

HOME EXAMTOPICS PRO POPULAR EXAMS VIEW ALL EXAMS DOWNLOAD FREE COURSES CONTACT FORUM

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 3

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

## DRAG DROP -

Drag the steps to configure a Cisco ISE node as a primary administration node from the left into the correct order on the right.

Select and Place:

Select the check box next to the current node, and then click Edit.

Step 1

IACAA

Click Save.

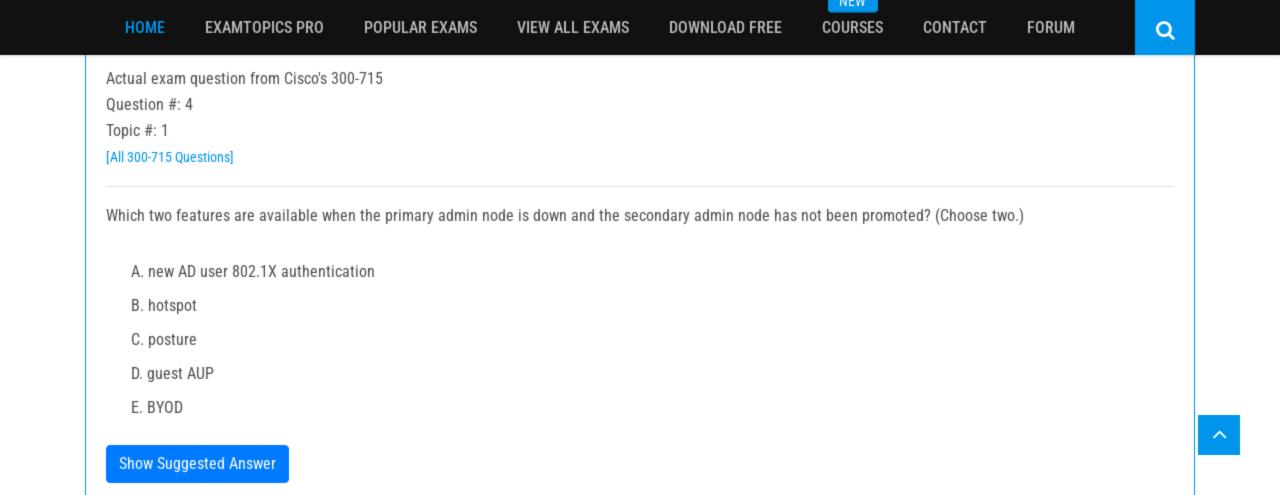
Step 2

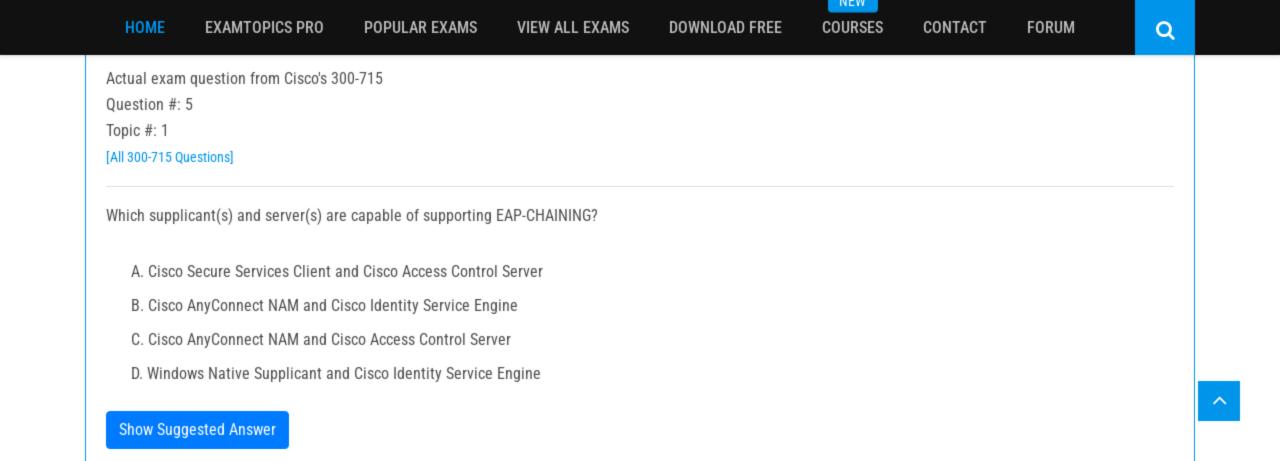
Choose Administration > System > Deployment.

