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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 1

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

Case study -

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Overview -

Contoso, Ltd. is a US-based health supplements company. Contoso has two divisions named Sales and Research. The Sales division contains two departments named Online Sales and Retail Sales. The Research division assigns internally developed product lines to individual teams of researchers and analysts.

Existing Environment -

Identity Environment -

Contoso has a Microsoft Entra tenant named contoso.com. The tenant contains two groups named ResearchReviewersGroup1 and ResearchReviewersGroup2.

Data Environment -

Contoso has the following data environment:

The Sales division uses a Microsoft Power BI Premium capacity.

The semantic model of the Online Sales department includes a fact table named Orders that uses Import made. In the system of origin, the OrderID value represents the sequence in which orders are created.

The Research department uses an on-premises, third-party data warehousing product.

Fabric is enabled for contoso.com.

An Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 storage account named storage1 contains Research division data for a product line named Productline1. The data is in the delta format.

A Data Lake Storage Gen2 storage account named storage2 contains Research division data for a product line named Productline2. The data is in the CSV format.

Requirements -

Planned Changes -

Contoso plans to make the following changes:

Enable support for Fabric in the Power BI Premium capacity used by the Sales division.

Make all the data for the Sales division and the Research division available in Fabric.

For the Research division, create two Fabric workspaces named Productline1ws and Productine2ws.

In Productline1ws, create a lakehouse named Lakehouse1.

In Lakehouse1, create a shortcut to storage1 named ResearchProduct.

Data Analytics Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following data analytics requirements:

All the workspaces for the Sales division and the Research division must support all Fabric experiences.

The Research division workspaces must use a dedicated, on-demand capacity that has per-minute billing.

The Research division workspaces must be grouped together logically to support OneLake data hub filtering based on the department name.

For the Research division workspaces, the members of ResearchReviewersGroup1 must be able to read lakehouse and warehouse data and shortcuts by using SQL endpoints.

For the Research division workspaces, the members of ResearchReviewersGroup2 must be able to read lakehouse data by using Lakehouse explorer.

All the semantic models and reports for the Research division must use version control that supports branching.

Data Preparation Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following data preparation requirements:

The Research division data for Productline1 must be retrieved from Lakehouse1 by using Fabric notebooks.

All the Research division data in the lakehouses must be presented as managed tables in Lakehouse explorer.

Semantic Model Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following requirements for implementing and managing semantic models:

The number of rows added to the Orders table during refreshes must be minimized.

The semantic models in the Research division workspaces must use Direct Lake mode.

General Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following high-level requirements that must be considered for all solutions:

Follow the principle of least privilege when applicable.

Minimize implementation and maintenance effort when possible.

You need to ensure that Contoso can use version control to meet the data analytics requirements and the general requirements.

What should you do?

Show Suggested Answer

- A. Store at the semantic models and reports in Data Lake Gen2 storage.
- B. Modify the settings of the Research workspaces to use a GitHub repository.
- C. Modify the settings of the Research division workspaces to use an Azure Repos repository.
- D. Store all the semantic models and reports in Microsoft OneDrive.

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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 2

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

Case study -

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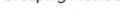
Minimize implementation and maintenance effort when possible.

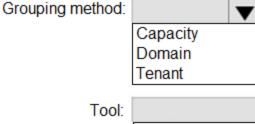
You need to recommend a solution to group the Research division workspaces.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area





OneLake data hub The Fabric Admin portal The Microsoft Entra admin center

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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 3

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

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Requirements -

Planned Changes -

Contoso plans to make the following changes:

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Make all the data for the Sales division and the Research division available in Fabric.

For the Research division, create two Fabric workspaces named Productline1ws and Productine2ws.

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Contoso identifies the following data analytics requirements:

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The Research division workspaces must be grouped together logically to support OneLake data hub filtering based on the department name.

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For the Research division workspaces, the members of ResearchReviewersGroup2 must be able to read lakehouse data by using Lakehouse explorer.

All the semantic models and reports for the Research division must use version control that supports branching.

Data Preparation Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following data preparation requirements:

The Research division data for Productline1 must be retrieved from Lakehouse1 by using Fabric notebooks.

All the Research division data in the lakehouses must be presented as managed tables in Lakehouse explorer.

Semantic Model Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following requirements for implementing and managing semantic models:

The number of rows added to the Orders table during refreshes must be minimized.

The semantic models in the Research division workspaces must use Direct Lake mode.

General Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following high-level requirements that must be considered for all solutions:

Follow the principle of least privilege when applicable.

Minimize implementation and maintenance effort when possible.

You need to refresh the Orders table of the Online Sales department. The solution must meet the semantic model requirements.

What should you include in the solution?

A. an Azure Data Factory pipeline that executes a Stored procedure activity to retrieve the maximum value of the OrderID column in the destination lakehouse

B. an Azure Data Factory pipeline that executes a Stored procedure activity to retrieve the minimum value of the OrderID column in the destination lakehouse

C. an Azure Data Factory pipeline that executes a dataflow to retrieve the minimum value of the OrderID column in the destination lakehouse

D. an Azure Data Factory pipeline that executes a dataflow to retrieve the maximum value of the OrderID column in the destination lakehouse

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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 4

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

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Planned Changes -

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Data Preparation Requirements -

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Semantic Model Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following requirements for implementing and managing semantic models:

The number of rows added to the Orders table during refreshes must be minimized.

The semantic models in the Research division workspaces must use Direct Lake mode.

General Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following high-level requirements that must be considered for all solutions:

Follow the principle of least privilege when applicable.

Minimize implementation and maintenance effort when possible.

Which syntax should you use in a notebook to access the Research division data for Productline1?

A. spark.read.format("delta").load("Tables/productline1/ResearchProduct")

B. spark.sql("SELECT * FROM Lakehouse1.ResearchProduct ")

C. external_table(Tables/ResearchProduct)

D. external_table(ResearchProduct)

Q

Show Suggested Answer

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Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 5

HOME

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

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Overview -

Litware, Inc. is a manufacturing company that has offices throughout North America. The analytics team at Litware contains data engineers, analytics engineers, data analysts, and data scientists.

Existing Environment -

Total size

Fabric Environment -

Litware has been using a Microsoft Power BI tenant for three years. Litware has NOT enabled any Fabric capacities and features.

Available Data -

Litware has data that must be analyzed as shown in the following table. Description Original source

	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Customer data	Customer relationship	50 MB	
	management (CRM) system		
Product data	Customer relationship	200 MB	
	management (CRM) system		
Customer	SurveyMonkey	500 GB	
satisfaction surveys			
The Product data contains a single table and the following columns.			

D-4-4---

	Name	Data type	
	ProductID	Integer	
	ProductName	String	
	ProductCategory	String	
	ListPrice	Decimal	
The customer satisfaction data contains the following tables:			

Survey -

Question -

Response -

For each survey submitted, the following occurs:

One row is added to the Survey table.

One row is added to the Response table for each question in the survey.

The Question table contains the text of each survey question. The third question in each survey response is an overall satisfaction score. Customers can submit a survey after each purchase.

User Problems -The analytics team has large volumes of data, some of which is semi-structured. The team wants to use Fabric to create a new data store.

Product data is often classified into three pricing groups: high, medium, and low. This logic is implemented in several databases and semantic models, but the logic does NOT always match across implementations.

Requirements -

Planned Changes -

Litware plans to enable Fabric features in the existing tenant. The analytics team will create a new data store as a proof of concept (PoC). The remaining Liware users will only get access to the Fabric features once the PoC is complete. The PoC will be completed by using a Fabric trial capacity The following three workspaces will be created:

AnalyticsPOC: Will contain the data store, semantic models, reports pipelines, dataflow, and notebooks used to populate the data store DataEngPOC: Will contain all the pipelines, dataflows, and notebooks used to populate OneLake

DataSciPOC: Will contain all the notebooks and reports created by the data scientists

The following will be created in the AnalyticsPOC workspace: A data store (type to be decided)

A custom semantic model -A default semantic model -

Interactive reports -

ingest, transform, and load the data to the data store in the AnalyticsPOC workspace daily. Whenever possible, the data engineers will use low-code tools for data ingestion. The choice of which data cleansing and transformation tools to use will be at the data engineers' discretion. All the semantic models and reports in the Analytics POC workspace will use the data store as the sole data source.

The data engineers will create data pipelines to load data to OneLake either hourly or daily depending on the data source. The analytics engineers will create processes to

Technical Requirements -

The data store must support the following:

Read access by using T-SQL or Python

Semi-structured and unstructured data Row-level security (RLS) for users executing T-SQL queries

Files loaded by the data engineers to OneLake will be stored in the Parquet format and will meet Delta Lake specifications. Data will be loaded without transformation in one area of the AnalyticsPOC data store. The data will then be cleansed, merged, and transformed into a dimensional model

The data load process must ensure that the raw and cleansed data is updated completely before populating the dimensional model

date dimension must always contain dates from 2010 through the end of the current year. The product pricing group logic must be maintained by the analytics engineers in a single location. The pricing group data must be made available in the data store for T-

The dimensional model must contain a date dimension. There is no existing data source for the date dimension. The Litware fiscal year matches the calendar year. The

SOL. queries and in the default semantic model. The following logic must be used: List prices that are less than or equal to 50 are in the low pricing group.

List prices that are greater than 50 and less than or equal to 1,000 are in the medium pricing group.

List prices that are greater than 1,000 are in the high pricing group.

Security Requirements -Only Fabric administrators and the analytics team must be able to see the Fabric items created as part of the PoC.

data analysts and view and modify all reports in the workspace.

Litware identifies the following security requirements for the Fabric items in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:

Fabric administrators will be the workspace administrators. The data engineers must be able to read from and write to the data store. No access must be granted to datasets or reports.

The data scientists must be able to read from the data store, but not write to it. They will access the data by using a Spark notebook

The data analysts must have read access to only the dimensional model objects in the data store. They also must have access to create Power BI reports by using the semantic models created by the analytics engineers.

The analytics engineers must be able to read from, write to, and create schemas in the data store. They also must be able to create and share semantic models with the

The date dimension must be available to all users of the data store.

Entra security groups:

The principle of least privilege must be followed.

Both the default and custom semantic models must include only tables or views from the dimensional model in the data store. Litware already has the following Microsoft

Fabric Admins: Fabric administrators AnalyticsTeam: All the members of the analytics team

DataScientists: The data scientists on the analytics team

DataAnalysts: The data analysts on the analytics team

DataEngineers: The data engineers on the analytics team Analytics Engineers: The analytics engineers on the analytics team

DataEngineers:

Report Requirements -

The data analysts must create a customer satisfaction report that meets the following requirements:

Enables a user to select a product to filter customer survey responses to only those who have purchased that product.

Displays the average overall satisfaction score of all the surveys submitted during the last 12 months up to a selected dat. Shows data as soon as the data is updated in the data store.

Build Reports on the default dataset

Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year. Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store.

