

CONTACT

Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104

Question #: 3

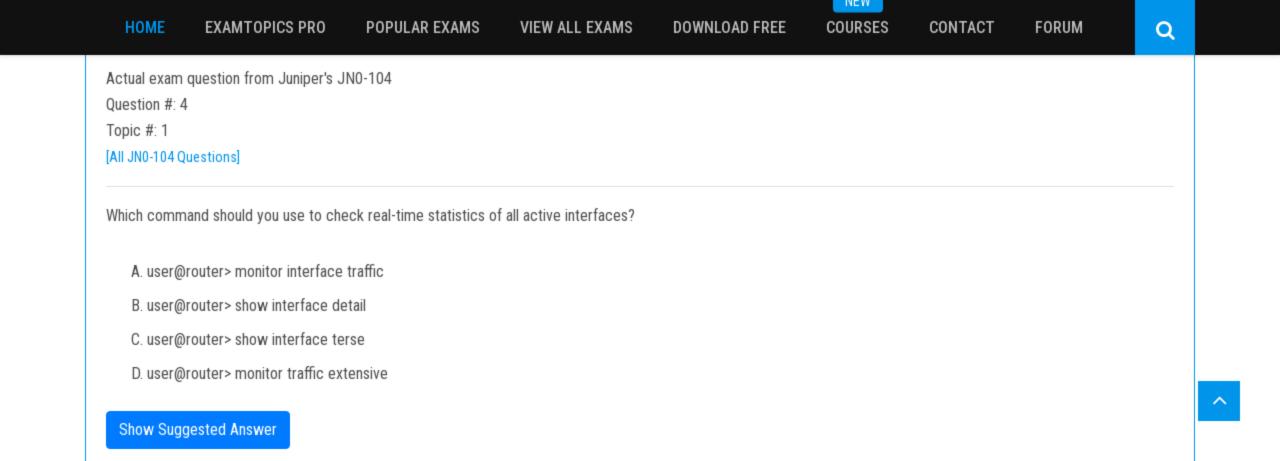
Topic #: 1

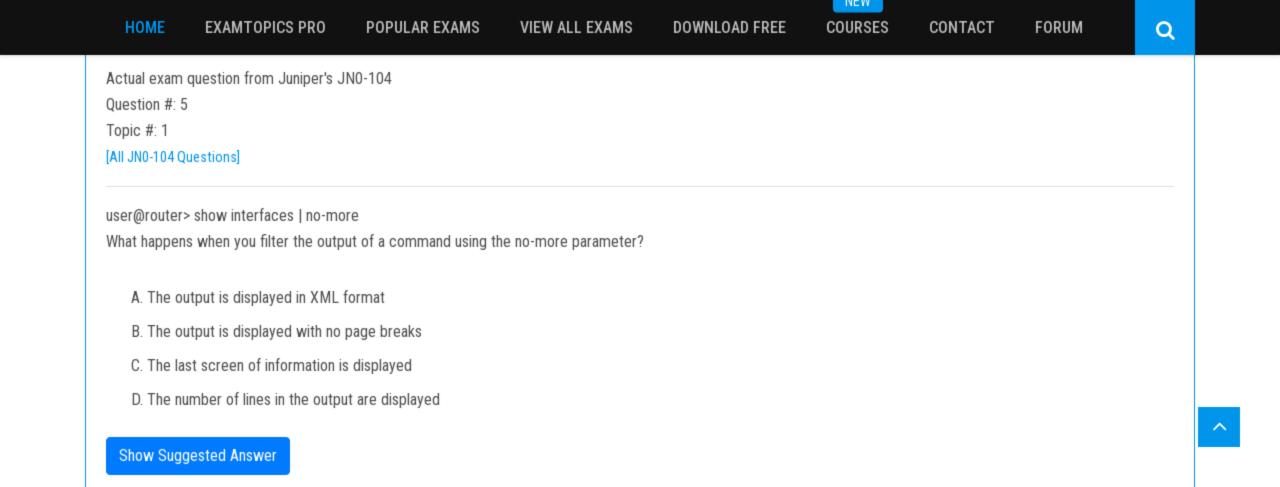
[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
user@router> show interfaces ge-0/0/0 extensive
  Physical interface: ge-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Interface index: 137, SNMP ifIndex: 508, Generation: 140
 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTJ: 1514, LAN-PHY mode, Link-mode: Full-duplex,
  Speed: 10Gbps, BPDU Error: None, Loop Detect PDU Error: None,
  Ethernet-Switching Error: None, MAC-REWRITE Error: None, Loopback: Disabled,
  Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: SMMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
 Link flags : None
  CoS queues : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
 Current address: 00:50:56:a9:03:76, Hardware address: 00:50:56:a9:03:76
 Last flapred : 2021-04-06 04:56:12 PDT (1d 07:12 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
 Traffic statistics:
```

Referring to the exhibit, you are unable to see any traffic coming on interface ge-0/0/0. What is causing this problem?

- A. The ge-0/0/0 interface is administratively down
- B. The ge-0/0/0 interface has flow control disabled
- C. The ge-0/0/0 interface s physical link is down
- D. The ge-0/0/0 interface has the link-mode set to half-duplex





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Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104

Question #: 8

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

user@router>	show ospi neighbor				
Address	Interface	State	ID	Pri	Dead
172.25.1.9	ge-0/0/1.0	Full	192.168.100.3	128	38
172.25.1.2	ge-0/0/2.0	Full	192.168.100.2	128	35

Which two statements about the output shown in the exhibit are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. The router ID of the neighbor connected to the ge-0/0/1.0 interface is 192.168.100.3
- B. The router has two OSPF adjacencies
- C. The neighbors are not using the Junos OS default OSPF priority value
- D. The IP address assigned to the router's ge-0/0/1.0 interface is 172.25.1.9

Question #: 9

Topic #: 1

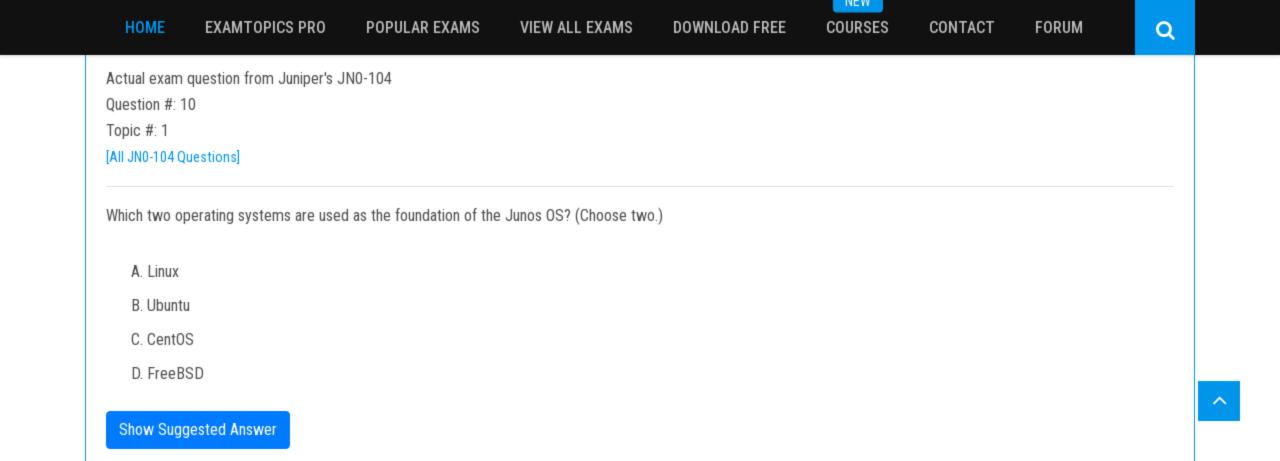
[All JN0-104 Questions]

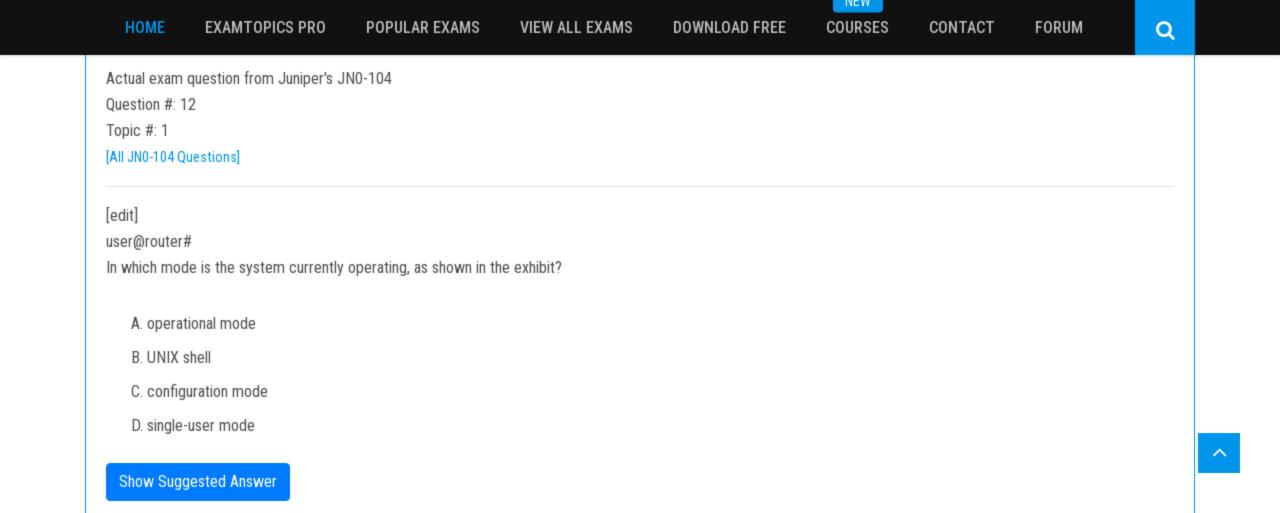
```
user@router> show chassis routing-engine
Routing Engine status:
