

Question #: 4

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

A company has implemented 802.1X authentication on AOS-CX access switches, where two ClearPass servers are used to implement AAA. Each switch has the two servers defined. A network engineer notices the following command configured on the AOS-CX switches: radius-server tracking user-name monitor password plaintext aruba123

What is the purpose of this configuration?

- A. Implement replay protection for AAA messages
- B. Define the account to implement downloadable user roles
- C. Speed up the AAA authentication process
- D. Define the account to implement change of authorization

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Question #: 5

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

A company has an existing wireless solution involving Aruba APs and Mobility controllers running 8.4 code. The solution leverages a third-party AAA solution. The company is replacing existing access switches with AOS-CX 6300 and 6400 switches. The company wants to leverage the same security and firewall policies for both wired and wireless traffic.

Which solution should the company implement?

- A. RADIUS dynamic authorization
- B. Downloadable user roles
- C. IPSec
- D. User-based tunneling

Question #: 6

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

A network engineer is having a problem adding a custom-written script to an AOS-CX switch's NAE GUI. The script was written in Python and was successfully added on other AOS-CX switches. The engineer examines the following items from the CLI of the switch:

switch# show capacities-status nae

System Capacities Status: Filter NAE

Capacity Status Name	Value	Maximum
Number of configured NAE agents currently active in the system	1	100
Number of configured NAE monitors currently active in the system	7	500
Number of configured NAE scripts currently active in the system	50	50

switch# show ntp status NTP Status Information

NTP: Disabled

NTP Authentication : Disabled

NTP Server Connections : Using the default VRF

System time: Sat May 2 11:50:55 UTC 2020

NTP uptime: 0 minutes, 0 seconds

Not synchronized with an NTP server.

switch# show crypto pki certificate

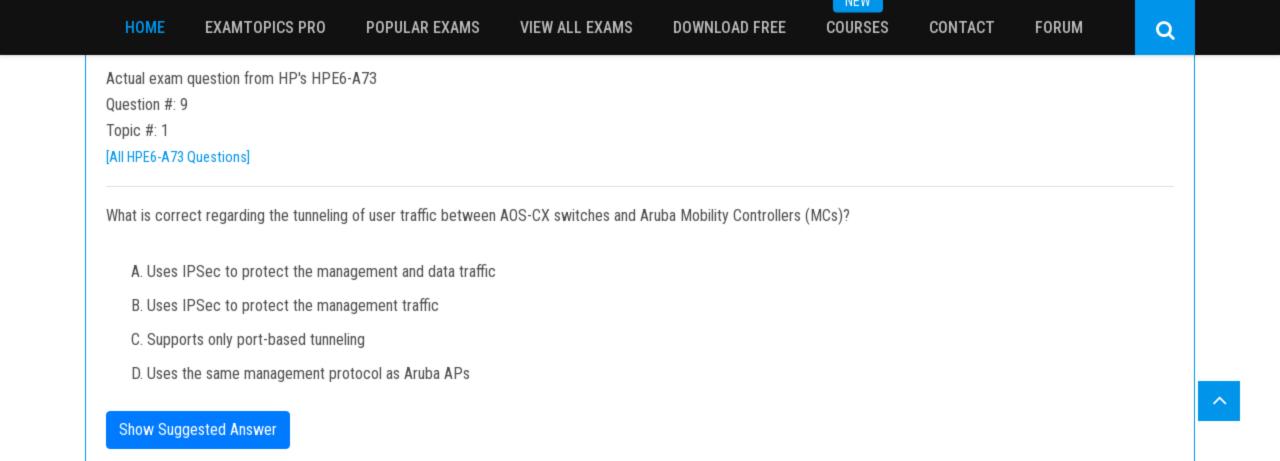
Certificate Name	Cert Status	Associated Applications
local-cert syslog-client	installed	captive-portal, hsc, https-server,

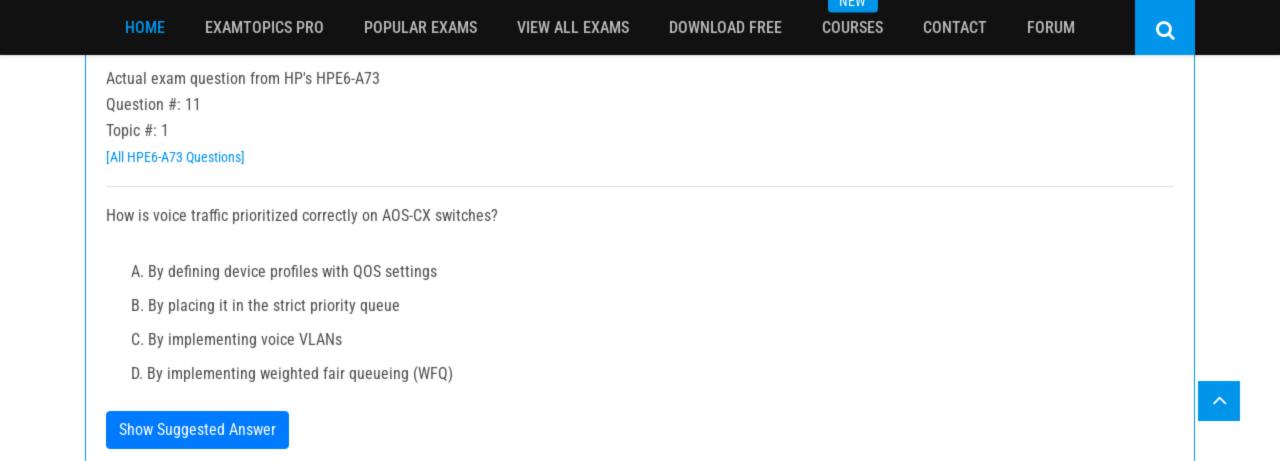
switch# show crypto pki application

Associated Applications	Certificate Name	Cert Status
captive-portal		not configured, using local-cert
hsc		not configured, using local-cert
https-server		not configured, using local-cert
syslog-client		not configured, using local-cert

What should the engineer perform to fix this issue?

- A. Install the script's signature before installing the new script
- B. Ensure the engineer's desktop and the AOS-CX switch are synchronized to the same NTP server
- C. Enable trust settings for the AOS-CX switch's SSL certificate
- D. Remove a script that is no longer used before installing the new script





Question #: 12

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

An administrator is replacing the current access switches with AOS-CX switches. The access layer switches must authenticate user and networking devices connecting to them. Some devices support no form of authentication, and some support 802.1X. Some ports have a VoIP phone and a PC connected to the same port, where the PC is connected to the data port of the phone and the phone's LAN port is connected to the switch.

Which statement is correct about this situation?