You need to assign permissions for the data store in the AnalyticsPOC workspace. The solution must meet the security requirements. Which additional permissions should you assign when you share the data store? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point. Answer Area

Minimizes the execution time of report queries.

Read All Apache Spark Read All SQL analytics endpoint data DataAnalysts: Build Reports on the default dataset Read All Apache Spark Read All SQL analytics endpoint data DataScientists: Build Reports on the default dataset

Read All Apache Spark

Read All SQL analytics endpoint data

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Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 6

HOME

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

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Requirements -

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A default semantic model -

Interactive reports -The data engineers will create data pipelines to load data to OneLake either hourly or daily depending on the data source. The analytics engineers will create processes to

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Technical Requirements -

The data store must support the following:

Read access by using T-SQL or Python Semi-structured and unstructured data

Row-level security (RLS) for users executing T-SQL queries Files loaded by the data engineers to OneLake will be stored in the Parquet format and will meet Delta Lake specifications.

Data will be loaded without transformation in one area of the AnalyticsPOC data store. The data will then be cleansed, merged, and transformed into a dimensional model The data load process must ensure that the raw and cleansed data is updated completely before populating the dimensional model

The dimensional model must contain a date dimension. There is no existing data source for the date dimension. The Litware fiscal year matches the calendar year. The date dimension must always contain dates from 2010 through the end of the current year.

The product pricing group logic must be maintained by the analytics engineers in a single location. The pricing group data must be made available in the data store for T-SOL. queries and in the default semantic model. The following logic must be used: List prices that are less than or equal to 50 are in the low pricing group.

List prices that are greater than 50 and less than or equal to 1,000 are in the medium pricing group. List prices that are greater than 1,000 are in the high pricing group.

Security Requirements -

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The data engineers must be able to read from and write to the data store. No access must be granted to datasets or reports.

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data analysts and view and modify all reports in the workspace. The data scientists must be able to read from the data store, but not write to it. They will access the data by using a Spark notebook

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The data analysts must have read access to only the dimensional model objects in the data store. They also must have access to create Power BI reports by using the semantic models created by the analytics engineers.

The date dimension must be available to all users of the data store. The principle of least privilege must be followed.

Both the default and custom semantic models must include only tables or views from the dimensional model in the data store. Litware already has the following Microsoft Entra security groups:

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DataAnalysts: The data analysts on the analytics team

DataScientists: The data scientists on the analytics team DataEngineers: The data engineers on the analytics team

Analytics Engineers: The analytics engineers on the analytics team

Report Requirements -

Enables a user to select a product to filter customer survey responses to only those who have purchased that product. Displays the average overall satisfaction score of all the surveys submitted during the last 12 months up to a selected dat.

The data analysts must create a customer satisfaction report that meets the following requirements:

Shows data as soon as the data is updated in the data store. Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year.

Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store. Minimizes the execution time of report queries.

You need to create a DAX measure to calculate the average overall satisfaction score. How should you complete the DAX code? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point. Answer Area

Rolling 12 Overall Satisfaction = VAR NumberOfMonths = 12

```
- NumberOfMonths, MONTH )
VAR Result =
  CALCULATE (
     AVERAGE('Survey'[Response Value]),
     AVERAGEA('Question'[Question Text]),
```

VAR Period = DATESINPERIOD ('Date' [Date], LastCurrentDate,

```
AVERAGEX(VALUES('Survey'[Customer Key]),
LastCurrentDate,
NumberOfMonths,
Period,
 'Survey Question' [Question Title] = "Overall Satisfaction"
```

VAR LastCurrentDate = MAX ('Date' [Date])

```
RETURN
```

Show Suggested Answer

Topic #: 1 [All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

Case study -This is a case study. Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case. However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the

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Overview -

data analysts, and data scientists.

Litware, Inc. is a manufacturing company that has offices throughout North America. The analytics team at Litware contains data engineers, analytics engineers,

Fabric Environment -

Existing Environment -

Litware has been using a Microsoft Power BI tenant for three years. Litware has NOT enabled any Fabric capacities and features.

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Litware has data that must be analyzed as shown in the following table. Description Original source Total size

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Product data	Customer relationship	200 MB	
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Customer	SurveyMonkey	500 GB	
satisfaction surveys			
The Product data contains a single table and the following columns.			

Name Data type

	ProductID	Integer		
	ProductName	String		
	ProductCategory	String		
	ListPrice	Decimal		
The customer satisfaction data contains the following tables:				

Survey -

Question -

Response -

For each survey submitted, the following occurs: One row is added to the Survey table.

One row is added to the Response table for each question in the survey.

The Question table contains the text of each survey question. The third question in each survey response is an overall satisfaction score. Customers can submit a

survey after each purchase.

The analytics team has large volumes of data, some of which is semi-structured. The team wants to use Fabric to create a new data store.

User Problems -

Product data is often classified into three pricing groups: high, medium, and low. This logic is implemented in several databases and semantic models, but the logic

AnalyticsPOC: Will contain the data store, semantic models, reports pipelines, dataflow, and notebooks used to populate the data store

does NOT always match across implementations.

Requirements -

Planned Changes -Litware plans to enable Fabric features in the existing tenant. The analytics team will create a new data store as a proof of concept (PoC). The remaining Liware

users will only get access to the Fabric features once the PoC is complete. The PoC will be completed by using a Fabric trial capacity The following three workspaces will be created:

DataEngPOC: Will contain all the pipelines, dataflows, and notebooks used to populate OneLake DataSciPOC: Will contain all the notebooks and reports created by the data scientists

The following will be created in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:

A data store (type to be decided)

A custom semantic model -

A default semantic model -

Interactive reports -The data engineers will create data pipelines to load data to OneLake either hourly or daily depending on the data source. The analytics engineers will create

tools for data ingestion. The choice of which data cleansing and transformation tools to use will be at the data engineers' discretion. All the semantic models and reports in the Analytics POC workspace will use the data store as the sole data source.

processes to ingest, transform, and load the data to the data store in the AnalyticsPOC workspace daily. Whenever possible, the data engineers will use low-code

The data store must support the following: Read access by using T-SQL or Python

Technical Requirements -

Semi-structured and unstructured data Row-level security (RLS) for users executing T-SQL queries

Files loaded by the data engineers to OneLake will be stored in the Parquet format and will meet Delta Lake specifications.

Data will be loaded without transformation in one area of the AnalyticsPOC data store. The data will then be cleansed, merged, and transformed into a dimensional The data load process must ensure that the raw and cleansed data is updated completely before populating the dimensional model

The dimensional model must contain a date dimension. There is no existing data source for the date dimension. The Litware fiscal year matches the calendar year. The date dimension must always contain dates from 2010 through the end of the current year.

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List prices that are greater than 50 and less than or equal to 1,000 are in the medium pricing group. List prices that are greater than 1,000 are in the high pricing group.

Security Requirements -Only Fabric administrators and the analytics team must be able to see the Fabric items created as part of the PoC.

Litware identifies the following security requirements for the Fabric items in the AnalyticsPOC workspace: Fabric administrators will be the workspace administrators.

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the semantic models created by the analytics engineers. The date dimension must be available to all users of the data store.

The data analysts must have read access to only the dimensional model objects in the data store. They also must have access to create Power BI reports by using

The principle of least privilege must be followed. Both the default and custom semantic models must include only tables or views from the dimensional model in the data store. Litware already has the following

The data scientists must be able to read from the data store, but not write to it. They will access the data by using a Spark notebook

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Microsoft Entra security groups:

DataEngineers: The data engineers on the analytics team AnalyticsEngineers: The analytics engineers on the analytics team

Report Requirements -The data analysts must create a customer satisfaction report that meets the following requirements:

Enables a user to select a product to filter customer survey responses to only those who have purchased that product. Displays the average overall satisfaction score of all the surveys submitted during the last 12 months up to a selected dat.

Shows data as soon as the data is updated in the data store. Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year.

Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store. Minimizes the execution time of report queries.

You need to resolve the issue with the pricing group classification.

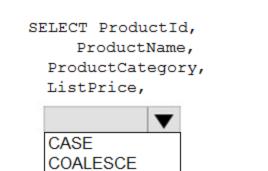
How should you complete the T-SQL statement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

▼ [dbo].[ProductsWithPricingGroup] CREATE **FUNCTION**

PROCEDURE TABLE

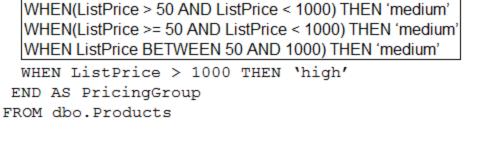
AS

Answer Area



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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 8

HOME

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

Case study -

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Overview -

Litware, Inc. is a manufacturing company that has offices throughout North America. The analytics team at Litware contains data engineers, analytics engineers, data analysts, and data scientists.

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Available Data -

Litware has data that must be analyzed as shown in the following table.

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Customer satisfaction surveys	SurveyMonkey	500 GB

The Product data contains a single table and the following columns.				
	Name	Data type		
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Survey -

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User Problems -

The analytics team has large volumes of data, some of which is semi-structured. The team wants to use Fabric to create a new data store.

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Requirements -

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The following will be created in the AnalyticsPOC workspace: A data store (type to be decided)

A custom semantic model -

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Interactive reports -

processes to ingest, transform, and load the data to the data store in the AnalyticsPOC workspace daily. Whenever possible, the data engineers will use low-code tools for data ingestion. The choice of which data cleansing and transformation tools to use will be at the data engineers' discretion. All the semantic models and reports in the Analytics POC workspace will use the data store as the sole data source.

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Semi-structured and unstructured data

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Shows data as soon as the data is updated in the data store. Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year.

Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store.

Minimizes the execution time of report queries. What should you recommend using to ingest the customer data into the data store in the AnalyticsPOC workspace?

A. a stored procedure B. a pipeline that contains a KQL activity

C. a Spark notebook D. a dataflow

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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 9

HOME

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

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Enables a user to select a product to filter customer survey responses to only those who have purchased that product.

Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year. Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store.

Which type of data store should you recommend in the AnalyticsPOC workspace?

Minimizes the execution time of report queries.

- A. a data lake
- B. a warehouse
- C. a lakehouse

D. an external Hive metastore

Show Suggested Answer

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 10

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have a Fabric warehouse that contains a table named Staging. Sales. Staging. Sales contains the following columns.