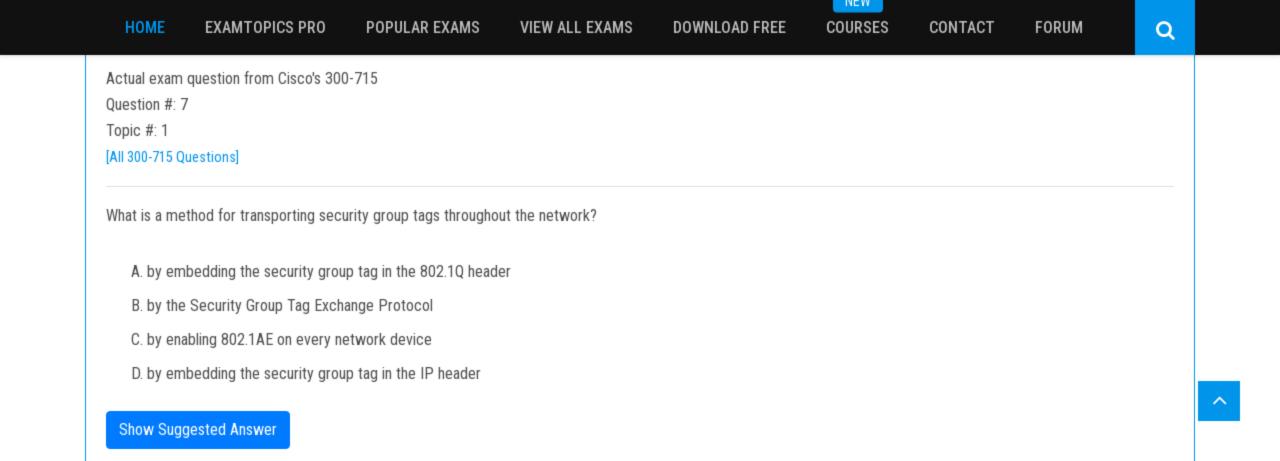
Step 3

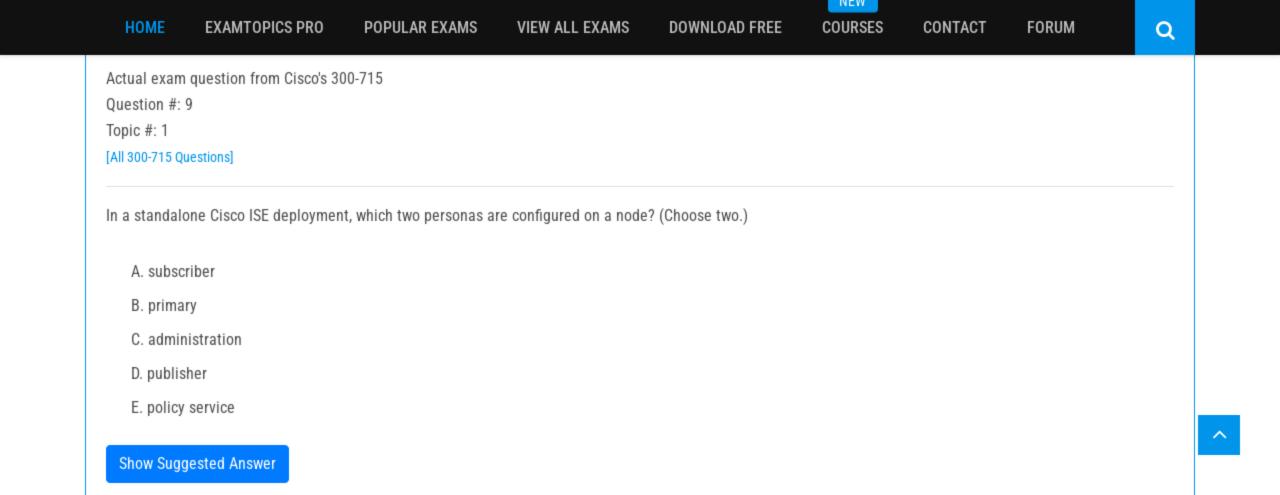
Click Make Primary.