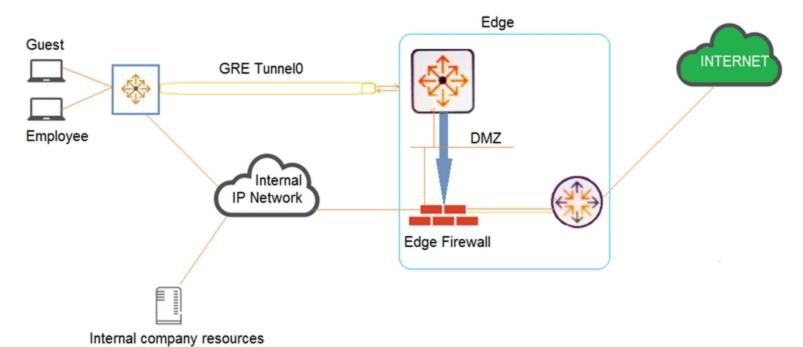
- A. 802.1X must be configured to work in fallback mode
- B. Device fingerprinting is required for authentication
- C. The client-limit setting for port access needs to be changed
- D. Device mode should be implemented

Question #: 13

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the network exhibit.



A company has a guest implementation for wireless and wired access. Wireless access is implemented through a third-party vendor. The company is concerned about wired guest traffic traversing the same network as the employee traffic. The network administrator has established a GRE tunnel between AOS-CX switches where guests are connected to a routing switch in the DMZ.

Which feature should the administrator implement to ensure that the guest traffic is tunneled to the DMZ while the employee traffic is forwarded using OSPF?

- A. OSPF route maps using the x€set metricx€ command
- B. Policy-based routing (PBR)
- C. User-based tunneling (UBT)
- D. Classifier policies

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Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 14

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

An administrator has an AOS-CX switch configured with:

router ospf 1

area 0

area 1 stub no-summary

It is the only ABR for area 1. The switch has the appropriate adjacencies to routing switches in areas 0 and 1. The current routes in each area are:

Area 0: 5 routes (LSA Type 1 and 2)

Area 1: 10 routes (LSA Type 1 and 2)

External routes: 2 (LSA Type 5)

Based on the above configuration, how many OSPF routes will routing switches see in Area 1?

- A. 15
- B. 6
- C. 11
- D. 12

Question #: 15 Topic #: 1

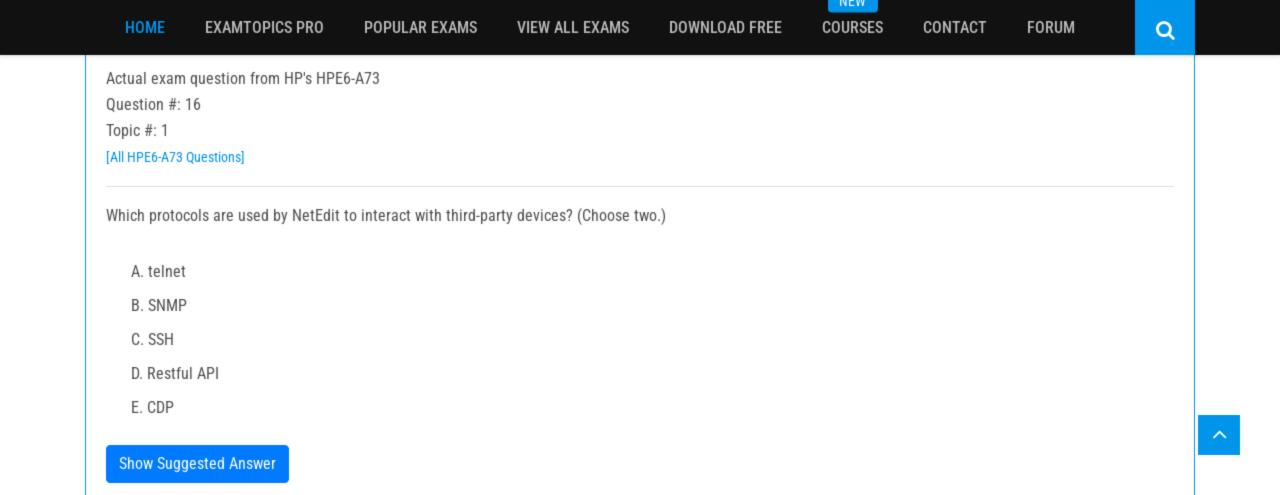
[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

A network administrator is managing a network that deploys a multicast service. The administrator has multiple streams successfully being routed by PIM-DM in the network. The administrator then adds a new stream with a destination address of 239.0.0.1. However, clients who have not joined the stream are receiving it. What should the administrator do to fix this problem?

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- A. Verify that IGMP is enabled between the switches connecting the multicast source and receivers
- B. Change the destination multicast address to 239.1.1.1
- C. Define the 239.0.0.1 stream on the rendezvous point (RP)
- D. Define the 239.0.0.1 stream on the PIM candidate bootstrap router



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Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 18

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

A network administrator is attempting to troubleshoot a connectivity issue between a group of users and a particular server. The administrator needs to examine the packets over a period of time from their desktop; however, the administrator is not directly connected to the AOS-CX switch involved with the traffic flow.

What is correct regarding the ERSPAN session that needs to be established on an AOS-CX switch? (Choose two.)

- A. On the source AOS-CX switch, the destination specified is the switch to which the administrator's desktop is connected
- B. On the source AOS-CX switch, the destination specified is the administrator's desktop
- C. The encapsulation protocol used is GRE
- D. The encapsulation protocol used is VXLAN
- E. The encapsulation protocol is UDP

Question #: 19

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

What is correct regarding the operation of VSX and multicasting with PIM-SM routing configured?

- A. Each VSX peers runs PIM and builds its own group database. One of the VSX peers is elected as the designated router (DR) to forward multicast streams to a receiver VLAN
- B. Each VSX peers runs PIM and creates a shared group database. Both VSX peers can forward multicast streams to receivers in a VLAN, achieving load sharing
- C. Each VSX peers runs PIM and builds its own group database. Both VSX peers can forward multicast streams to receivers in a VLAN, achieving load sharing
- D. Each VSX peers runs PIM and creates a shared group database. One of the VSX peers is elected as the designated router (DR) to forward multicast streams to a receiver VLAN

Question #: 21

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the AOS-CS switch output:

Switch# show aaa authentication port-access interface 1/1/1 client-status

Port Access Client Status Details

Client 00:50:56:b1:7a:37, icx-employee

Session Details

Port : 1/1/3 Session Time : 31273s

Authentication Details

Status : dot1x Authenticated

Auth Precedence : dot1x - Authenticated, mac-auth - Not attempted

Authorization Details

Role : aruba contractor-3044-7

Status : Applied

Based on this output, what is correct?