   Total memory 4046 MB Max 2063 MB used (51 percent)
     Control plane memory 1742 MB Max 592 MB used ( 34 percent)
     Data plane memory 2304 MB Max 1452 MB used ( 63 percent)
   5 sec CPU utilization:
     User
                              1 percent
     Background
                              0 percent
     Kernel
                               0 percent
                              0 percent
     Interrupt
                              99 percent
     Idle
   Model
                                VSRX RE
   Start time
                                2021-07-11 23:45:17 PDT
                                35 days, 12 hours, 29 minutes, 25 seconds
   Uptime
                               Router repooted after a normal shutdown.
   Last report reason
                                1 minute 5 minute 15 minute
   Load averages:
                                    1.22
                                           1.37 1.41
```

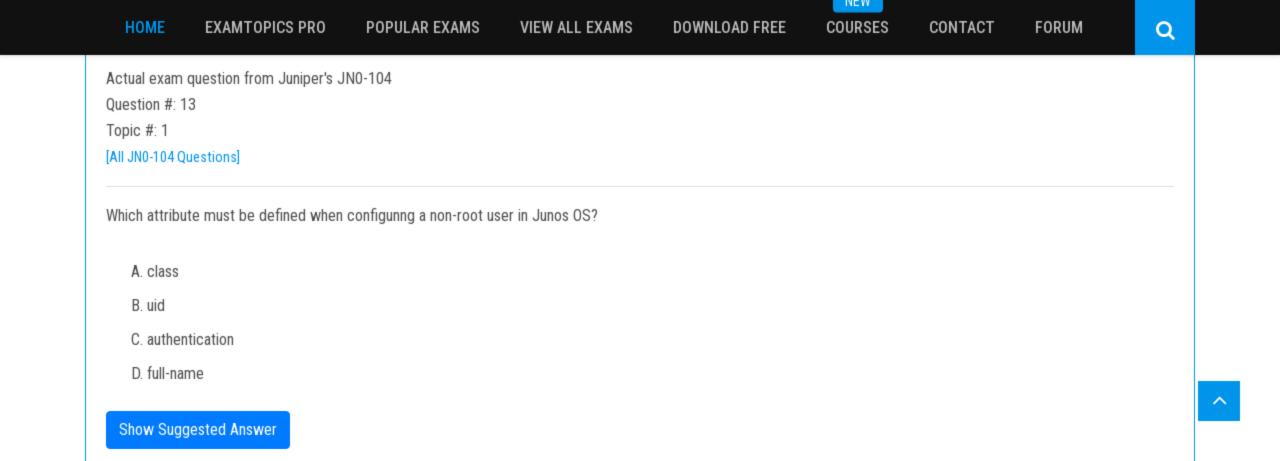
Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. The last 5 second CPU utilization is 1%
- B. The last 5 second CPU utilization is 99%
- C. The control plane memory used is 63%
- D. The data plane memory used is 63%

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FORUM

Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104

Question #: 15

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
user@router> show interfaces fxp0
Physical interface: fxp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 1
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: SMMP-Traps
               : Full-Duplex
  Link type
  Current address: 00:50:56:a9:1c:b0, Hardware address: 00:50:56:a9:1c:b0
  Last flapped : 2020-01-17 16:27:10 UTC (1w3d 23:56 ago)
    Input packets : 54054
    Output packets: 30089
  Logical interface fxpG.0 (Index 5) (SNMP ifIndex 13)
    Flags: Up SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
    Input packets : 54054
    Output packets: 30089
    Frotocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Max nh cache: 100000, New hold nh limit: 100000, Curr nh cnt: 1,
    Curr new hold cnt: 0, NH drop cnt: 0
      Flags: Sendbcast-pkt-to-re, Is-Primary
      Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
        Destination: 172.25.11/24, Local: 172.25.11.1, Broadcast: 172.25.11.255
Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are true? (Choose two.)
```

