 months ago

Selected Answer: AD

See Study Guide pages 14 & 53
upvoted 1 times

leoh_182 1 year, 6 months ago

Selected Answer: BD

A & D are correct
upvoted 2 times

PabloSL 1 year, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: AD

A & D are correct
upvoted 1 times

KavinT 2 years ago

A & D are correct
upvoted 3 times

Refer to the exhibit.

IF	Search...	#	Name	From	To	Source	Destination	Schedule	Service	Users	Action	Security Profiles	Log
	Local-FortiGate_root	1	Deny ping	any	any	gall	gall	galways	gALL_ICMP		Deny		Log Violation Traffic

Local-FortiGate_root
 Remote-FortiGate
 Shared_Package
 Firewall Header Policy
 Firewall Policy
 Firewall Footer Policy
 Installation Targets
 default
 Object Configurations >

A service provider administrator has assigned a global policy package to a managed customer ADOM named My_ADOM, which has four policy packages. The customer administrator has access only to My_ADOM.

How can customer or service provider administrators remove both global header and footer policies from the policy package named Shared_Package?

- A. The service provider administrator can unassign both global policies from My_ADOM.
- B. The service provider administrator can unassign both policies from the global ADOM.
- C. The customer administrator can unassign both global policies from My_ADOM.
- D. The customer administrator can unassign both policies by locking My_ADOM.

Suggested Answer: B

Community vote distribution

B (100%)

morningstar Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: B

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 17: In the global ADOM layer, you create header and footer policy rules. You can assign these policy rules to multiple ADOMs.

upvoted 5 times

whatz 1 year, 11 months ago

The wording in this question is a little misleading/confusing. First of all C/D are not correct since the customer cannot make changes to global policies due to him not having access rights based on the description.

Global policies are in the GLOBAL ADOM and there they can be assigned to one (or more) ADOMs. So the correct answer is that inside the GLOBAL ADOM you can unassign the global policy from the myADOM stated in the text. Both A and B could be read that way but B sounds more specific to the GLOBAL ADOM while A sounds like you could remove a global policy assignment within an ADOM which is not possible.

upvoted 6 times

leoh_182 1 year, 6 months ago

But letter A sounds to me "more likely correct" because what we can see on FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 254: In the example shown on this slide, the default global policy package is added to the four packages except default and cloned policy packages in the MyADOM ADOM.

upvoted 1 times

Pgert Most Recent 10 months ago

B is the correct answer, both policies are applied at the creation of the global policy packages (Global ADOM)

upvoted 1 times

Seb5778 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: B

B is correct

upvoted 1 times

Uwem 1 year, 8 months ago

Selected Answer: B

B is correct.

upvoted 1 times

  **KavinT** 2 years ago

B is correct

upvoted 1 times

Refer to the exhibit.

```
FortiManager # diagnose dvm device list
--- There are currently 1 devices/vdoms managed ---
--- There are currently 1 devices/vdoms count for license ---

TYPE          OID   SN              HA   IP      NAME          ADOM      IPS          FIRMWARE
fmgfaz-managed 161   FGVM010000064692 -    10.200.1.1 Local-FortiGate My_ADOM   18.00171 (extended) 7.0 MR0 (157)
|- STATUS: dev-db: modified; conf: in sync; cond: pending; dm: retrieved; conn: up
|- vdom: [3]root flags:0 adom:My_ADOM pkg:[imported]Local-FortiGate
```

Which two statements about the output are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The latest revision history for the managed FortiGate does not match the device-level database.
- B. Configuration changes have been installed on FortiGate, which means the FortiGate configuration has been changed.
- C. Configuration changes directly made on FortiGate have been automatically updated to the device-level database.
- D. The latest revision history for the managed FortiGate does match the FortiGate running configuration.