- A. 802.1X authentication was successful, but MAC authentication is yet to start
- B. 802.1X authentication occurred and downloadable user roles are deployed
- C. A local user role was deployed using a ClearPass solution
- D. Only 802.1X authentication is configured on the port

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[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

An administrator in a company of 349 users has a pair of AOS-CX switches with connections to external networks. Both switches are configured for OSPF. The administrator wants to import external routes on both switches, but assigns different seed metrics to the routes, as well as imports them as external type-1 routes. What is the best way for the administrator to accomplish this?

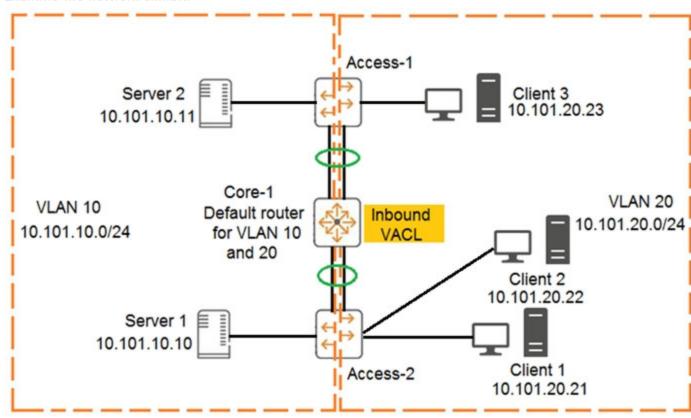
- A. Create a route map with the correct route type and metrics
- B. Define the route type and metrics in the OSPF process
- C. Create a classifier policy with the correct route type and metrics
- D. Define a class and policy map with the correct route type and metrics

Question #: 25

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the network exhibit:



The ACL configuration defined on Core-1 is as follows:

Core-1(config)# access-list ip example

Core-1(config-acl-ip)# permit ip 10.101.20.21/32 any eq 23

Core-1(config-acl-ip)# permit ip 10.101.20.21/32 eq 23 any

Core-1(config-acl-ip)# exit

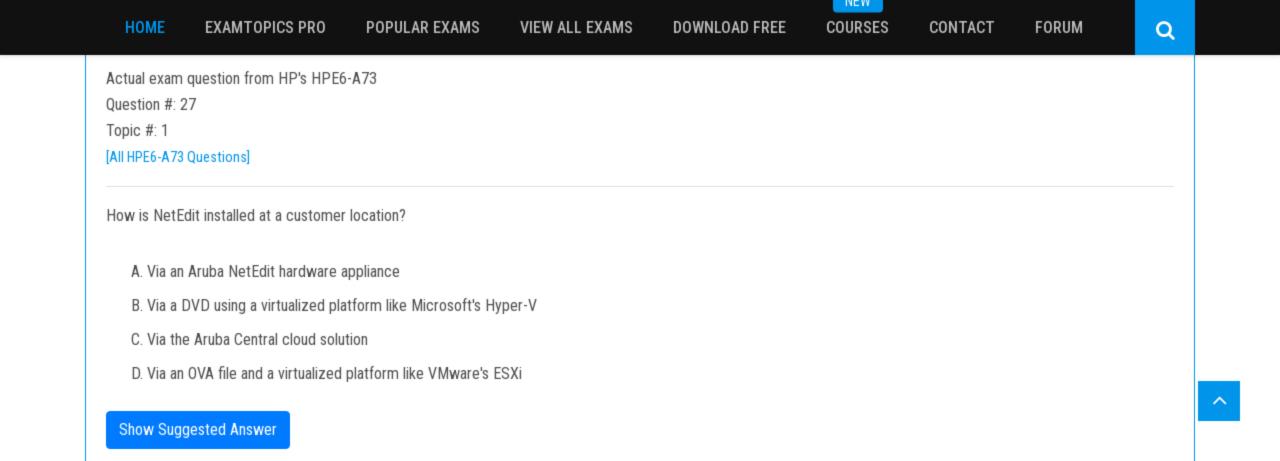
Core-1(config)# vlan 20

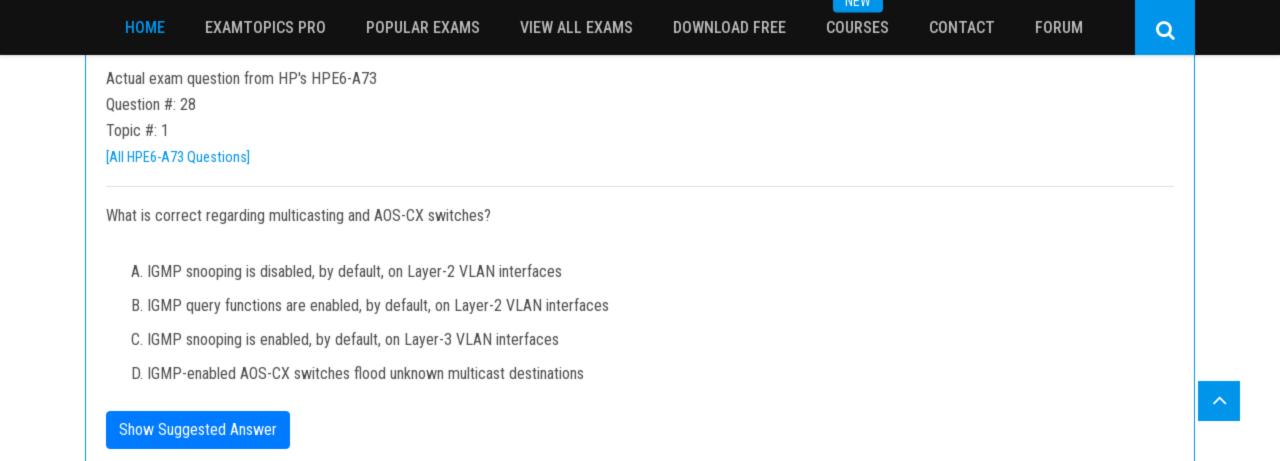
Core-1(config-if)# apply access-list example in

If telnet was being used, which device connection would be permitted and functional in both directions? (Choose two.)

- A. Client 3 to Client 2
- B. Client 1 to Client 2
- C. Server 2 to Client 2
- D. Server 1 to Client 1
- E. Client 1 to Client 3

- B. Implement bidirectional forwarding detection (BFD)
- C. Reduce the hello and dead interval timers
- D. Implement graceful restart





Question #: 29

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

A company has recently upgraded their campus switching infrastructure with AOS-CX switches. They have implemented 802.1X authentication on access ports where laptop and IOT devices typically connect. An administrator has noticed that for POE devices, the AOS-CX switch ports are delivering the maximum wattage to the port instead of what the device actually needs. Upon connecting the IoT devices, the devices request the maximum wattage through information exchange.

Concerned about this waste of electricity, what should the administrator implement to solve this problem?