- A. The interface is operating in full-duplex mode
- B. The logical interface is running IPv6
- C. The address 172.25.11.255 is the broadcast address for the logical interface
- D. The interface MAC address has been changed from the default MAC addres

Question #: 18

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
[edit]
user@router# show system services
ftp;
ash
    root-login deny;
web-management (
    http;
```

The user root is unable to connect to the router using SSH. Referring to the exhibit, which configuration change will correct the problem?

- A. [edit] user@router# delete system services ssh root-login deny
- B. [edit] user@router# set system services ssh root-login allow
- C. [edit] user@router# set system services ssh
- D. [edit] user@router# delete system services ssh

Question #: 19

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
[edit firewall family inet]
user@router# show
filter traffic-filter !
    term allow-packets {
        from |
            source-address {
                10.10.10.0/24;
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/1]
user@router# show
unit 0 {
    family inet (
        filter {
            input traffic-filter;
        address 172.19.20.2/30;
```

Referring to the exhibit, a firewall filter is configured and applied to the ge-0/0/1 interface. In this scenario, which statement is correct?

- A. All traffic to destination 10.10.10.0/24 is accepted.
- B. All traffic from source 10.10.10.0/24 is accepted.
- C. All traffic entering on interface ge-0/0/1 is discarded.
- D. All traffic entering on interface ge-0/0/1 is accepted.

NEW

Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104

Question #: 20

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
[edit protocols cspf]
user@router# edit area 51 stub
[edit protocols cspf area 0.0.0.51 stub]
user@router# exit
```

Referring to the exhibit, what happens when you issue the exit command at the [edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.51 stub] hierarchy level?

- A. You move one level up to the [edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.51] hierarchy level.
- B. You exit the configuration mode.
- C. You move to the [edit] hierarchy level.
- D. You move to the most recent higher level of the [edit protocols ospf] hierarchy.

Show Suggested Answer

```
Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104
```

```
Question #: 21
```

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
user@router> show configuration interfaces ge-0/0/1.0
family inet (
    filter (
        input input-ff;
    address 10.10.102.1/24;
user@router> show configuration firewall filter input-ff
term ti {
    then
        reject;
```

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is correct about traffic received on the ge-0/0/1.0 interface?

- A. All traffic will be accepted
- B. All traffic will be silently dropped
- C. All traffic will be dropped and an ICMP notification sent back to the source
- D. All traffic will be dropped and a UDP message sent back to the source