Name	Data type	Nullable
ProductID	Integer	No
ProductName	Varchar(30)	No
SalesDate	Datetime2(6)	No
WholesalePrice	Decimal(18,2)	Yes
Amount	Decimal(18,2)	Yes

You need to write a T-SQL query that will return data for the year 2023 that displays ProductID and ProductName and has a summarized Amount that is higher than 10,000. Which query should you use?

```
SELECT ProductID, ProductName, SUM(Amount) AS TotalAmount
  FROM Staging.Sales
A WHERE DATEPART (YEAR, SaleDate) = '2023'
  GROUP BY ProductID, ProductName
  HAVING SUM(Amount) > 10000
  SELECT ProductID, ProductName, SUM(Amount) AS TotalAmount
  FROM Staging. Sales
  GROUP BY ProductID, ProductName
  HAVING DATEPART (YEAR, SaleDate) = '2023' AND SUM(Amount) > 10000
  SELECT ProductID, ProductName, SUM(Amount) AS TotalAmount
C. FROM Staging.Sales
  WHERE DATEPART (YEAR, SaleDate) = '2023' AND SUM (Amount) > 10000
  SELECT ProductID, ProductName, SUM(Amount) AS TotalAmount
  FROM Staging.Sales
D. WHERE DATEPART (YEAR, SaleDate) = '2023'
  GROUP BY ProductID, ProductName
  HAVING TotalAmount > 10000
```

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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 11

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

You have a data warehouse that contains a table named Stage.Customers. Stage.Customers contains all the customer record updates from a customer relationship management (CRM) system. There can be multiple updates per customer.

You need to write a T-SQL query that will return the customer ID, name. postal code, and the last updated time of the most recent row for each customer ID. How should you complete the code? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

```
WITH CUSTOMERBASE AS (
     SELECT [CustomerID]
     , [CustomerName]
     , [PostalCode]
    , [LastUpdated]
     ,x =
                              OVER (PARTITION BY CustomerID
                              ORDER BY LastUpdated DESC)
           LAST Value()
           NTILE()
           ROW NUMBER()
     FROM [LakehousePOC].[dbo].[CustomerChanges]
          SELECT CustomerID, CustomerName, PostalCode, LastUpdated
          FROM CUSTOMERBASE
          Having Max(LastUpdated) = 1
          WHERE LastUpdated = Max(LastUpdated)
          WHERE X = 1
```

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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 12

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

You have a Fabric tenant.

You plan to create a Fabric notebook that will use Spark DataFrames to generate Microsoft Power BI visuals.

You run the following code.

from powerbiclient import QuickVisualize, get_dataset_config, Report

PBI_visualize = QuickVisualize(get_dataset_config(df))

PBI_visualize

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
The code embeds an existing Power BI report.	0	0
The code creates a Power BI report.	0	0
The code displays a summary of the DateFrame.	0	0

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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 13

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You are the administrator of a Fabric workspace that contains a lakehouse named Lakehouse1. Lakehouse1 contains the following tables:

Table1: A Delta table created by using a shortcut

Table2: An external table created by using Spark

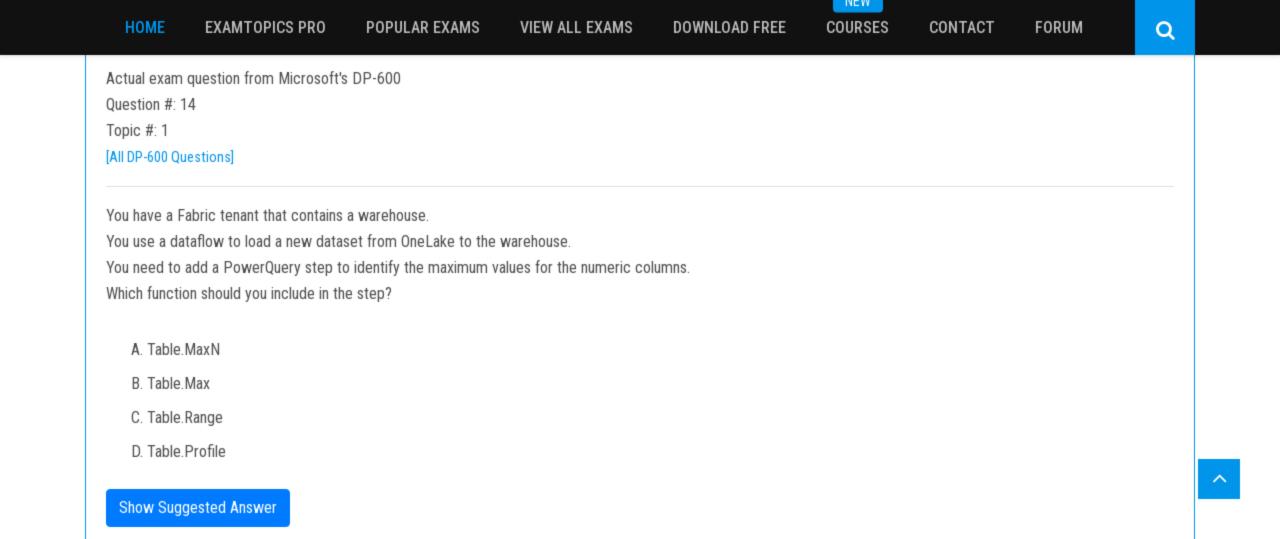
Table3: A managed table -

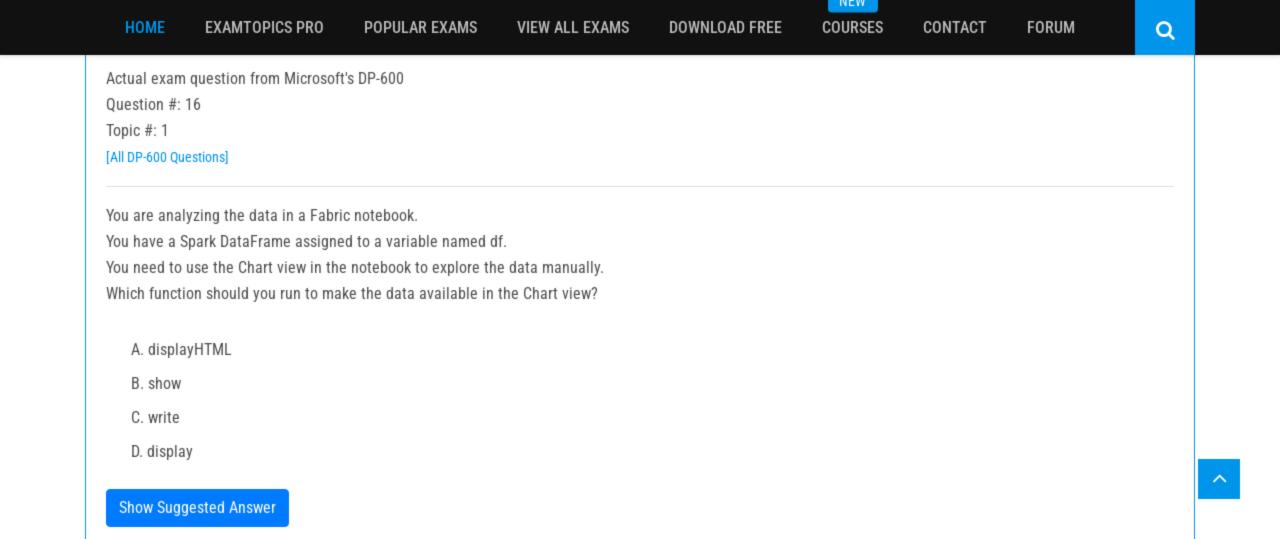
You plan to connect to Lakehouse1 by using its SQL endpoint.

What will you be able to do after connecting to Lakehouse1?

- A. Read Table3.
- B. Update the data Table3.
- C. Read Table2.
- D. Update the data in Table1.

Show Suggested Answer





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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 18

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

DRAG DROP -

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a semantic model. The model contains data about retail stores.

You need to write a DAX query that will be executed by using the XMLA endpoint. The query must return a table of stores that have opened since December 1, 2023.

How should you complete the DAX expression? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct targets. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all.

You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Values Answer Area

DEFINE

VAR_SalesSince =
DATE (2023, 12, 01)

FILTER

SUMMARIZE

TABLE

Store[OpenDate] >= _SalesSince
)

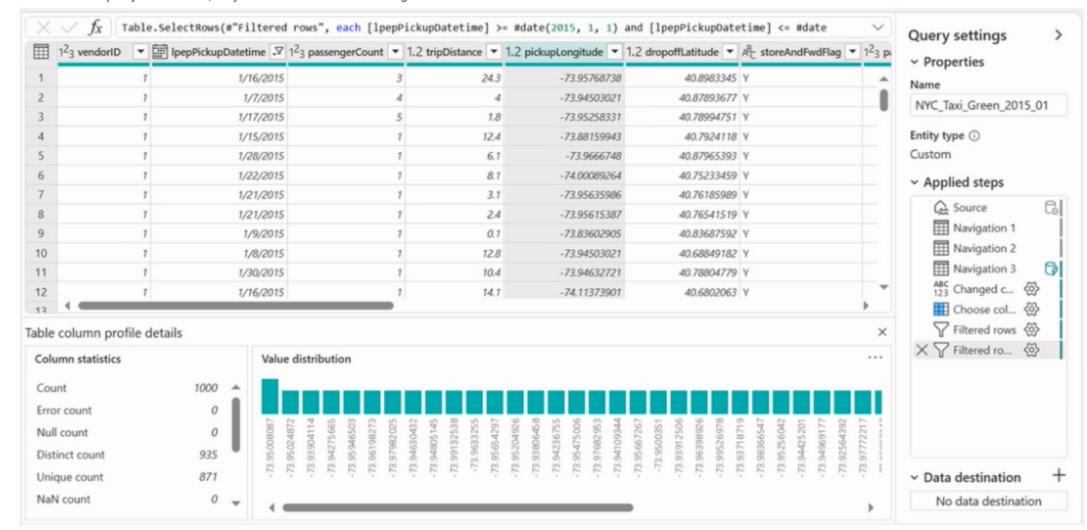
Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 19

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have a Fabric workspace named Workspace1 that contains a dataflow named Dataflow1. Dataflow1 has a query that returns 2,000 rows. You view the query in Power Query as shown in the following exhibit.



What can you identify about the pickupLongitude column?

- A. The column has duplicate values.
- B. All the table rows are profiled.
- C. The column has missing values.
- D. There are 935 values that occur only once.

Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 21

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

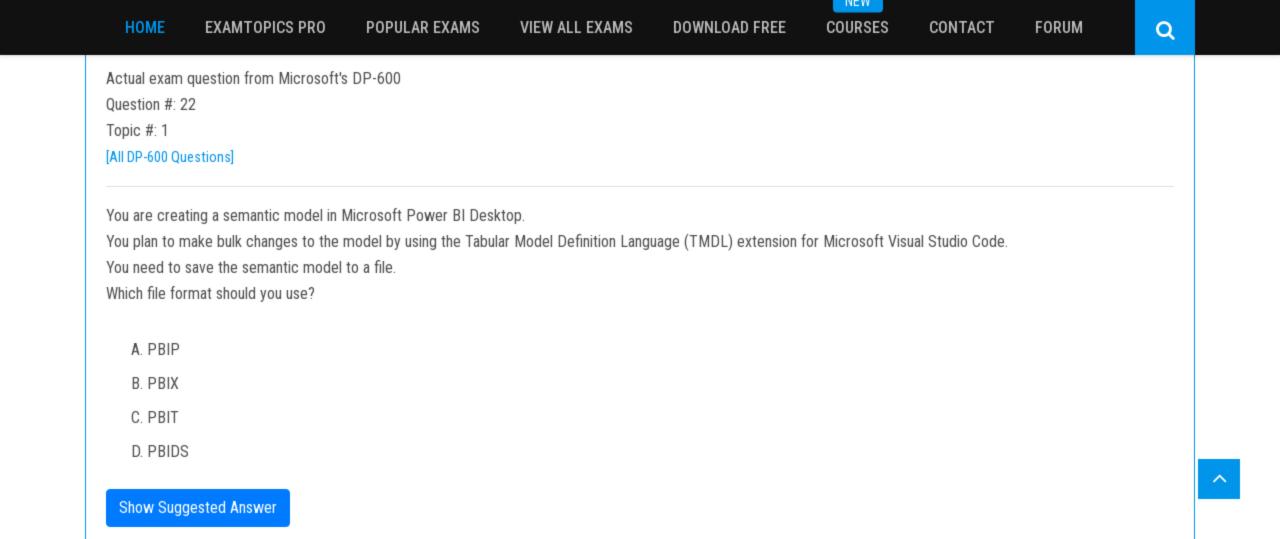
You have a Fabric tenant that contains a workspace named Workspace1. Workspace1 is assigned to a Fabric capacity.

You need to recommend a solution to provide users with the ability to create and publish custom Direct Lake semantic models by using external tools. The solution must follow the principle of least privilege.

Which three actions in the Fabric Admin portal should you include in the recommendation? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

- A. From the Tenant settings, set Allow XMLA Endpoints and Analyze in Excel with on-premises datasets to Enabled.
- B. From the Tenant settings, set Allow Azure Active Directory guest users to access Microsoft Fabric to Enabled.
- C. From the Tenant settings, select Users can edit data model in the Power BI service.
- D. From the Capacity settings, set XMLA Endpoint to Read Write.
- E. From the Tenant settings, set Users can create Fabric items to Enabled.
- F. From the Tenant settings, enable Publish to Web.



IN E W

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 23

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

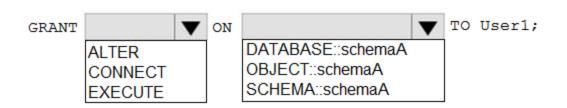
You have a Fabric tenant that contains a warehouse named Warehouse1. Warehouse1 contains three schemas named schemaA, schemaB, and schemaC.

You need to ensure that a user named User1 can truncate tables in schemaA only.

How should you complete the T-SQL statement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area



Show Suggested Answer

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NEW

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 24

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You plan to deploy Microsoft Power BI items by using Fabric deployment pipelines. You have a deployment pipeline that contains three stages named Development, Test, and Production. A workspace is assigned to each stage.

You need to provide Power BI developers with access to the pipeline. The solution must meet the following requirements:

Ensure that the developers can deploy items to the workspaces for Development and Test.

Prevent the developers from deploying items to the workspace for Production.

Follow the principle of least privilege.

Which three levels of access should you assign to the developers? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

- A. Build permission to the production semantic models
- B. Admin access to the deployment pipeline
- C. Viewer access to the Development and Test workspaces
- D. Viewer access to the Production workspace
- E. Contributor access to the Development and Test workspaces
- F. Contributor access to the Production workspace

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 25

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have a Fabric workspace that contains a DirectQuery semantic model. The model queries a data source that has 500 million rows.

You have a Microsoft Power Bi report named Report1 that uses the model. Report1 contains visuals on multiple pages.

You need to reduce the guery execution time for the visuals on all the pages.

What are two features that you can use? Each correct answer presents a complete solution,

NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

- A. user-defined aggregations
- B. automatic aggregation
- C. query caching
- D. One Lake integration

Show Suggested Answer

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FORUM

IA C AA

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 26

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have a Fabric tenant that contains 30 CSV files in OneLake. The files are updated daily.

You create a Microsoft Power BI semantic model named Model1 that uses the CSV files as a data source. You configure incremental refresh for Model1 and publish the model to a Premium capacity in the Fabric tenant.

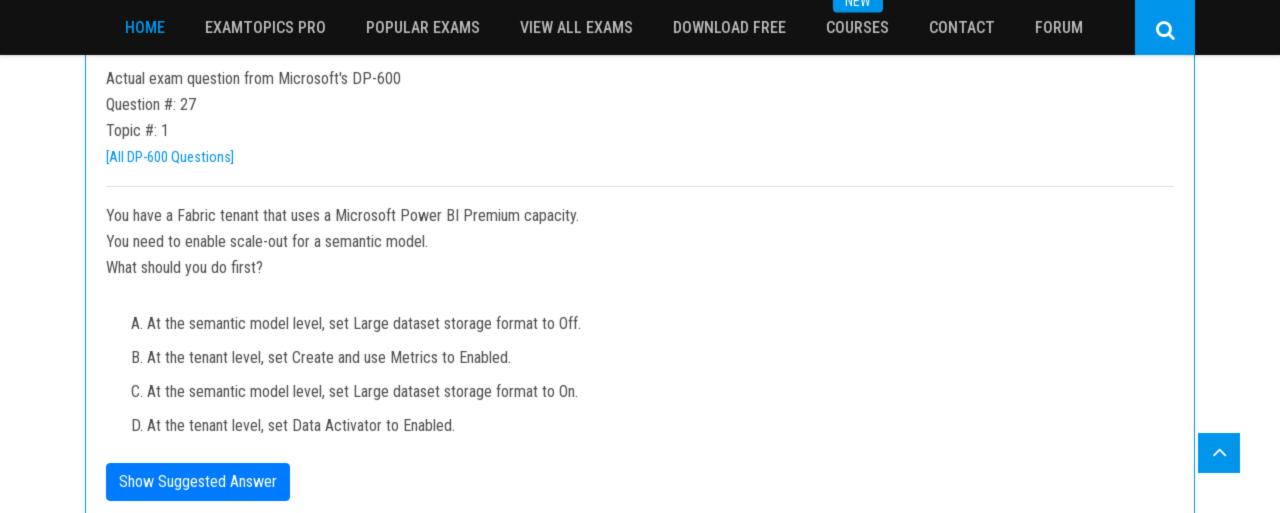
When you initiate a refresh of Model1, the refresh fails after running out of resources.

What is a possible cause of the failure?

- A. Query folding is occurring.
- B. Only refresh complete days is selected.
- C. XMLA Endpoint is set to Read Only.
- D. Query folding is NOT occurring.
- E. The delta type of the column used to partition the data has changed.

Show Suggested Answer

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What are two ways to achieve the goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

- A. Use the Analyze in Excel feature.
- B. Use the Vertipaq Analyzer tool.
- C. Query the \$System.DISCOVER_STORAGE_TABLE_COLUMN_SEGMENTS dynamic management view (DMV).
- D. Query the DISCOVER_MEMORYGRANT dynamic management view (DMV).

Show Suggested Answer

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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

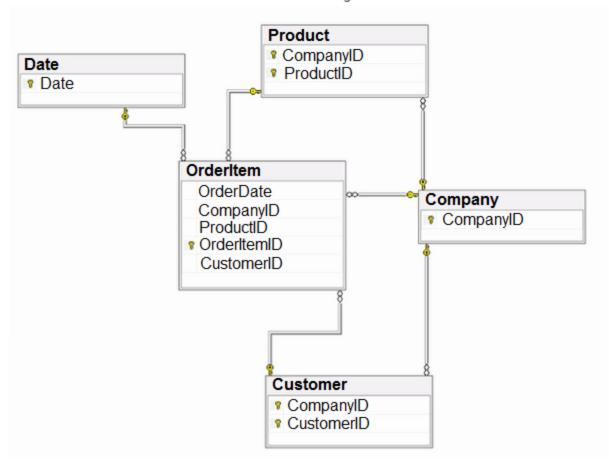
Question #: 31

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

You have the source data model shown in the following exhibit.



The primary keys of the tables are indicated by a key symbol beside the columns involved in each key.

You need to create a dimensional data model that will enable the analysis of order items by date, product, and customer.

What should you include in the solution? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

The relationship between OrderItem and Product must be based on:

The ProductID column

Both the CompanyID and the ProductID columns

A new key that combines the CompanyID and ProductID columns

The Company entity must be:

Omitted
Denormalized into the Product entity only
Denormalized into the Customer and Product entities

IN E W

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 32

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a semantic model named Model1. Model1 uses Import mode. Model1 contains a table named Orders. Orders has 100 million rows and the following fields.

Name	Data type	Description
OrderID	Integer	Column imported from the source
OrderDateTime	Date/Time	Column imported from the source
Quantity	Integer	Column imported from the source
Price	Decimal	Column imported from the source
TotalSalesAmount	Decimal	Calculated column that multiplies
		Quantity and Price
TotalQuantity	Integer	Measure

You need to reduce the memory used by Model1 and the time it takes to refresh the model.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

- A. Split OrderDateTime into separate date and time columns.
- B. Replace TotalQuantity with a calculated column.
- C. Convert Quantity into the Text data type.
- D. Replace TotalSalesAmount with a measure.

IAC AA

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 34

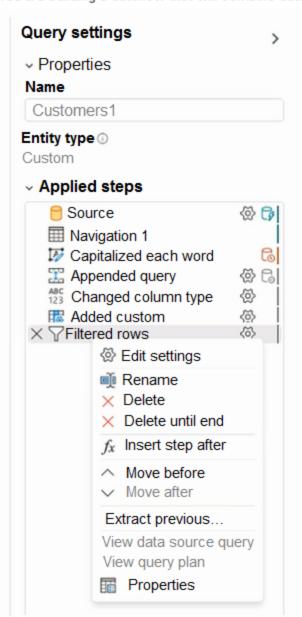
Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

You have a Fabric tenant that contains two lakehouses.

You are building a dataflow that will combine data from the lakehouses. The applied steps from one of the queries in the dataflow is shown in the following exhibit.

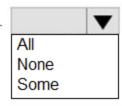


Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

[Answer choice] of the transformation steps in the query will fold.



The Added custom step will be performed in [answer choice].

each lakehouse's query engine the Microsoft Power Query engine the source lakehouse query engine

NEW

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 35

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a lakehouse named Lakehouse'. Lakehouse1 contains a table named Tablet.

You are creating a new data pipeline.

You plan to copy external data to Table'. The schema of the external data changes regularly.

You need the copy operation to meet the following requirements:

Replace Table1 with the schema of the external data.

Replace all the data in Table1 with the rows in the external data.

You add a Copy data activity to the pipeline.

What should you do for the Copy data activity?