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- A. Implement a classifier policy with the correct power definitions
- B. Create device profiles with the correct power definitions
- C. Enable AAA authentication to exempt LLDP and/or CDP information
- D. Globally enable the QoS trust setting for LLDP and/or CDP

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Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 31

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the output from an AOS-CX switch implementing a dynamic segmentation solution involving downloadable user roles:

Switch# show port-access role clearpass

Role information:

Name: icxarubadur_employee-3044-2

Type: clearpass -

Status: failed, parsing_failed -

Reauthentication Period:

Authentication Mode:

Session Timeout:

The downloadable user roles are not being downloaded to the AOS-CX switch. Based on the above output, what is the problem?

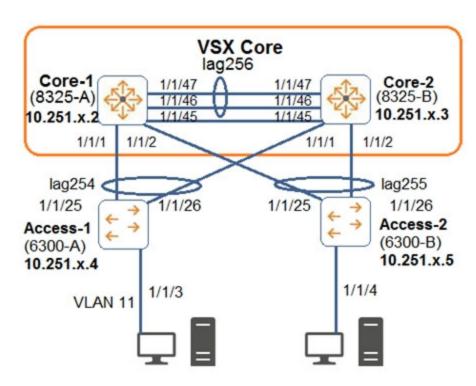
- A. The certificate that ClearPass uses in invalid
- B. The AOS-CX switch does not have the ClearPass certificate involved
- C. DNS fails to resolve the ClearPass server's FQDN
- D. There is a date/time issue between the ClearPass server and the switch

Question #: 32

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the attached diagram.



The two PCs are located in VLAN 11 (10.1.11.0/24). Which example defines how to implement active gateway on the VSX core for VLAN 11?

- A. interface vlan 11 active-gateway ip 10.1.11.1 active-gateway mac 02:02:00:00:01:00
- B. interface lag 254 active-gateway vlan 11 ip 10.1.11.1 active-gateway vlan 11 mac 02:02:00:00:01:00
- C. interface lag 254 active-gateway ip 10.1.11.1 active-gateway mac 02:02:00:00:01:00
- D. vsx vrrp group 1

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Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 33

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

An administrator has configured the following on an AOS-CX switch:

```
object-group ip address web-servers
```

10.1.12.2

10.1.12.3

exit

object-group port web-ports

eq 80

eq 443

What is the correct ACL rule configuration that would allow traffic from anywhere to reach the web ports on the two specified servers?

- A. access-list ip server 10 permit tcp any web-servers group web-ports
- B. access-list ip server 10 permit tcp any object-group web-servers object-group web-ports
- C. access-list ip server 10 permit tcp any group web-servers group web-ports
- D. access-list ip server 10 permit tcp any web-servers web-ports

- A. Change the VoIP phone SNMP community string to something unknown by NetEdit
- B. Disable LLDP globally on the AOS-CX switches where phones are connected
- C. Disable SSH access on all the VoIP phones
- D. Disable the RESTful API on all the VoIP phones

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Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 36

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the following AOS-CX configuration:

Switch(config)# class ip IoT-traffic

Switch(config-class-ip)# match ip 192.168.0.0/16 any

Switch(config-class-ip)# exit

Switch(config)# pbr-action-list reroute

Switch(config-prb-action-list)# default-nexthop 10.100.1.2

Switch(config-prb-action-list)# exit

Switch(config)# policy IoT-policy

Switch(config-policy)# class ip IoT-traffic action pbr reroute

Switch(config-policy)# exit

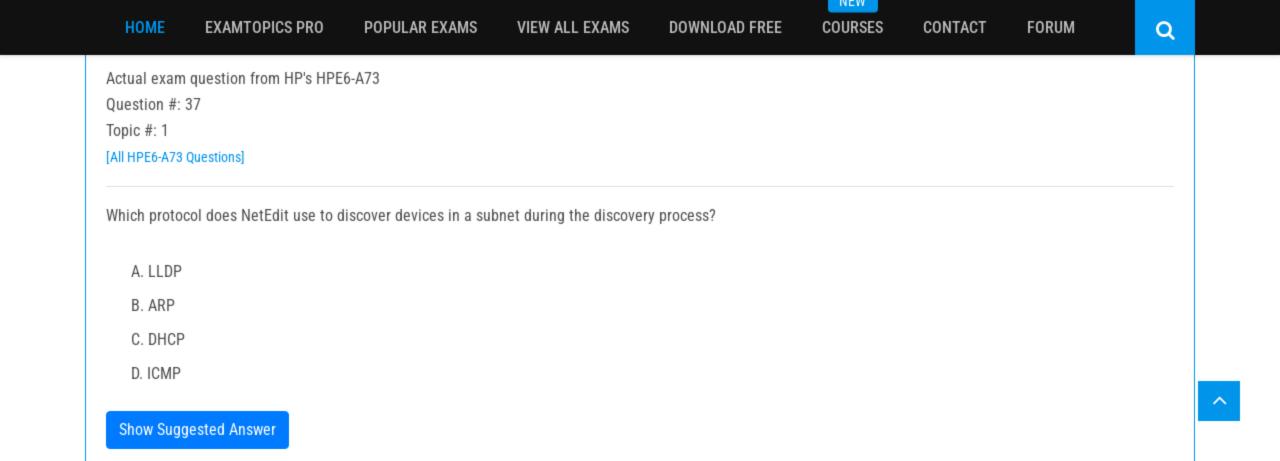
Switch(config)# interface vlan 999

Switch(config-if)# apply policy IoT-policy routed-in

Switch(config-if)# exit

Based on this configuration, which statement is correct regarding IoT traffic?

- A. If 10.100.1.2 is not reachable, the IoT traffic will be automatically dropped by the switch
- B. If a specific route is not available in the routing table, the traffic will be routed to 10.100.1.2
- C. The next hop of 10.100.1.2 can be one or more hops away from the AOS-CX switch
- D. All routes are ignored in the routing table for IoT traffic, which is routed to 10.100.1.2



Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 38

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the following AOS-CX switch configuration:

Access(config)# access-list ip ext

Access(config-acl-ip)# permit ip any 10.0.11.0/255.0.255.0 count

Access(config-acl-ip)# permit ip any 10.0.12.0/255.0.255.0 log

Access(config-acl-ip)# exit

Access(config)# interface 1/1/3

Access(config-if)# apply access-list ip ext in

Access(config-if)# exit

Which statement correctly describes what is allowed for traffic entering interface 1/1/3?

- A. IP traffic from 10.1.11.0/24 is allowed to access 10.1.110.0/24
- B. IP traffic from 10.0.11.0/24 is allowed to access 10.1.12.0/24
- C. Traffic from 10.0.12.0/24 will generate a log record when accessing 10.0.11.0/24
- D. IP traffic from 10.1.12.0/24 is allowed to access 172.0.1.0/23

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Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 40

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

An administrator is defining a VSX LAG on a pair of AOS-CX switches that are defined as primary and secondary. The VSX LAG fails to establish successfully with a remote switch; however, after verification, the remote switch is configured correctly. The administrator narrows down the problem to the configuration on the AOS-CX switches.