Question #: 22

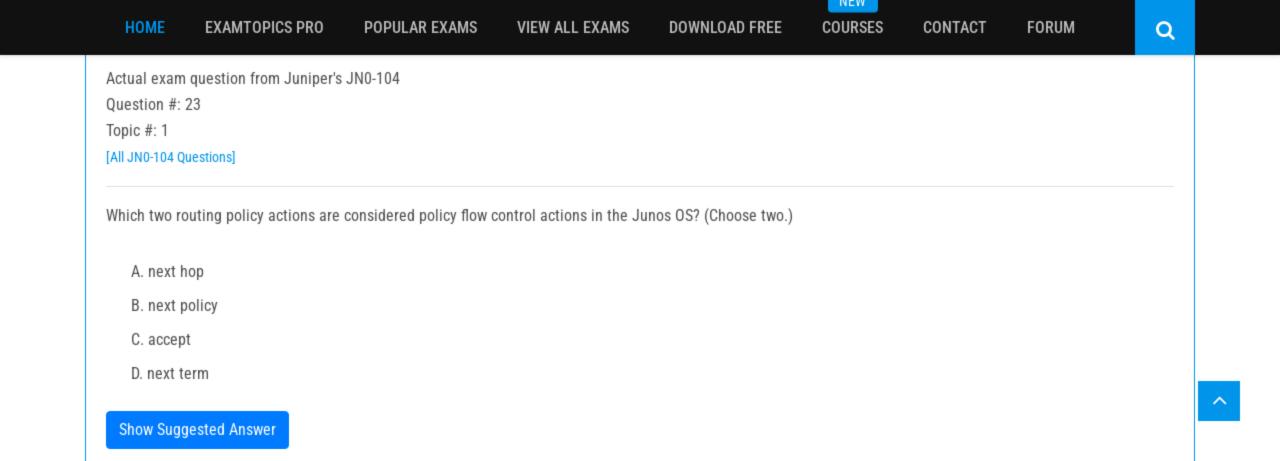
Topic #: 1

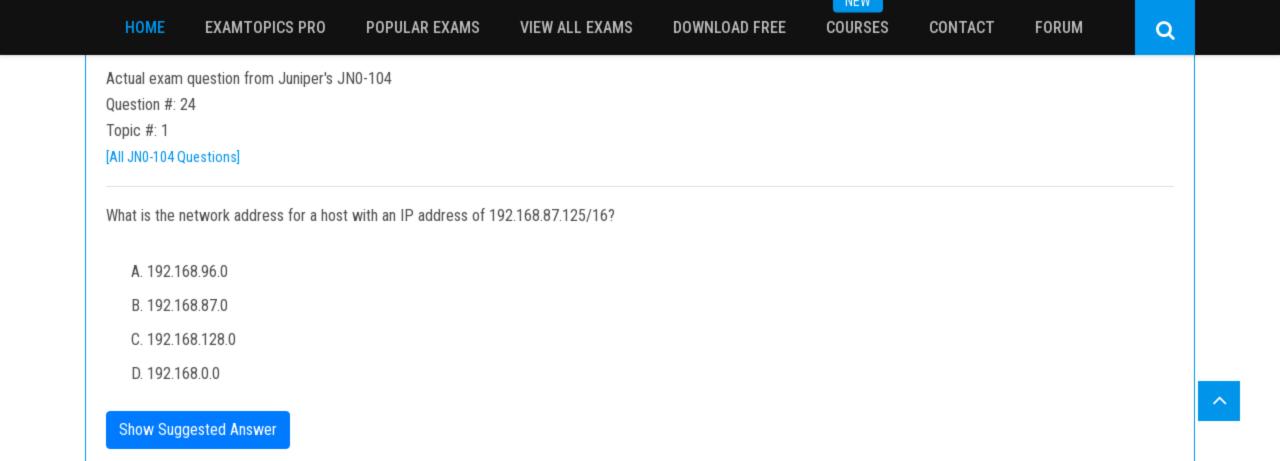
[All JN0-104 Questions]

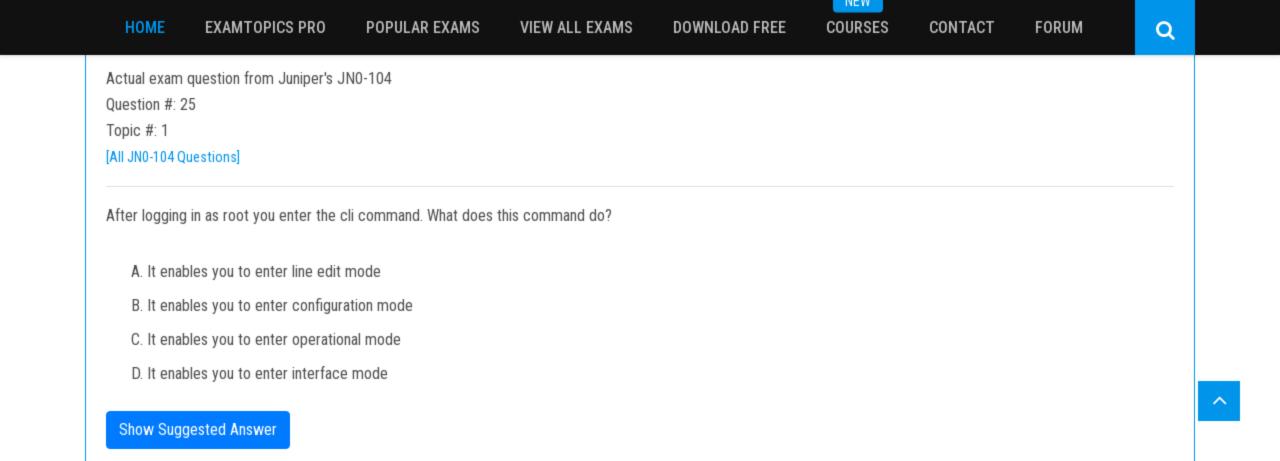
```
user@router# run show route 100.0.0.0/30
inet.0: 16 destinations, 18 routes (16 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
- = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both
100.0.0.1/32
                *[Local/0] lw0d 22:10:15
                  > Local via xe-3/0/0:0.0
100.0.0.0/30
                  -[Direct/0] 1w0d 22:10:15
                   > via xe-3/0/0:0.0
user@router# run monitor traffic interface xe-3/0/0:0 no-resolve matching "src 100.0.0.2"
verbose cutput suppressed, use <detail> or <extensive> for full protocol decode
Address resolution is OFF.
Listening on xe-3/0/0:0.0, capture size 96 bytes
^C
O packets received by filter
O packets dropped by kernel
```