- A. From the Source tab, add additional columns.
- B. From the Destination tab, set Table action to Overwrite.
- C. From the Settings tab, select Enable staging.
- D. From the Source tab, select Enable partition discovery.
- E. From the Source tab, select Recursively.

COURSES

IA C AA

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Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 36

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a lakehouse.

You plan to query sales data files by using the SQL endpoint. The files will be in an Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3) storage bucket.

You need to recommend which file format to use and where to create a shortcut.

Which two actions should you include in the recommendation? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

- A. Create a shortcut in the Files section.
- B. Use the Parquet format
- C. Use the CSV format.
- D. Create a shortcut in the Tables section.
- E. Use the delta format.

Show Suggested Answer

^

Question #: 38

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a lakehouse named Lakehouse1. Lakehouse1 contains an unpartitioned table named Table1.

You plan to copy data to Table1 and partition the table based on a date column in the source data.

You create a Copy activity to copy the data to Table 1.

You need to specify the partition column in the Destination settings of the Copy activity.

What should you do first?

- A. From the Destination tab, set Mode to Append.
- B. From the Destination tab, select the partition column.
- C. From the Source tab, select Enable partition discovery.
- D. From the Destination tabs, set Mode to Overwrite.

Show Suggested Answer

^

FORUM

IN E W

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 39

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a warehouse named Warehouse1. Warehouse1 contains a fact table named FactSales that has one billion rows.

You run the following T-SQL statement.

CREATE TABLE test.FactSales AS CLONE OF Dbo.FactSales;

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
A replica of dbo.sales is created in the test schema by copying the metadata only.	0	0
Additional schema changes to dbo.FactSales will also apply to test.FactSales	s. O	0
Additional schema changes to dbo.FactSales will also apply to test.FactSales	. 0	0

Question #: 40

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have source data in a folder on a local computer.

You need to create a solution that will use Fabric to populate a data store. The solution must meet the following requirements:

Support the use of dataflows to load and append data to the data store.

Ensure that Delta tables are V-Order optimized and compacted automatically.

Which type of data store should you use?

- A. a lakehouse
- B. an Azure SQL database
- C. a warehouse
- D. a KQL database

Show Suggested Answer

^

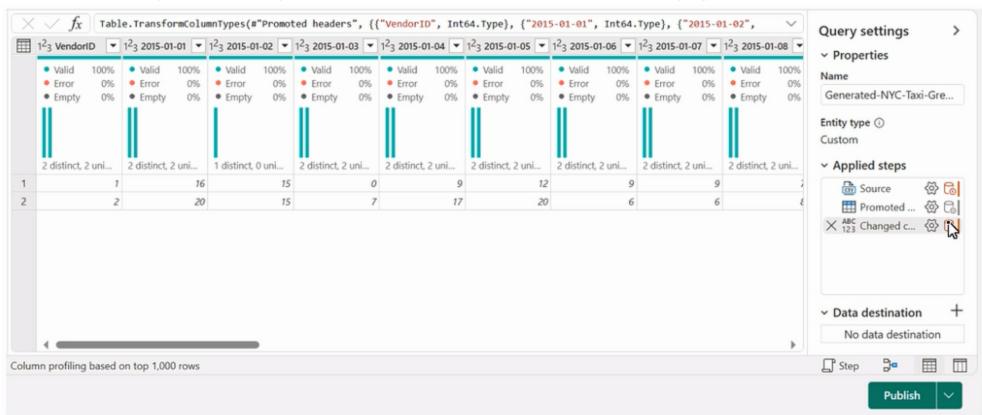
Statements	Yes	No
The results will form a hierarchy of folders for each partition key.	0	0
The resulting file partitions can be read in parallel across multiple nodes.	0	0
The resulting file partitions will use file compression.	0	0

Question #: 42

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have a Fabric workspace named Workspace1 that contains a data flow named Dataflow1 contains a query that returns the data shown in the following exhibit.

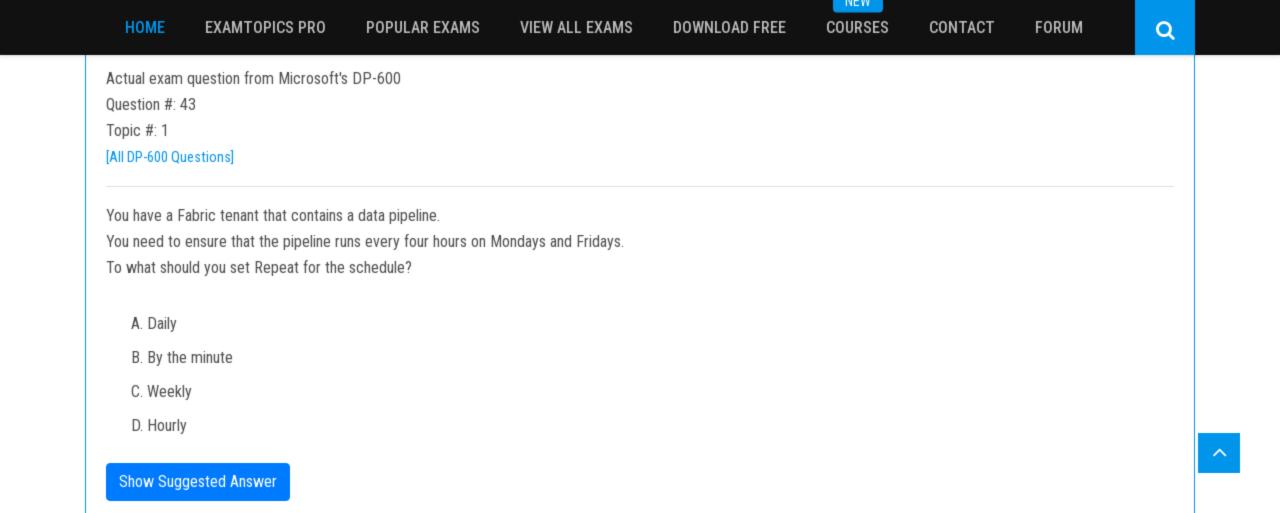


You need to transform the data columns into attribute-value pairs, where columns become rows.

You select the VendorID column.

Which transformation should you select from the context menu of the VendorlD column?

- A. Group by
- B. Unpivot columns
- C. Unpivot other columns
- D. Split column
- E. Remove other columns



Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 45

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

You have a Fabric workspace that uses the default Spark starter pool and runtime version 1.2.

You plan to read a CSV file named Sales_raw.csv in a lakehouse, select columns, and save the data as a Delta table to the managed area of the lakehouse. Sales_raw.csv contains 12 columns.

You have the following code.

```
from pyspark.sql.functions import year

(spark
    .red
    .format("csv")
    .option("heade", 'true')
    .load("Files/sales_raw.csv")
    .select('SalesOrderNumber', 'OrderDate', 'CustomerName',
'UnitPrice')
    .withColumn("Year", year("OrderDate"))
    .write
    .partitionBy('Year')
    .saveAsTable("sales")
}
```

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
The Spark engine will read only the 'SalesOrderNumber', 'OrderDate', 'CustomerName', 'UnitPrice' columns from Sales_raw.csv.	0	0
Removing the partition will reduce the execution time of the query.	0	0
Adding inferSchema= 'true' to the options will increase the execution time of the query.	0	0

INCAA

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 47

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

DRAG DROP -

You are creating a data flow in Fabric to ingest data from an Azure SQL database by using a T-SQL statement.

You need to ensure that any foldable Power Query transformation steps are processed by the Microsoft SQL Server engine.

How should you complete the code? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct targets. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Values

Answer Area

```
let
EnableFolding
                     Source = Sql.Databases(
NativeQuery
                          "server.database.windows.net"
Optimize
                     Database = Source{[Name = "db"]}[Data],
                     Query =
Record
                     Database,
StopFolding
                          " SELECT * FROM customer WHERE country IN ('USA', 'UK')",
                          null,
Table
                                           = true]
Value
                        in
                         Query
```

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 48

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

DRAG DROP -

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a lakehouse named Lakehouse1.

Readings from 100 IoT devices are appended to a Delta table in Lakehouse1. Each set of readings is approximately 25 KB. Approximately 10 GB of data is received daily.

All the table and SparkSession settings are set to the default.

You discover that queries are slow to execute. In addition, the lakehouse storage contains data and log files that are no longer used.

You need to remove the files that are no longer used and combine small files into larger files with a target size of 1 GB per file.

What should you do? To answer, drag the appropriate actions to the correct requirements. Each action may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Actions	Answer Area	
Set the autoCompact table setting.		
Set the optimizeWrite table setting.		
Run the VACUUM command on a schedule.	Remove the files:	
Set the autoCompact SparkSession setting.	Combine the files:	
Run the OPTIMIZE command on a schedule.		
Set the parallelDelete SparkSession setting.		

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 50

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

You have a Fabric workspace named Workspace1 and an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 account named storage1. Workspace1 contains a lakehouse named Lakehouse1.

IAC AA

You need to create a shortcut to storage1 in Lakehouse1.

Which connection and endpoint should you specify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Connection: abfs abfss https

Endpoint:



NEW

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 51

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You are analyzing customer purchases in a Fabric notebook by using PySpark.

You have the following DataFrames:

transactions: Contains five columns named transaction_id, customer_id, product_id, amount, and date and has 10 million rows, with each row representing a transaction. customers: Contains customer details in 1,000 rows and three columns named customer_id, name, and country.

You need to join the DataFrames on the customer_id column. The solution must minimize data shuffling.

You write the following code.

from pyspark.sql import functions as F

results =

Which code should you run to populate the results DataFrame?

- A. transactions.join(F.broadcast(customers), transactions.customer_id == customers.customer_id)
- B. transactions.join(customers, transactions.customer_id == customers.customer_id).distinct()
- C. transactions.join(customers, transactions.customer_id == customers.customer_id)
- D. transactions.crossJoin(customers).where(transactions.customer_id == customers.customer_id)

Question #: 52

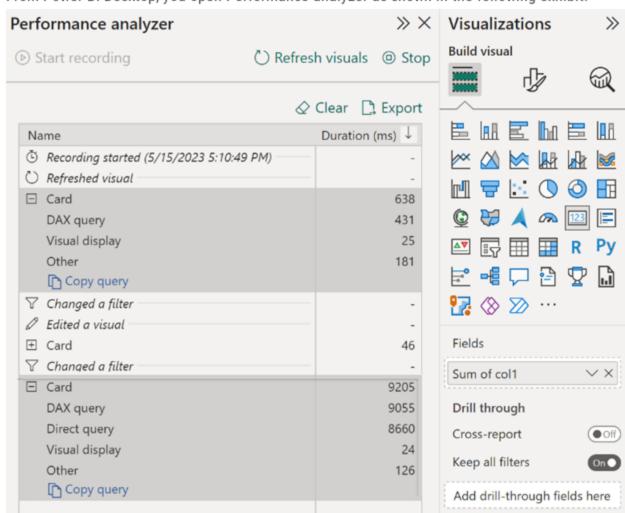
Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

You have a Microsoft Power BI report and a semantic model that uses Direct Lake mode.