What would cause this problem?

- A. Local optimization was not enabled on the VSX LAG
- B. The VSX LAG hash does not match the remote peer
- C. The VSX LAG interfaces are in layer-3 mode
- D. LACP was enabled in active mode on the VSX LAG

Show Suggested Answer

Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 41

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the configuration performed on newly deployed AOS-CX switches:

Switch(config)# radius-server host cppm key plaintext aruba123 vrf mgmt

Switch(config)# aaa authentication port-access dot1x authenticator radius server-group cppm

Switch(config)# aaa authentication port-access dot1x authenticator enable

Switch(config)# interface 1/1/1 - 1/1/48

Switch(config-if)# aaa authentication port-access dot1x authenticator

Switch(config-if-dot1x-auth)# enable

Switch(config-if-dot1x-auth)# exit

Switch(config-if)# exit

After performing this configuration, the administrator notices that the switch ports always remain in the EAP-start state. What should the administrator do to fix this problem?

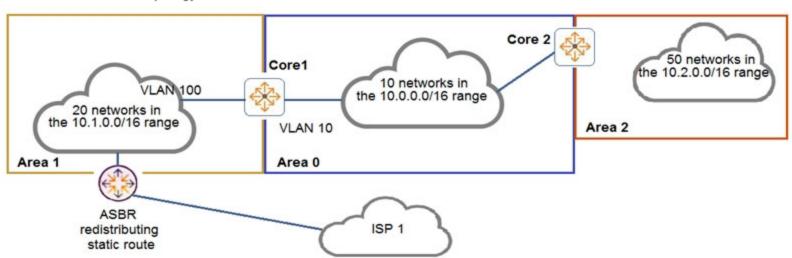
- A. Define the server group cppm
- B. Set the ports to client-mode
- C. Create and assign a local user role to the ports
- D. Enable change of authorization (CoA)

Question #: 44

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the network topology.



The network is configured for OSPF with the following attributes:

- ⇒ Core1 and Core2 and ABRs
- Area 1 has 20 networks in the 10.1.0.0/16 range
- Area 0 has 10 networks in the 10.0.0.0/16 range
- Area 2 has 50 networks in the 10.2.0.0/16 range
- → The ASBR is importing a static route into Area 1
- Core2 has a summary for Area 2: area 0.0.0.2 range 10.2.0.0/16 type inter-area

Here is the OSPF configuration performed on Core1:

Core1(config)# router ospf 1

Core1(config-router)# router-id 10.0.0.1

Core1(config-router)# passive-interface default

Core1(config-router)# area 0.0.0.0

Core1(config-router)# area 0.0.0.1 stub

Core1(config-router)# area 0.0.0.1 range 10.1.0.0/16 type inter-area

Core1(config-router)# area 0.0.0.2

Core1(config-router)# area 0.0.0.0 range 10.0.0.0/16 type inter-area

Core1(config-router)# exit

Core1(config)# interface vlan 10

Core1(config-if)# ip address 10.0.1.1/24

Core1(config-if)# ip ospf 1 area 0

Core1(config-if)# exit

Core1(config)# interface vlan 100

Core1(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.1/24

Core1(config-if)# ip ospf 1 area 1

Core1(config-if)# exit

Based on the above information, what is correct?

- A. Area 0 has 13 routes
- B. Core1 has no OSPF routes
- C. Core1 has received one LSA Type 5 from the ASBR
- D. Area 1 has 23 routes

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Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 48

Topic #: 1

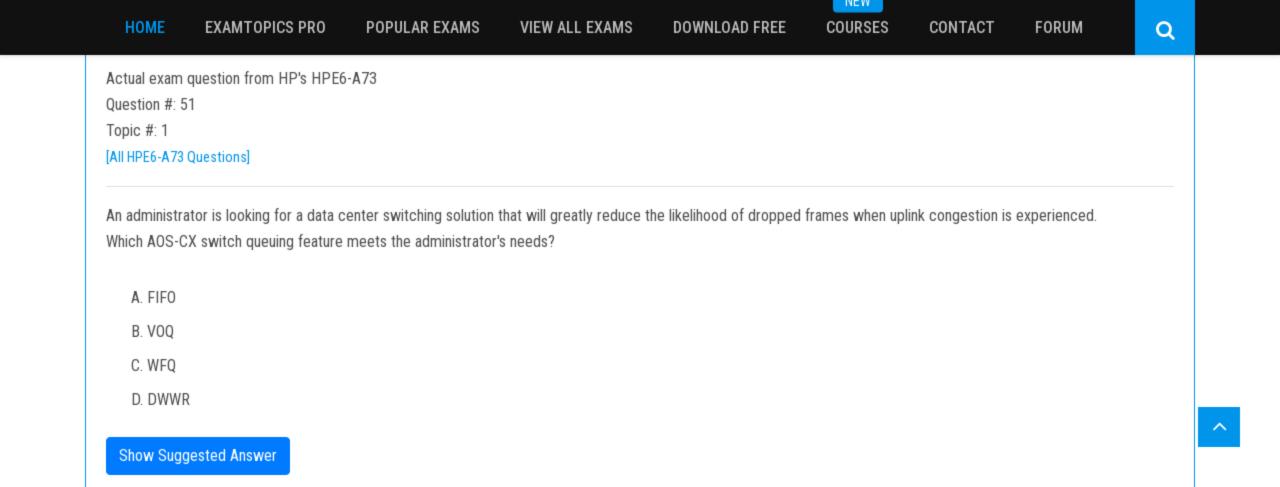
[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

An administrator is managing a pair of core AOS-CX switches configured for VSX. Connected to this core are pairs of aggregation layer AOS-CX switches configured for VSX. OSPF is running between the aggregation and core layers. To speed up OSPF convergence, the administrator has configured BFD between the core and aggregation switches.

What is a best practice the administrator should implement to reduce CPU processing on the switches if a BFD neighbor fails?

- A. Disable ICMP redirects
- B. Implement graceful restart
- C. Increase the BFD echo timers
- D. Increase the VSX keepalive timer

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Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 52

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

An AOS-CX switch is configured to implement downloadable user roles. Examine the AOS-CX switch output:

Access1(config)# show aaa authentication port-access interface all client-status

Port Access Client Status Details

Client 00:50:56:b1:7a:37

Session Details

Port: 1/1/3

Session Time: 1887s

Authentication Details

Status: mac-auth Authenticated

Auth Precedence: dot1x - Not attempted, mac-auth - Authenticated

Authorization Details

Role:

Status: Not ready

Based on this output, what is the state of the user's access?