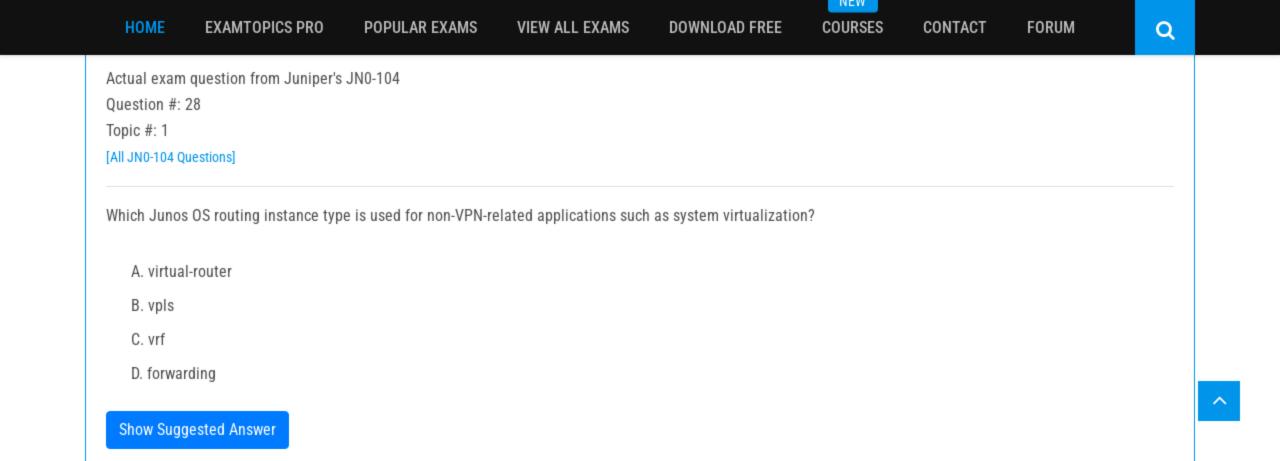
You are attempting to capture traffic being sent to IP address 100.0.0.2. but are unable to see any packets. Referring to the exhibit, what is the problem?

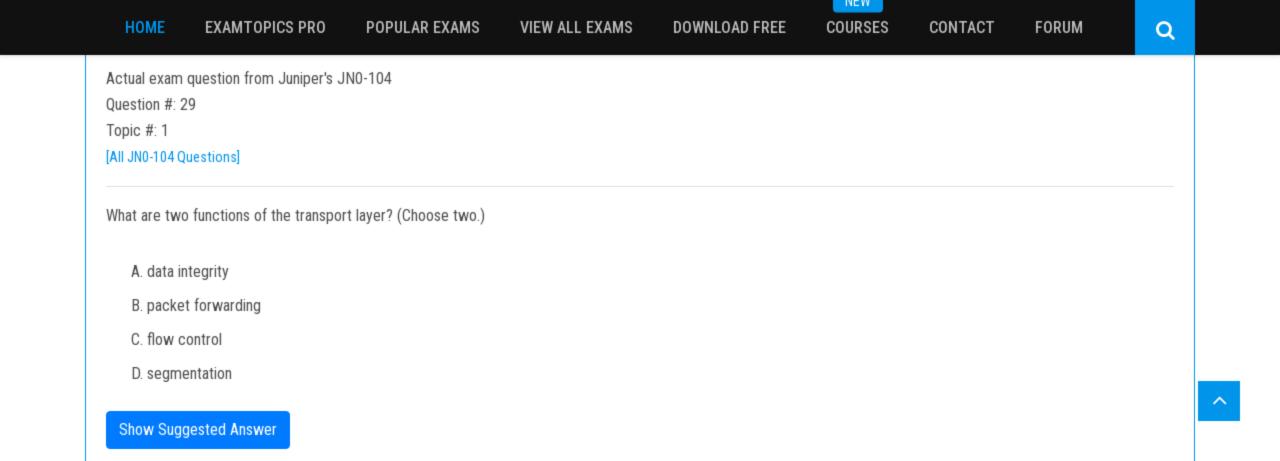
- A. You must add the size parameter to the command
- B. Traffic destined for 100.0.0.2 is transit traffic
- C. You must add the layer2-headers parameter to the command
- D. You must use the dat 100.0.0.2 match condition instead of the arc 100.0.2.2 match condition











Question #: 30

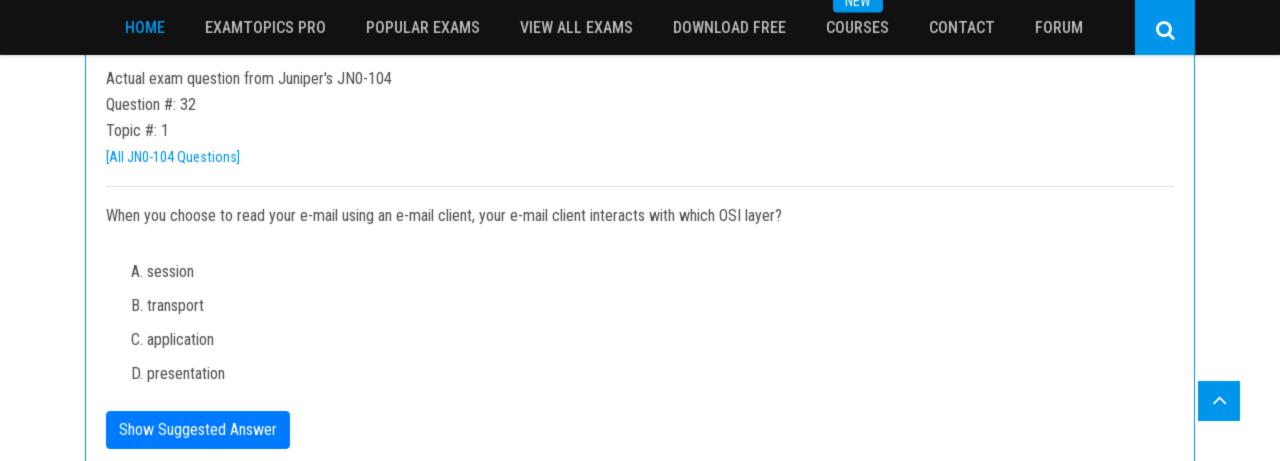
Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
[edit routing-options]
user@router# show
static {
    route 0.0.0.0 {
        next-hop 172.16.1.1;
        qualified-next-hop 172.16.1.254 {
            preference 4;
        }
    }
}
```

Assuming both paths shown in the exhibit are available, which statement is correct?

- A. Traffic matching the default route will use 172.16.1.1 as the next hop
- B. Traffic matching the default route will use 172.16.1.254 as the next hop
- C. Traffic matching the default route will be load-balanced per flow across both next hops
- D. Traffic matching the default route will be load-balanced per packet across both next hops.



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Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104

Question #: 33

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

What will happen when you commit the configuration shown in the exhibit?

- A. All gigabit interfaces will inhent the family inet configuration
- B. Gigabit interfaces on FPC 2 will inherit the family inet configuration
- C. VLAN 0 will be applied to gigabit interfaces on FPC 2
- D. VLAN 0 will be applied to all gigabit interfaces

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```
Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104
```