Suggested Answer: AD

Community vote distribution

AD (100%)

 **morningstar** Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: AD

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 151:

A) "dev.db" says "modified"

D) "conf" says in sync
upvoted 12 times

 **Seb5778** Most Recent 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: AD

A & D are true
upvoted 1 times

 **Beluga123** 1 year, 6 months ago

Selected Answer: AD

- conf: in sync - This is the sync status which shows that the latest revision history is in sync with Fortigate's configuration.
there is a
new modification on FortiManager device level DB (dev-db: modified) which wasn't installed to FortiGate (cond: pending)
upvoted 1 times

 **KavinT** 2 years ago

A&D are correct
upvoted 2 times

What will be the result of reverting to a previous revision version in the revision history?

- A. It will generate a new version ID and remove all other revision history versions.
- B. It will install configuration changes to managed device automatically.
- C. It will tag the device settings status as Auto-Update.
- D. It will modify the device-level database.

Suggested Answer: D

Community vote distribution

D (100%)

 **morningstar** Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: D

FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 172: A revert operation within the revision history changes the device database configuration to a previous configuration state. You must install these reverted changes on FortiGate, which then creates a new revision entry.

upvoted 10 times

 **Pgert** Most Recent 10 months ago

Selected Answer: D

The correct answer is D a revert operation within the revision history changes the Device-DB config

upvoted 1 times

 **KavinT** 2 years ago

D is correct

upvoted 2 times

An administrator has assigned a global policy package to custom ADOM1. Then the administrator creates a new policy package, Fortinet, in the custom ADOM1.

What will happen to the Fortinet policy package?

- A. When the Fortinet policy package is created, it automatically assigns the global policies.
- B. When the Fortinet policy package is created, you can select the option to assign the global policies.
- C. When the Fortinet policy package is created, you need to reapply the global policy package to the ADOM.
- D. When the Fortinet policy package is created, you need to assign the global policy package from the global ADOM.

Suggested Answer: A

Community vote distribution

A (90%) 10%

 **morningstar** Highly Voted 2 years ago

Selected Answer: A

A) FortiManager_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf page 250: When you create a global policy package, you can choose ADOMs that you want to apply specific policies to. Furthermore, you can even pick specific policy packages in individual ADOMs that you want to apply the global policies to.

upvoted 8 times

 **truserud** Highly Voted 1 year, 9 months ago

"Then the administrator creates a new policy package, Fortinet, in the custom ADOM1."

D is correct.

A is wrong, as you have to go to the Global Database ADOM into either header or footer policy and assign to ADOM and policy package. Thus this process is not automatic.

B is wrong, as there is no such option when creating new policy packages in custom ADOMs.

C is wrong, as you do this from the Global Database ADOM and not the custom ADOM itself.

This leaves us D, where you go into the Global Database ADOM, into the Footer or Header policy package, and assign the policy to the ADOM and policy package.

upvoted 7 times

 **Seb5778** Most Recent 1 year, 2 months ago

Selected Answer: A


A is correct

upvoted 1 times

 **MRasul18** 1 year, 3 months ago

When you create a global policy package, you can choose ADOMs that you want to apply specific policies to. Furthermore, you can even pick specific policy packages in individual ADOMs that you want to apply the global policies to. Everytime when you create policy package in any ADOM you must global policy package from the global ADOM by including that newly cretaed policy package (or excluding others).

upvoted 2 times

 **Nappel** 1 year, 8 months ago

Selected Answer: D

Just checked on my FortiManager, but D is the correct answer.

Also see page 254 of the study guide.



upvoted 1 times

 **Nappel** 1 year, 8 months ago

A is correct, double checked it on the manager and read the question again.

I can't delete above comment.

upvoted 5 times

  **akukaracia** 1 year, 9 months ago

Admin guide: Each policy package can only have one global policy package assigned to it, but multiple global policy packages can be used in an ADOM.

Question: which global policy package will be "automatically" assigned in A case? I vote for D, but in 6.4 exam discussion one man claims, that he checked it in lab, and A is correct.

upvoted 1 times