- A. No downloadable user role exists
- B. MAC authentication has passed, but 802.1X authentication is in progress
- C. The RADIUS request timed out to the AAA server
- D. The port should be configured for 802.1X

Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 53

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the commands entered on an AOS-CX switch:

```
switch(config)# pbr-action-list test1
switch(config-pbr-action-list-test1)# nexthop 1.1.1.1
switch(config-pbr-action-list-test1)# nexthop 2.2.2.2
switch(config-pbr-action-list-test1)# default-nexthop 9.9.9.9
switch(config-pbr-action-list-test1)# interface null
switch(config-pbr-action-list-test1)# exit
switch(config)# interface vlan 100
switch(config-if)# apply policy test1 routed-in
```

What is true regarding this configuration for traffic received on interface 100?

- A. The default next-hop address supersedes the two preceding next-hop addresses
- B. The traffic is always dropped is the next-hop addresses are unreachable
- C. The traffic will be routed with the IP routing table entries if the next-hop addresses are unreachable
- D. The next-hop address of 1.1.1.1 is overwritten by the next-hop address of 2.2.2.2

Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 54

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the following ACL rule policies:

- Permit traffic from 10.2.2.1 through 10.2.2.30 to anywhere
- Permit traffic from 10.2.2.40 through 10.2.2.55 to anywhere
- Deny all others

Based on this policy, place the following ACL rule statements in the correct order to accomplish the above filtering policy.

A. deny ip 10.2.2.31 255.255.255.255 any permit ip 10.2.2.40 255.255.255.248 any permit ip 10.2.2.48 255.255.255.248 any deny ip 10.2.2.32 255.255.255.252 any permit ip 10.2.2.0 255.255.255.255.192 any

B. permit ip 10.2.2.40 255.255.255.248 any permit ip 10.2.2.48 255.255.255.248 any permit ip 10.2.2.0 255.255.255.192 any deny ip 10.2.2.31 255.255.255.255 any deny ip 10.2.2.32 255.255.255.224 any

C. deny ip 10.2.2.31 255.255.255.255 any deny ip 10.2.2.32 255.255.255.224 any permit ip 10.2.2.40 255.255.255.248 any permit ip 10.2.2.48 255.255.255.248 any permit ip 10.2.2.0 255.255.255.192 any

D. deny ip 10.2.2.31 255.255.255.255 any permit ip 10.2.2.40 255.255.255.248 any deny ip 10.2.2.32 255.255.255.224 any permit ip 10.2.2.48 255.255.255.248 any permit ip 10.2.2.0 255.255.255.192 any

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Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 55

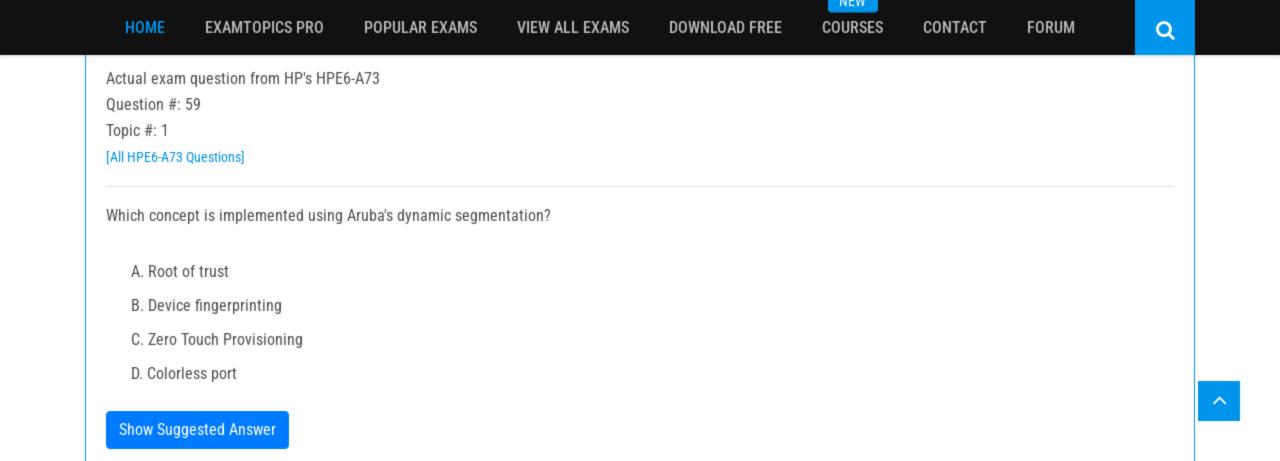
Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

A company has a third-party AAA server solution. The campus access layer was just upgraded to AOS-CX switches that perform access control with MAC-Auth and 802.1X. The company has an Aruba Mobility Controller (MC) solution for wireless, and they want to leverage the firewall policies on the controllers for the wired traffic. What is correct about how the company should implement a security solution where the wired traffic is processed by the MCs?

- A. Implement downloadable user roles with a gateway role defined on the AOS-CX switches
- B. Implement local user roles with a gateway role defined on the AOS-CX switches
- C. Implement standards-based RADIUS VSAs to pass policy information directly to the AOS-CX switches and MCs
- D. Implement downloadable user roles with a device role defined on the AOS-CX switches and MCs

Show Suggested Answer



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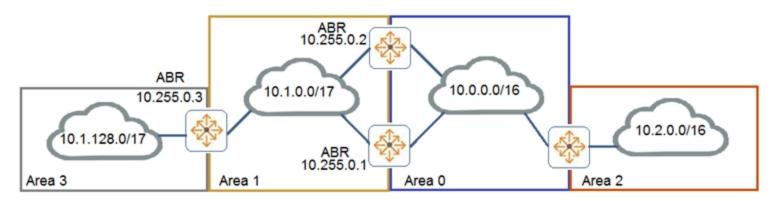
Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 60

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the attached exhibit.



The network administrators is trying to add a remote location as area 3 to the network shown in the diagram. Based on current connection restrictions, the administrator cannot connect area 3 directly to area 0. The network is using AOS-CX switches.

Which feature should the administrator implement to provide connectivity to the remote location?