Question #: 38

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
[edit policy-options]
user@router# show
policy-statement BGP-to-OSPF {
    term 10 {
        from protocol bgp;
        then accept;
    }
}
```

You must apply the policy shown in the exhibit to readvertise BGP routes to OSPF neighbors. Which action will accomplish this task?

- A. You must apply the policy as an export policy within the OSPF configuration.
- B. You must apply the policy as an export policy within the BGP configuration.
- C. You must apply the policy as an import policy within the OSPF configuration.
- D. You must apply the policy as an import policy within the BGP configuration.

NEW

Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104

Question #: 41

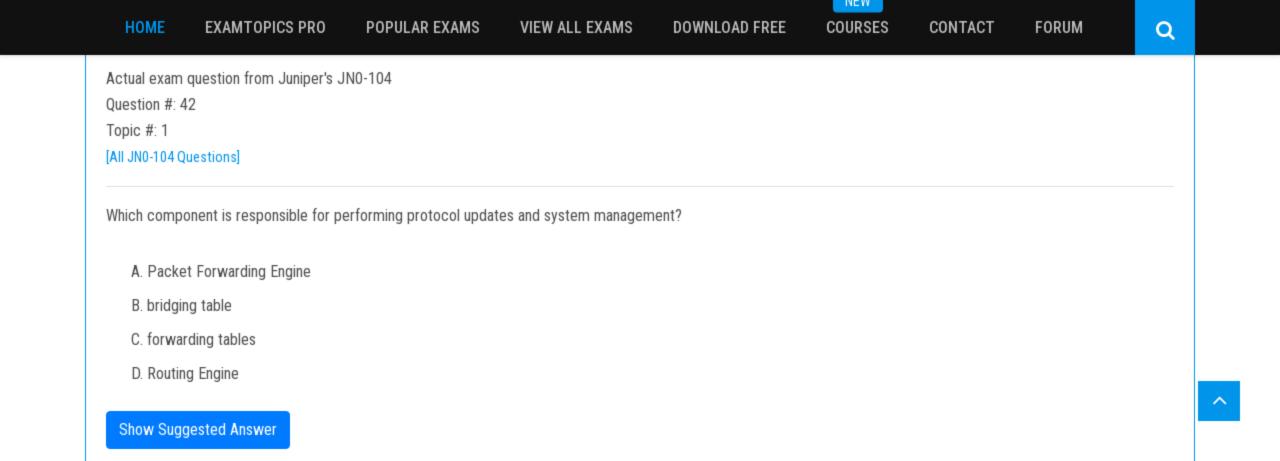
Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
user@router> traceroute 10.1.15.2
traceroute to 10.1.15.2 (10.1.15.2), 30 hops max, 40 byte packets
1 10.1.36.1 (10.1.36.1) 0.651ms 7.882ms 0.568ms
2 10.1.23.1 (10.1.23.1) 0.6ms 0.8ms 0.6ms
3 * * * *
4 * * * *
5 * * * *
```

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is correct?

- A. The packets have exceeded the time-to-live value.
- B. There is a routing loop.
- C. The asterisks indicate a response time out.
- D. The asterisks indicate the trace route Is complete



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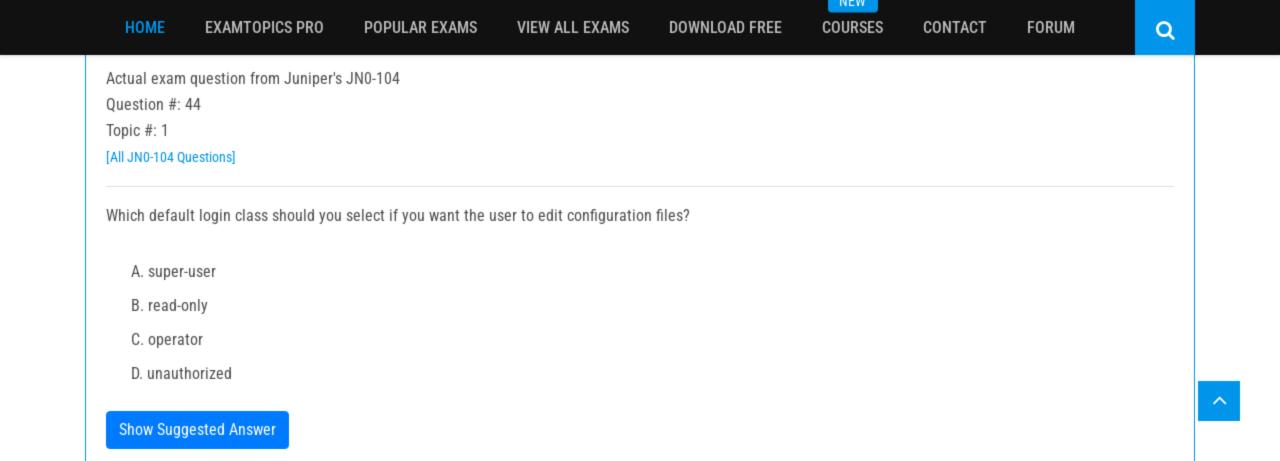
IACAA

```
Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104
Question #: 43
Topic #: 1
[All JN0-104 Questions]
```

```
[edit]
user@router# show policy-options
policy-statement block-routes {
    term 1 {
        from {
            route-filter 10.10.10.0/24 <match type>;
        }
        then reject;
    }
}
```