From Power BI Desktop, you open Performance analyzer as shown in the following exhibit.



Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

The Direct Lake fallback behavior is set to

Automatic
DirectLakeOnly
DirectQueryOnly

The query for the table visual is executed by using
the composite model
Direct Lake
Direct Query

Question #: 53

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT -

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a lakehouse named Lakehouse1. Lakehouse1 contains a table named Nyctaxi_raw. Nyctaxi_row contains the following table:

Name	Data type	
pickupDateTime	Timestamp	
passengerCount	Integer	
fareAmount	Double	
paymentType	String	
tipAmount	Double	

You create a Fabric notebook and attach it to Lakehouse1.

You need to use PySpark code to transform the data. The solution must meet the following requirements:

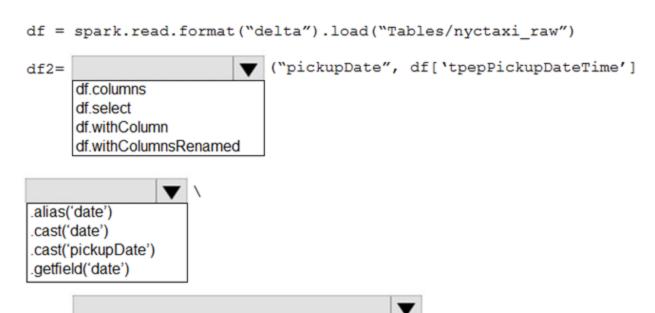
Add a column named pickupDate that will contain only the date portion of pickupDateTime.

Filter the DataFrame to include only rows where fareAmount is a positive number that is less than 100.

How should you complete the code? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area



.filter("fareAmount > 0 AND farAmount < 100")
.filter(col("fareAmount").contains("1..100"))
.when(df.fareAmount > 0 AND fareAmount < 100)
.where(df.fareAmount.isin([1,100]))

NEW

Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 54

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a new semantic model in OneLake.

You use a Fabric notebook to read the data into a Spark DataFrame.

You need to evaluate the data to calculate the min, max, mean, and standard deviation values for all the string and numeric columns.

Solution: You use the following PySpark expression:

df.explain()

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Question #: 55

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

Note: This guestion is part of a series of guestions that present the same scenario. Each guestion in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals.

Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

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You use a Fabric notebook to read the data into a Spark DataFrame.

You need to evaluate the data to calculate the min, max, mean, and standard deviation values for all the string and numeric columns.

Solution: You use the following PySpark expression:

df.show()

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

NEW

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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 56

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a new semantic model in OneLake.

You use a Fabric notebook to read the data into a Spark DataFrame.

You need to evaluate the data to calculate the min, max, mean, and standard deviation values for all the string and numeric columns.

Solution: You use the following PySpark expression:

df.summary()

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

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Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 57

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals.

Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a lakehouse named Lakehouse1. Lakehouse1 contains a Delta table named Customer.

When you guery Customer, you discover that the guery is slow to execute. You suspect that maintenance was NOT performed on the table.

You need to identify whether maintenance tasks were performed on Customer.

Solution: You run the following Spark SQL statement:

DESCRIBE HISTORY customer -

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Show Suggested Answer

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Question #: 58

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals.

Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a lakehouse named Lakehouse1, Lakehouse1 contains a Delta table named Customer.

When you guery Customer, you discover that the guery is slow to execute. You suspect that maintenance was NOT performed on the table.

You need to identify whether maintenance tasks were performed on Customer.

Solution: You run the following Spark SQL statement:

REFRESH TABLE customer -

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

NEW

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 59

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a lakehouse named Lakehouse1. Lakehouse1 contains a Delta table named Customer.

When you query Customer, you discover that the query is slow to execute. You suspect that maintenance was NOT performed on the table.

You need to identify whether maintenance tasks were performed on Customer.

Solution: You run the following Spark SQL statement:

EXPLAIN TABLE customer -

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Show Suggested Answer

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Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 60

HOME

Topic #: 1 [All DP-600 Questions]

Case study -

This is a case study. Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case. However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study -

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Overview -

Litware, Inc. is a manufacturing company that has offices throughout North America. The analytics team at Litware contains data engineers, analytics engineers, data analysts, and data scientists.

Existing Environment -

Total size

Fabric Environment -

Litware has been using a Microsoft Power BI tenant for three years. Litware has NOT enabled any Fabric capacities and features.

Litware has data that must be analyzed as shown in the following table.

Available Data -

Description Original source Customer data Customer relationship

Data type

		management (CRM) system		
	Product data	Customer relationship	200 MB	
		management (CRM) system		
	Customer	SurveyMonkey	500 GB	
	satisfaction surveys			
1	The Product data contains a single table and the following columns.			

e following tables:

Integer

String

ProductCategory		String	
	ListPrice	Decimal	
7	The customer satisfaction	on data contains the	

Name

ProductID

ProductName

Response

 Survey Question

For each survey submitted, the following occurs:

One row is added to the Response table for each question in the survey.

The Question table contains the text of each survey question. The third question in each survey response is an overall satisfaction score. Customers can submit a survey after each purchase.

One row is added to the Survey table.

User Problems -

Product data is often classified into three pricing groups: high, medium, and low. This logic is implemented in several databases and semantic models, but the logic does

NOT always match across implementations.

The analytics team has large volumes of data, some of which is semi-structured. The team wants to use Fabric to create a new data store.

Requirements -

Planned Changes -

only get access to the Fabric features once the PoC is complete. The PoC will be completed by using a Fabric trial capacity

The following three workspaces will be created: AnalyticsPOC: Will contain the data store, semantic models, reports pipelines, dataflow, and notebooks used to populate the data store

Litware plans to enable Fabric features in the existing tenant. The analytics team will create a new data store as a proof of concept (PoC). The remaining Liware users will

The following will be created in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:

DataSciPOC: Will contain all the notebooks and reports created by the data scientists

• DataEngPOC: Will contain all the pipelines, dataflows, and notebooks used to populate OneLake

- A data store (type to be decided) · A custom semantic model
- · Interactive reports

A default semantic model

The data engineers will create data pipelines to load data to OneLake either hourly or daily depending on the data source. The analytics engineers will create processes to ingest, transform, and load the data to the data store in the AnalyticsPOC workspace daily. Whenever possible, the data engineers will use low-code tools for data

All the semantic models and reports in the Analytics POC workspace will use the data store as the sole data source. Technical Requirements -

The data store must support the following:

ingestion. The choice of which data cleansing and transformation tools to use will be at the data engineers' discretion.

 Read access by using T-SQL or Python · Semi-structured and unstructured data Row-level security (RLS) for users executing T-SQL queries

Files loaded by the data engineers to OneLake will be stored in the Parquet format and will meet Delta Lake specifications.

The data load process must ensure that the raw and cleansed data is updated completely before populating the dimensional model

The dimensional model must contain a date dimension. There is no existing data source for the date dimension. The Litware fiscal year matches the calendar year. The date dimension must always contain dates from 2010 through the end of the current year.

The product pricing group logic must be maintained by the analytics engineers in a single location. The pricing group data must be made available in the data store for T-

• The data analysts must have read access to only the dimensional model objects in the data store. They also must have access to create Power BI reports by using the

Both the default and custom semantic models must include only tables or views from the dimensional model in the data store. Litware already has the following Microsoft

Data will be loaded without transformation in one area of the AnalyticsPOC data store. The data will then be cleansed, merged, and transformed into a dimensional model

SOL. queries and in the default semantic model. The following logic must be used: List prices that are less than or equal to 50 are in the low pricing group.

• The data scientists must be able to read from the data store, but not write to it. They will access the data by using a Spark notebook

Security Requirements -

List prices that are greater than 1,000 are in the high pricing group.

Only Fabric administrators and the analytics team must be able to see the Fabric items created as part of the PoC. Litware identifies the following security requirements for the Fabric items in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:

List prices that are greater than 50 and less than or equal to 1,000 are in the medium pricing group.

 The data engineers must be able to read from and write to the data store. No access must be granted to datasets or reports. • The analytics engineers must be able to read from, write to, and create schemas in the data store. They also must be able to create and share semantic models with the data analysts and view and modify all reports in the workspace.

semantic models created by the analytics engineers. The date dimension must be available to all users of the data store.

Fabric administrators will be the workspace administrators.

- The principle of least privilege must be followed.
- Fabric Admins: Fabric administrators

The data analysts must create a customer satisfaction report that meets the following requirements:

- AnalyticsTeam: All the members of the analytics team DataAnalysts: The data analysts on the analytics team DataScientists: The data scientists on the analytics team
- DataEngineers: The data engineers on the analytics team
- AnalyticsEngineers: The analytics engineers on the analytics team
- Report Requirements -

Entra security groups:

 Enables a user to select a product to filter customer survey responses to only those who have purchased that product. Displays the average overall satisfaction score of all the surveys submitted during the last 12 months up to a selected dat.

- Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year. Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store.
- · Minimizes the execution time of report queries.

Shows data as soon as the data is updated in the data store.

You need to recommend a solution to prepare the tenant for the PoC. Which two actions should you recommend performing from the Fabric Admin portal? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

- A. Enable the Users can try Microsoft Fabric paid features option for the entire organization.
 - B. Enable the Users can try Microsoft Fabric paid features option for specific security groups. C. Enable the Allow Azure Active Directory guest users to access Microsoft Fabric option for specific security groups.
 - D. Enable the Users can create Fabric items option and exclude specific security groups.
 - Show Suggested Answer

E. Enable the Users can create Fabric items option for specific security groups.

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Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 61 Topic #: 1

HOME

[All DP-600 Questions]

Case study

HOTSPOT

This is a case study. Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case. However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

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Overview

data analysts, and data scientists.

Total size

Litware, Inc. is a manufacturing company that has offices throughout North America. The analytics team at Litware contains data engineers, analytics engineers,

Existing Environment

Fabric Environment

Litware has been using a Microsoft Power BI tenant for three years. Litware has NOT enabled any Fabric capacities and features.

Available Data

Description Original source Customer data Customer relationship 50 MB management (CRM) system

Litware has data that must be analyzed as shown in the following table.

Name	Data type		
The Product data contain	ns a single table ar	nd the following column	S.
satisfaction surveys			
Customer	SurveyMonkey		500 GB
	management (0	CRM) system	
Product data	Customer relati	onship	200 MB

The customer satisfaction data contains the following tables:

Integer

String String

Decimal

 Survey 	

Question

Response

ProductID

ListPrice

ProductName

ProductCategory

For each survey submitted, the following occurs:

One row is added to the Survey table.

One row is added to the Response table for each question in the survey.

survey after each purchase.

User Problems

The analytics team has large volumes of data, some of which is semi-structured. The team wants to use Fabric to create a new data store.