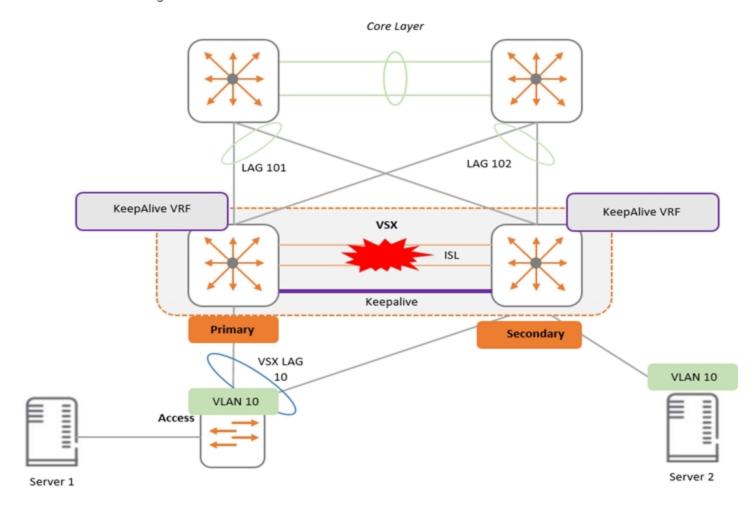
- A. Not-so-stubby areas
- B. Bidirectional forward detection (BFD)
- C. OSPFv3
- D. Virtual links

Question #: 61

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

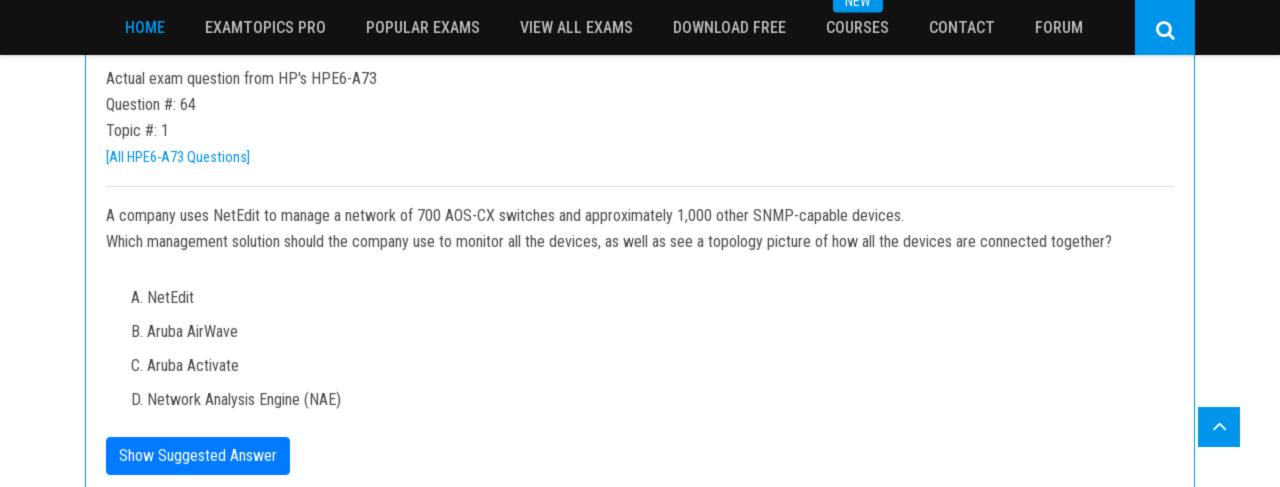
Examine the attached diagram -



Two AOS-CX switches are configured for VSX at the access layer, where servers attached to them. An SVI interface is configured for VLAN 10 and serves as the default gateway for VLAN 10. The ISL link between the switches fails, but the keepalive interface functions. Active gateway has been configured on the switches.

What is correct about access from the servers to the Core?

- A. Server 2 can successfully access the core layer via the keepalive link.
- B. Server 1 and Server 2 can communicate with each other via the core layer.
- C. Server 2 cannot access the core layer.
- D. Server 1 can access the core layer via both uplinks.



Question #: 65

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

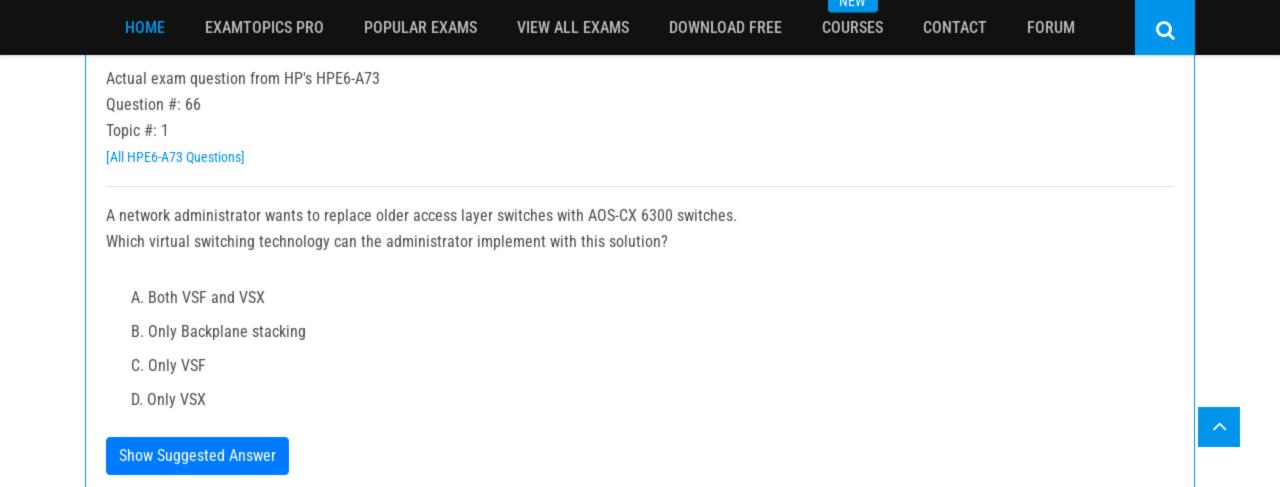
An administrator is managing a network comprised of AOS-CX switches deployed at the aggregation layer. The switches are paired in a VSX stack and run the OSPF routing protocol. The administrator is concerned about how long it takes for OSPF to converge when one of the VSX switches has to reboot.