You are creating a new routing policy on your Junos device. You are currently receiving multiple routes within the 10.10.10.0/24 subnet from the same upstream BGP neighbor. Your policy should only allow the 10.10.10.0/24 route and reject all other routes within that /24 range. Referring to the exhibit, which route filter match type would satisfy this requirement?

- A. orlonger
- B. longer
- C. exact
- D. prefix-length-range /24-/32



NEW

```
Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104
```

Question #: 45

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
[edit]
user@router# edit interfaces
[edit interfaces]
user@router# edit ge-0/0/0 unit 0 family inet
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 unit 0 family inet]
user@router# exit
```

A user has entered the sequence of commands shown in the exhibit. At which level of the configuration hierarchy would the user be after typing the exit command?

- A. [edit]
- B. [edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
- C. [edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 unit 0]
- D. [edit interfaces]

Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104 Question #: 47 Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
[edit interfaces]
user@router# show
et-0/0/34 {
    unit 0 {
        family inet {
            address 10.10.0.1/24;
            address 10.20.0.1/24 {
                preferred;
            address 10.30.0.1/24 {
                primary;
            address 10.40.0.1/24 {
                primary;
```

Referring to the exhibit, what will be the source address for packets egressing et-0/0/34.0?

A. 10.20.0.1

B. 10.30.0.1

C. 10.10.0.1

D. 10.40.0.1

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Question #: 50

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

Interface	Admin	Link	Proto	Local	Remote	
ge-0/0/0	up	up				
ge-0/0/0.0	up	up	inet	172.18.36.1/24		
ge-0/0/1	up	up				
ge-0/0/1.0	up	up	inet6	fd73:5d2a:f03b:15e0::1/64		
				fe80::217:cbff:fe	4e:a281/64	
ge-0/0/2	up	up				
ge-0/0/2.0	down	up	inet	172.19.25.1/28		
ge-0/0/2.1	down	up	inet	10.0.0.10/24		
ge-0/0/2.2	down	up	inet	192.168.1.1/24		

Referring to the exhibit, you are unable to reach devices in the 172.19.25.0/28 subnet. What should you do to solve this problem?

- A. Enable the ge-0/0/2.1 interface.
- B. Enable the ge-0/0/2 interface.
- C. Enable the ge-0/0/2.2 interface.
- D. Enable the ge-0/0/2.0 interface.

IN E W

Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104

Question #: 52

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

Amnesiac (ttyu0)

login:

You are connecting to a new device in your network and are presented with the information and prompt shown in the exhibit. Which three steps must be carried out to edit the configuration on this device? (Choose three.)

- A. Type cli at the % prompt.
- B. Log in using the root user with no password.
- C. Log in using the root user with the root123 password.
- D. Type configure at the > prompt.
- E. Type cli at the > prompt.

Show Suggested Answer

^

```
Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104
Question #: 53
Topic #: 1
[All JN0-104 Questions]
 [edit routing-options]
 user@router# show
 static {
      route 192.168.77.0/24 {
           next-hop 10.10.1.2;
            qualified-next-hop 10.10.11.2 (
                 preference 4;
      route 0.0.0.0/0 next-hop 10.10.20.2;
      route 192.168.77.0/25 next-hop 10.10.0.2;
Referring to the exhibit, if the router forwards traffic destined for 192.168.77.29, which next hop will be used?
  A. 10.10.1.2
```