The Question table contains the text of each survey question. The third question in each survey response is an overall satisfaction score. Customers can submit a

Product data is often classified into three pricing groups: high, medium, and low. This logic is implemented in several databases and semantic models, but the logic does NOT always match across implementations.

Planned Changes

Requirements

Litware plans to enable Fabric features in the existing tenant. The analytics team will create a new data store as a proof of concept (PoC). The remaining Liware users will only get access to the Fabric features once the PoC is complete. The PoC will be completed by using a Fabric trial capacity

AnalyticsPOC: Will contain the data store, semantic models, reports pipelines, dataflow, and notebooks used to populate the data store

 DataSciPOC: Will contain all the notebooks and reports created by the data scientists The following will be created in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:

The following three workspaces will be created:

A data store (type to be decided)

tools for data ingestion. The choice of which data cleansing and transformation tools to use will be at the data engineers' discretion.

· DataEngPOC: Will contain all the pipelines, dataflows, and notebooks used to populate OneLake

· Interactive reports

The data engineers will create data pipelines to load data to OneLake either hourly or daily depending on the data source. The analytics engineers will create processes to ingest, transform, and load the data to the data store in the AnalyticsPOC workspace daily. Whenever possible, the data engineers will use low-code

· A custom semantic model

· A default semantic model

All the semantic models and reports in the Analytics POC workspace will use the data store as the sole data source. Technical Requirements

The data store must support the following:

· Read access by using T-SQL or Python Semi-structured and unstructured data · Row-level security (RLS) for users executing T-SQL queries

Files loaded by the data engineers to OneLake will be stored in the Parquet format and will meet Delta Lake specifications.

model The data load process must ensure that the raw and cleansed data is updated completely before populating the dimensional model

The date dimension must always contain dates from 2010 through the end of the current year.

for T-SOL. queries and in the default semantic model. The following logic must be used: List prices that are less than or equal to 50 are in the low pricing group.

Security Requirements

List prices that are greater than 1,000 are in the high pricing group.

Only Fabric administrators and the analytics team must be able to see the Fabric items created as part of the PoC. Litware identifies the following security requirements for the Fabric items in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:

• The analytics engineers must be able to read from, write to, and create schemas in the data store. They also must be able to create and share semantic models with the data analysts and view and modify all reports in the workspace. • The data scientists must be able to read from the data store, but not write to it. They will access the data by using a Spark notebook

Fabric administrators will be the workspace administrators.

• The data analysts must have read access to only the dimensional model objects in the data store. They also must have access to create Power BI reports by using the semantic models created by the analytics engineers. The date dimension must be available to all users of the data store.

• The data engineers must be able to read from and write to the data store. No access must be granted to datasets or reports.

- Both the default and custom semantic models must include only tables or views from the dimensional model in the data store. Litware already has the following Microsoft Entra security groups:
- · FabricAdmins: Fabric administrators · AnalyticsTeam: All the members of the analytics team
- DataScientists: The data scientists on the analytics team DataEngineers: The data engineers on the analytics team AnalyticsEngineers: The analytics engineers on the analytics team

DataAnalysts: The data analysts on the analytics team

The principle of least privilege must be followed.

Report Requirements

Shows data as soon as the data is updated in the data store.

Enables a user to select a product to filter customer survey responses to only those who have purchased that product. Displays the average overall satisfaction score of all the surveys submitted during the last 12 months up to a selected dat.

- Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year. Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store. Minimizes the execution time of report queries.
- You need to design a semantic model for the customer satisfaction report.

Which data source authentication method and mode should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

The data analysts must create a customer satisfaction report that meets the following requirements:

Answer Area Authentication method:

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Data will be loaded without transformation in one area of the AnalyticsPOC data store. The data will then be cleansed, merged, and transformed into a dimensional The dimensional model must contain a date dimension. There is no existing data source for the date dimension. The Litware fiscal year matches the calendar year. The product pricing group logic must be maintained by the analytics engineers in a single location. The pricing group data must be made available in the data store • List prices that are greater than 50 and less than or equal to 1,000 are in the medium pricing group.

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Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 62 Topic #: 1

HOME

[All DP-600 Questions]

Case study -

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Overview -

Litware, Inc. is a manufacturing company that has offices throughout North America. The analytics team at Litware contains data engineers, analytics engineers, data analysts, and data scientists.

Existing Environment -

Fabric Environment -

Total size

Litware has been using a Microsoft Power BI tenant for three years. Litware has NOT enabled any Fabric capacities and features.

Customer data

Name

ProductID

Available Data -

Description Original source

Customer relationship

Litware has data that must be analyzed as shown in the following table.

	management (CRM) system		
Product data	Customer relationship	200 MB	
	management (CRM) system		
Customer	SurveyMonkey	500 GB	
satisfaction surveys			
The Product data contains a single table and the following columns.			

following tables:

Integer String

Data type

ProductName	String	
ProductCategory	String	
ListPrice	Decimal	
The customer satisfaction data contains the		

Question

Response

Survey

- For each survey submitted, the following occurs:

One row is added to the Response table for each question in the survey.

The Question table contains the text of each survey question. The third question in each survey response is an overall satisfaction score. Customers can submit a survey

One row is added to the Survey table.

after each purchase.

User Problems -

The analytics team has large volumes of data, some of which is semi-structured. The team wants to use Fabric to create a new data store.

Product data is often classified into three pricing groups: high, medium, and low. This logic is implemented in several databases and semantic models, but the logic does NOT always match across implementations.

Requirements -

Planned Changes -

only get access to the Fabric features once the PoC is complete. The PoC will be completed by using a Fabric trial capacity

The following three workspaces will be created:

Litware plans to enable Fabric features in the existing tenant. The analytics team will create a new data store as a proof of concept (PoC). The remaining Liware users will

• DataEngPOC: Will contain all the pipelines, dataflows, and notebooks used to populate OneLake DataSciPOC: Will contain all the notebooks and reports created by the data scientists

The following will be created in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:

AnalyticsPOC: Will contain the data store, semantic models, reports pipelines, dataflow, and notebooks used to populate the data store

A data store (type to be decided)

· A custom semantic model A default semantic model

- Interactive reports
- The data engineers will create data pipelines to load data to OneLake either hourly or daily depending on the data source. The analytics engineers will create processes to ingest, transform, and load the data to the data store in the AnalyticsPOC workspace daily. Whenever possible, the data engineers will use low-code tools for data

All the semantic models and reports in the Analytics POC workspace will use the data store as the sole data source. Technical Requirements -

The data store must support the following:

ingestion. The choice of which data cleansing and transformation tools to use will be at the data engineers' discretion.

 Read access by using T-SQL or Python · Semi-structured and unstructured data · Row-level security (RLS) for users executing T-SQL queries

Files loaded by the data engineers to OneLake will be stored in the Parquet format and will meet Delta Lake specifications.

The data load process must ensure that the raw and cleansed data is updated completely before populating the dimensional model

date dimension must always contain dates from 2010 through the end of the current year.

The product pricing group logic must be maintained by the analytics engineers in a single location. The pricing group data must be made available in the data store for T-SOL. queries and in the default semantic model. The following logic must be used:

The dimensional model must contain a date dimension. There is no existing data source for the date dimension. The Litware fiscal year matches the calendar year. The

Data will be loaded without transformation in one area of the AnalyticsPOC data store. The data will then be cleansed, merged, and transformed into a dimensional model

 List prices that are less than or equal to 50 are in the low pricing group. List prices that are greater than 50 and less than or equal to 1,000 are in the medium pricing group.

Security Requirements -

List prices that are greater than 1,000 are in the high pricing group.

- Litware identifies the following security requirements for the Fabric items in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:
- The data engineers must be able to read from and write to the data store. No access must be granted to datasets or reports. • The analytics engineers must be able to read from, write to, and create schemas in the data store. They also must be able to create and share semantic models with the

Only Fabric administrators and the analytics team must be able to see the Fabric items created as part of the PoC.

- data analysts and view and modify all reports in the workspace. • The data scientists must be able to read from the data store, but not write to it. They will access the data by using a Spark notebook • The data analysts must have read access to only the dimensional model objects in the data store. They also must have access to create Power BI reports by using the
- The date dimension must be available to all users of the data store. The principle of least privilege must be followed.
- Both the default and custom semantic models must include only tables or views from the dimensional model in the data store. Litware already has the following Microsoft Entra security groups:
- AnalyticsTeam: All the members of the analytics team DataAnalysts: The data analysts on the analytics team DataScientists: The data scientists on the analytics team

Fabric Admins: Fabric administrators

semantic models created by the analytics engineers.

- DataEngineers: The data engineers on the analytics team
- Report Requirements -

 Enables a user to select a product to filter customer survey responses to only those who have purchased that product. Displays the average overall satisfaction score of all the surveys submitted during the last 12 months up to a selected dat.

- · Shows data as soon as the data is updated in the data store. Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year. Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store.

You need to implement the date dimension in the data store. The solution must meet the technical requirements.

- What are two ways to achieve the goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.
- A. Populate the date dimension table by using a dataflow. B. Populate the date dimension table by using a Copy activity in a pipeline.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

C. Populate the date dimension view by using T-SQL.

Show Suggested Answer

D. Populate the date dimension table by using a Stored procedure activity in a pipeline.

Fabric administrators will be the workspace administrators.

- Analytics Engineers: The analytics engineers on the analytics team
- The data analysts must create a customer satisfaction report that meets the following requirements:
- Minimizes the execution time of report queries.

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Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 63

HOME

Topic #: 1 [All DP-600 Questions]

Case study -

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other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this

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Overview -

Litware, Inc. is a manufacturing company that has offices throughout North America. The analytics team at Litware contains data engineers, analytics engineers, data analysts, and data scientists.

Total size

50 MB

Existing Environment -

Fabric Environment -

Litware has been using a Microsoft Power BI tenant for three years. Litware has NOT enabled any Fabric capacities and features.

Litware has data that must be analyzed as shown in the following table.

Customer data

Name

ProductID

ListPrice

ProductName

ProductCategory

Available Data -

Description Original source

Customer relationship

management (CRM) system

Product data	Customer relationship management (CRM) system	200 MB
Customer satisfaction surveys	SurveyMonkey	500 GB
The Product data contains a single table and the following columns.		

TI ontains the following tables:

Integer

String

String Decimal

Data type

The customer	satisfaction	data	CC
• Survey			

For each survey submitted, the following occurs:

- Question Response

One row is added to the Response table for each question in the survey.

The Question table contains the text of each survey question. The third question in each survey response is an overall satisfaction score. Customers can submit a survey after each purchase.

· One row is added to the Survey table.

User Problems -

Product data is often classified into three pricing groups: high, medium, and low. This logic is implemented in several databases and semantic models, but the logic

does NOT always match across implementations.

The analytics team has large volumes of data, some of which is semi-structured. The team wants to use Fabric to create a new data store.