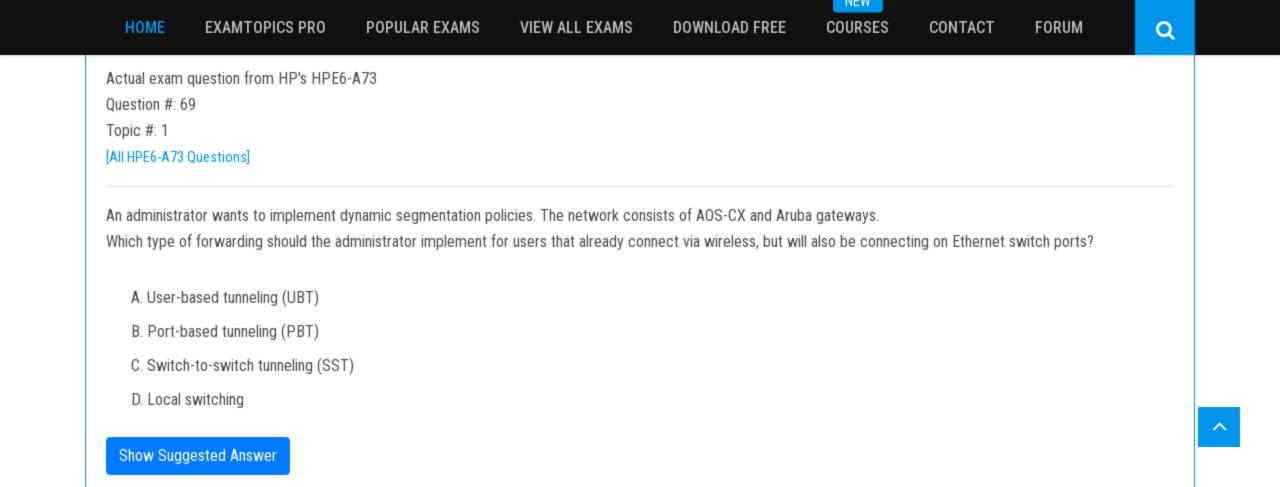
What should the administrator to do speed up the OSPF convergence of the switch that is rebooting?

- A. Change the VSX ISL link from an OSPF broadcast link point-to-point.
- B. Implement graceful restart on the VSX switches and their neighboring OSPF switches.
- C. Decrease the VSX initial synchronization timer on the two VSX switches.
- D. Define non-backbone areas on the VSX switches as totally stubby areas.

Show Suggested Answer

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Actual exam question from HP's HPE6-A73

Question #: 70

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

Examine the partial output of the BGP routing table of an AOS-CX switch:

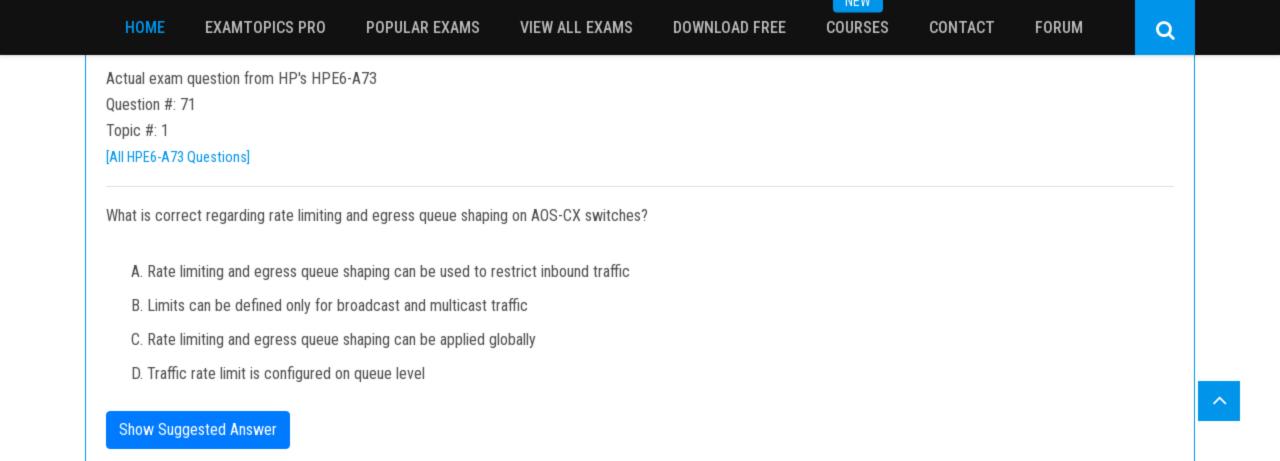
Switch# show bgp

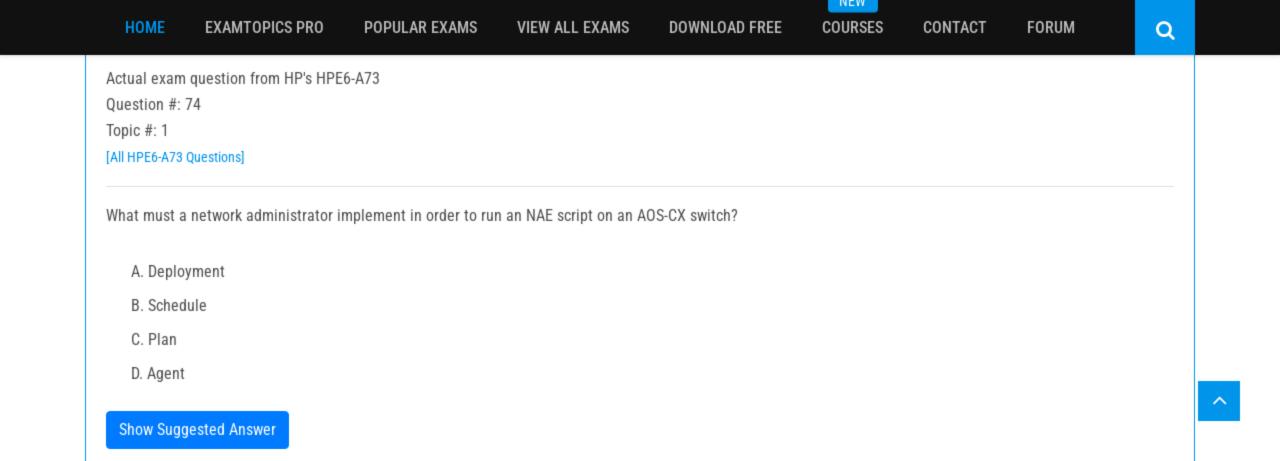
<-output omitted->

Network	Nexthop	Metric	LocPrf	Weight	Path
* e 1.0.0.0/8	192.168.1.5	0	100	0	100 ?
* e 1.0.0.0/8			100	0	200 100 i
* e 1.0.0.0/8	192.168.3.5	0	200	20	300 400 100 ?
* e 1.0.0.0/8	192.168.4.5	0	50	0	400 200 100 i

The switch is learning about four possible path to reach the 1.0.0.0/8 network. Based on this output, which next-hop route will the AOS-CX select to be placed in the IP routing table?

- A. 192.168.1.5
- B. 192.168.2.5
- C. 192.168.3.5
- D. 192.168.4.5





Question #: 76

Topic #: 1

[All HPE6-A73 Questions]

An administrator is supporting a network with the access layer consisting of AOS-CX 6300 and 6400 switches. The administrator needs to quickly deploy Aruba IAPs and security cameras in the network, ensuring that the correct QoS and VLAN settings are dynamically applied to the switch ports. Currently, switches are not configured to do device authentication, and no authentication server exists in the network.

Which AOS-CX feature should the administrator use to dynamically assign the policy settings to the correct switch ports?

- A. Device profiles
- B. Change of authorization
- C. Dynamic segmentation
- D. Voice VLANs

Show Suggested Answer

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