B. 10.10.20.2

C. 10.10.0.2

D. 10.10.11.2

Q

Q

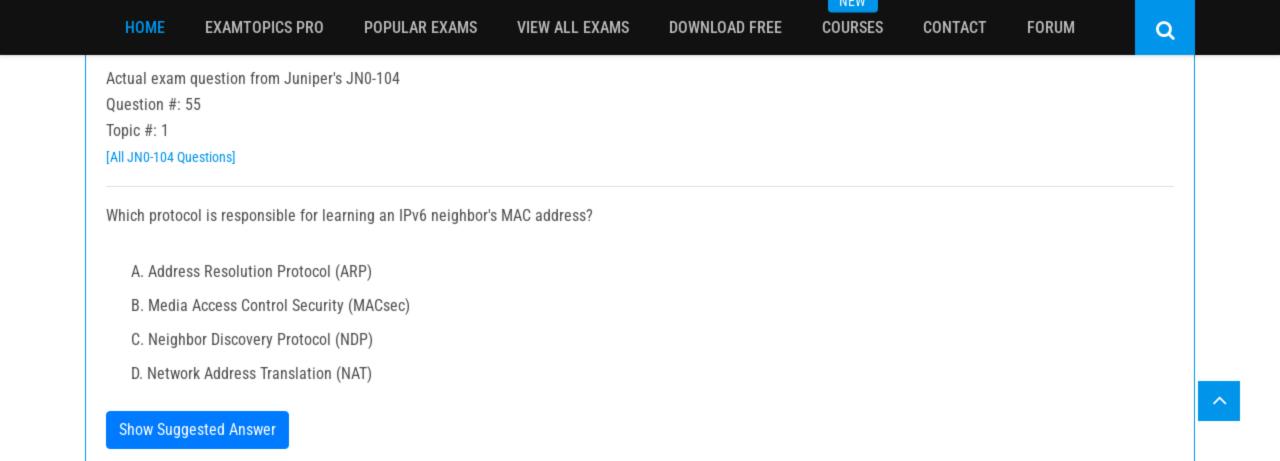
FORUM

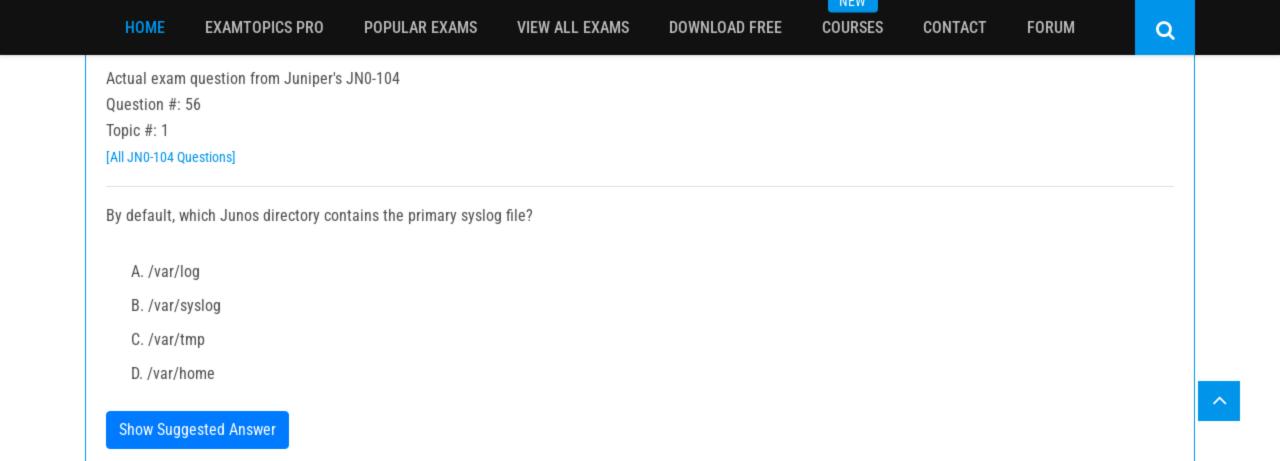
Question #: 54

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
user@router> show system alarms
 1 alarms currently active
 Alarm time Class Description
 2021-08-16 23:45:17 UTC Minor Rescue configuration is not set
Which command will solve the problem shown in the exhibit?
A.
user@router# file copy current /config/rescue.conf
B.
user@router# request system configuration rescue commit
C.
user@router> file copy current /config/rescue.conf
D.
user@router> request system configuration rescue save
```





Question #: 59

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is correct?

- A. Traffic destined to 10.10.102.0/30 will be forwarded to 10.10.4.2.
- B. Traffic destined to 10.10.102.0/30 will be silently dropped.
- C. Traffic destined to 10.10.102.0/30 will be forwarded to 10.10.101.1.
- D. Traffic destined to 10.10.102.0/30 will be load-balanced across both next hops.

Question #: 60

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

```
user@router# show protocols isis | display set
set protocols isis traceoptions file is-is-logs.log
set protocols isis traceoptions flag hello
set protocols isis traceoptions flag packets
set protocols isis traceoptions flag normal
set protocols isis level 1 disable
set protocols isis interface ge-0/0/0.0 point-to-point
```

You are capturing logs to troubleshoot an issue with IS-IS; however, the logs are Increasing In size too guickly. Referring to the exhibit, which configuration statement would solve this problem?

- A. delete protocols isis traceoptions flag normal
- B. set protocols isis traceoptions flag hello detail
- C. delete protocols isis traceoptions file is-is-logs.log
- D. set protocols isis traceoptions file files 10

FORUM

Q

Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104

Question #: 61

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

user@router> restart

unknown command

You are troubleshooting a routing issue on a device running Junos. You receive the error shown in the exhibit when you attempt to restart the routing process. Which statement describes the problem?

- A. You have typed an invalid command.
- B. You do not have permission to restart the routing process.
- C. The routing process can only be restarted from configuration mode.
- D. The routing process must be restarted from the shell.

Show Suggested Answer

```
Actual exam question from Juniper's JN0-104
Question #: 66
Topic #: 1
[All JN0-104 Questions]
```

```
[edit firewall family inet filter input-ff]
user@router# show
term else-accept {
    then {
        count outbound-accepted;
        accept;
term discard-outbound-traffic {
    from {
        source-address {
            0.0.0.0/0;
            172.27.102.0/24 except;
    then {
        log;
        discard;
```

A packet destined to the 172.27.102.65 IP address is received by the ge-0/0/1.0 interface on your Junos device. The input firewall filter shown in the exhibit is applied to the ge-0/0/1.0 interface. Which two actions are performed in this scenario? (Choose two.)

- A. The packet is logged.
- B. The packet is discarded.
- C. The packet is accepted.
- D. The packet is counted.

Question #: 67

Topic #: 1

[All JN0-104 Questions]

Which output displays that the peer has been selected for NTP synchronization?

A.

user@router> show ntp associations

remote	refid	st	t	when	poll	reach	delay	offset	jitter
			==:						
-172.25.11.254	10.210.8.72	3	-	28	256	377	0.682	0.149	0.249

В.

user@router> show ntp associations

remote	refid	st	t	when	poll	reach	delay	offset	jitter
		===	==:						
172.25.11.254	10.210.8.72	3	-	28	256	377	0.682	0.149	0.249

C.

user@router> show ntp associations

remote	refid	st	t	when	poll	reach	delay	offset	jitter
******			-						
*172.25.11.254	10.210.8.72	3	-	28	256	377	0.682	0.149	0.249

D.

```
user@router> show ntp associations
```

remote	refid	st	t	when	poll	reach	delay	offset	jitter
***********			-						
x172.25.11.254	10.210.8.72	3	-	28	256	377	0.682	0.149	0.2491