Requirements -

Planned Changes -

users will only get access to the Fabric features once the PoC is complete. The PoC will be completed by using a Fabric trial capacity The following three workspaces will be created:

· AnalyticsPOC: Will contain the data store, semantic models, reports pipelines, dataflow, and notebooks used to populate the data store • DataEngPOC: Will contain all the pipelines, dataflows, and notebooks used to populate OneLake

Litware plans to enable Fabric features in the existing tenant. The analytics team will create a new data store as a proof of concept (PoC). The remaining Liware

The following will be created in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:

DataSciPOC: Will contain all the notebooks and reports created by the data scientists

· A default semantic model · Interactive reports

The data engineers will create data pipelines to load data to OneLake either hourly or daily depending on the data source. The analytics engineers will create

A data store (type to be decided)

processes to ingest, transform, and load the data to the data store in the AnalyticsPOC workspace daily. Whenever possible, the data engineers will use low-code tools for data ingestion. The choice of which data cleansing and transformation tools to use will be at the data engineers' discretion.

· A custom semantic model

Technical Requirements -

The data store must support the following: Read access by using T-SQL or Python

All the semantic models and reports in the Analytics POC workspace will use the data store as the sole data source.

· Semi-structured and unstructured data · Row-level security (RLS) for users executing T-SQL queries

Files loaded by the data engineers to OneLake will be stored in the Parquet format and will meet Delta Lake specifications.

Data will be loaded without transformation in one area of the AnalyticsPOC data store. The data will then be cleansed, merged, and transformed into a dimensional model

The dimensional model must contain a date dimension. There is no existing data source for the date dimension. The Litware fiscal year matches the calendar year. The date dimension must always contain dates from 2010 through the end of the current year.

The data load process must ensure that the raw and cleansed data is updated completely before populating the dimensional model

The product pricing group logic must be maintained by the analytics engineers in a single location. The pricing group data must be made available in the data store

 List prices that are less than or equal to 50 are in the low pricing group. • List prices that are greater than 50 and less than or equal to 1,000 are in the medium pricing group.

Security Requirements -

Fabric administrators will be the workspace administrators.

The date dimension must be available to all users of the data store.

· List prices that are greater than 1,000 are in the high pricing group.

for T-SOL. queries and in the default semantic model. The following logic must be used:

- Only Fabric administrators and the analytics team must be able to see the Fabric items created as part of the PoC. Litware identifies the following security requirements for the Fabric items in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:
- The analytics engineers must be able to read from, write to, and create schemas in the data store. They also must be able to create and share semantic models with the data analysts and view and modify all reports in the workspace.
- The data analysts must have read access to only the dimensional model objects in the data store. They also must have access to create Power BI reports by using the semantic models created by the analytics engineers.
- The principle of least privilege must be followed. Both the default and custom semantic models must include only tables or views from the dimensional model in the data store. Litware already has the following

• The data scientists must be able to read from the data store, but not write to it. They will access the data by using a Spark notebook

The data engineers must be able to read from and write to the data store. No access must be granted to datasets or reports.

Microsoft Entra security groups: · FabricAdmins: Fabric administrators

 DataAnalysts: The data analysts on the analytics team DataScientists: The data scientists on the analytics team DataEngineers: The data engineers on the analytics team

AnalyticsTeam: All the members of the analytics team

- AnalyticsEngineers: The analytics engineers on the analytics team
- Report Requirements -

The data analysts must create a customer satisfaction report that meets the following requirements:

- Shows data as soon as the data is updated in the data store. • Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year.
- · Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store. Minimizes the execution time of report queries.

· Enables a user to select a product to filter customer survey responses to only those who have purchased that product.

• Displays the average overall satisfaction score of all the surveys submitted during the last 12 months up to a selected dat.

You need to ensure the data loading activities in the AnalyticsPOC workspace are executed in the appropriate sequence. The solution must meet the technical

requirements. What should you do?

B. Create and schedule a Spark notebook.

- A. Create a dataflow that has multiple steps and schedule the dataflow.
- C. Create and schedule a Spark job definition. D. Create a pipeline that has dependencies between activities and schedule the pipeline.

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Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 64

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

Case study -

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Overview -

Contoso, Ltd. is a US-based health supplements company. Contoso has two divisions named Sales and Research. The Sales division contains two departments named Online Sales and Retail Sales. The Research division assigns internally developed product lines to individual teams of researchers and analysts.

Existing Environment -

Identity Environment -

Contoso has a Microsoft Entra tenant named contoso.com. The tenant contains two groups named ResearchReviewersGroup1 and ResearchReviewersGroup2.

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Contoso has the following data environment:

- The Sales division uses a Microsoft Power BI Premium capacity.
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Requirements -

Planned Changes -

Contoso plans to make the following changes:

- Enable support for Fabric in the Power BI Premium capacity used by the Sales division.
- Make all the data for the Sales division and the Research division available in Fabric.
- For the Research division, create two Fabric workspaces named Productine1ws and Productine2ws.
- In Productline1ws, create a lakehouse named Lakehouse1.
- In Lakehouse1, create a shortcut to storage1 named ResearchProduct.

Data Analytics Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following data analytics requirements:

- All the workspaces for the Sales division and the Research division must support all Fabric experiences.
- The Research division workspaces must use a dedicated, on-demand capacity that has per-minute billing.
- The Research division workspaces must be grouped together logically to support OneLake data hub filtering based on the department name.
- For the Research division workspaces, the members of ResearchReviewersGroup1 must be able to read lakehouse and warehouse data and shortcuts by using SQL endpoints.
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- All the semantic models and reports for the Research division must use version control that supports branching.

Data Preparation Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following data preparation requirements:

- The Research division data for Productline1 must be retrieved from Lakehouse1 by using Fabric notebooks.
- All the Research division data in the lakehouses must be presented as managed tables in Lakehouse explorer.

Semantic Model Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following requirements for implementing and managing semantic models:

- The number of rows added to the Orders table during refreshes must be minimized.
- The semantic models in the Research division workspaces must use Direct Lake mode.

General Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following high-level requirements that must be considered for all solutions:

- Follow the principle of least privilege when applicable. Minimize implementation and maintenance effort when possible.

You need to recommend which type of Fabric capacity SKU meets the data analytics requirements for the Research division.

What should you recommend?

A. A B. EM

C. P

D. F

HOME **POPULAR EXAMS FORUM EXAMTOPICS PRO** VIEW ALL EXAMS DOWNLOAD FREE COURSES CONTACT Q Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600 Question #: 65 Topic #: 1 [All DP-600 Questions] H0TSP0T

Case study

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General Requirements

Follow the principle of least privilege when applicable.

Contoso identifies the following high-level requirements that must be considered for all solutions:

Minimize implementation and maintenance effort when possible.

How should you complete the code? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

You need to migrate the Research division data for Productline1. The solution must meet the data preparation requirements.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

df=spark.read.format('csv').options(header="true",inferSchema="true").load("fs1@storage1.dfs.core.windows.net/files/productline1")

Answer Area

df.write.mode("overwrite").format(" ▼ ").save("

Q

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 66

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

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General Requirements -

Conoral Paguiramente

Contoso identifies the following high-level requirements that must be considered for all solutions:

- Follow the principle of least privilege when applicable.
- Minimize implementation and maintenance effort when possible.

What should you use to implement calculation groups for the Research division semantic models?

- , ,
- A. Microsoft Power BI Desktop
 B. the Power BI service
 - C. DAX Studio

Show Suggested Answer

D. Tabular Editor

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• The semantic models in the Research division workspaces must use Direct Lake mode.

General Requirements

Contoso identifies the following high-level requirements that must be considered for all solutions:

Follow the principle of least privilege when applicable.

- Minimize implementation and maintenance effort when possible.
- Which workspace role assignments should you recommend for ResearchReviewersGroup1 and ResearchReviewersGroup2? To answer, select the appropriate options

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

ResearchReviewersGroup1:

in the answer area.



Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 68

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

H0TSP0T

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You have a Fabric tenant.

You need to configure OneLake security for users shown in the following table.

Name	Required access	
User1	Read all the Spark data.	
User2	Read all the SQL endpoint data.	

The solution must follow the principle of least privilege.

Which permission should you assign to each user? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area User1: Read ReadAll ReadData User2: Read ReadAll ReadAll ReadData

IACAA

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 69

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

You have an Azure Repos repository named Repo1 and a Fabric-enabled Microsoft Power BI Premium capacity. The capacity contains two workspaces named Workspace1 and Workspace2. Git integration is enabled at the workspace level.

You plan to use Microsoft Power BI Desktop and Workspace1 to make version-controlled changes to a semantic model stored in Repo1. The changes will be built and deployed to Workspace2 by using Azure Pipelines.

You need to ensure that report and semantic model definitions are saved as individual text files in a folder hierarchy. The solution must minimize development and maintenance effort.

In which file format should you save the changes?

- A. PBIP
- B. PBIDS
- C. PBIT
- D. PBIX

Question #: 70

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

DRAG DROP

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You are implementing a medallion architecture in a single Fabric workspace.

You have a lakehouse that contains the Bronze and Silver layers and a warehouse that contains the Gold layer.

You create the items required to populate the layers as shown in the following table.

Layer	Data integration tool	
Bronze	Pipelines with Copy activities	
Silver	Dataflows	
Gold	Stored procedures	

You need to ensure that the layers are populated daily in sequential order such that Silver is populated only after Bronze is complete, and Gold is populated only after Silver is complete. The solution must minimize development effort and complexity.

What should you use to execute each set of items? To answer, drag the appropriate options to the correct items. Each option may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A pipeline Copy activity	
A pipeline Dataflow activity	
A pipeline Stored procedure activity	0
A schedule	0
A Spark job definition	
An Invoke pipeline activity	

Question #: 71

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

DRAG DROP

-

You are building a solution by using a Fabric notebook.

You have a Spark DataFrame assigned to a variable named df. The DataFrame returns four columns.

You need to change the data type of a string column named Age to integer. The solution must return a DataFrame that includes all the columns.

How should you complete the code? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct targets. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

df.	("age",	("age").	("int")).show(
	df.	df. ("age",	df. ("age", ("age").

COURSES

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FORUM

Actual exam question from Microsoft's DP-600

Question #: 72

Topic #: 1

[All DP-600 Questions]

HOTSPOT

You have an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 account named storage1 that contains a Parguet file named sales.parguet.

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a workspace named Workspace1.

Using a notebook in Workspace1, you need to load the content of the file to the default lakehouse. The solution must ensure that the content will display automatically as a table named Sales in Lakehouse explorer.

How should you complete the code? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

```
df = spark.read.parquet("abfss://fs1@storage1.dfs.core.windows.net/files/sales.parquet")
df.write.mode("overwrite").format("
                                                             ").saveAsTable("
                                                                                 sales
                                        CSV
                                        delta
                                                                                 files/sales
                                                                                 tables/sales
                                        parquet
```