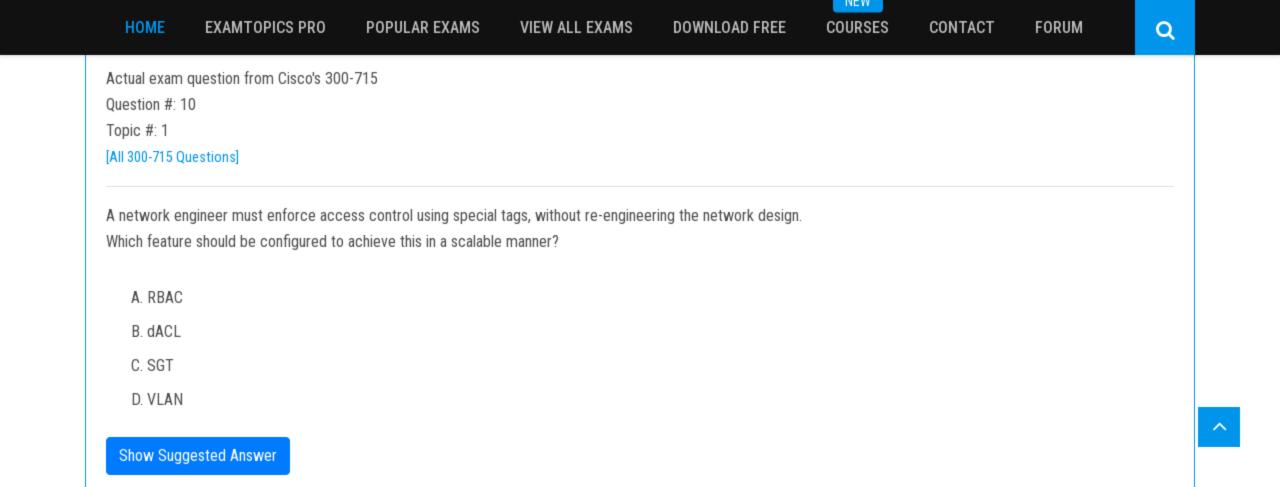
Step 4

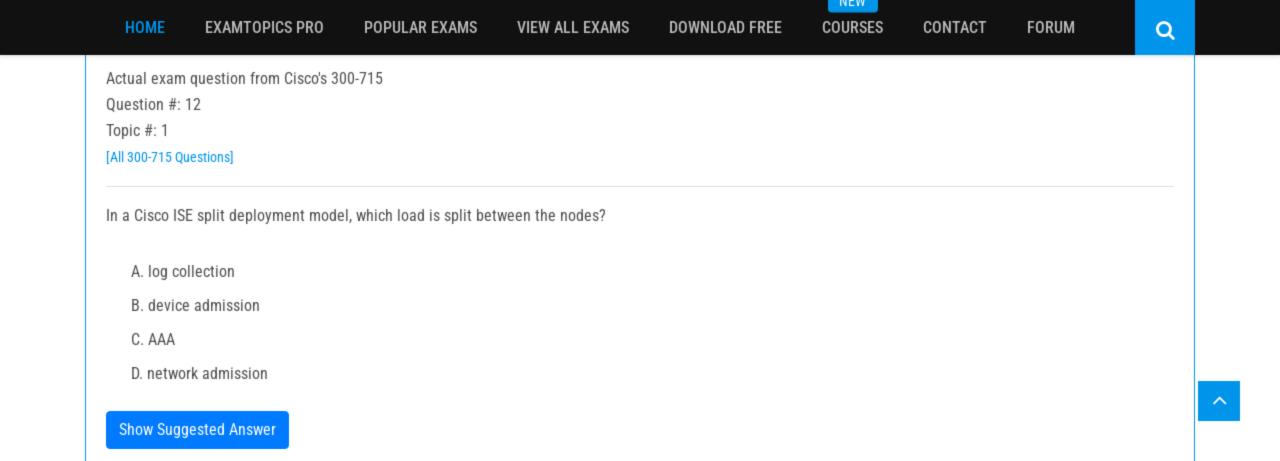


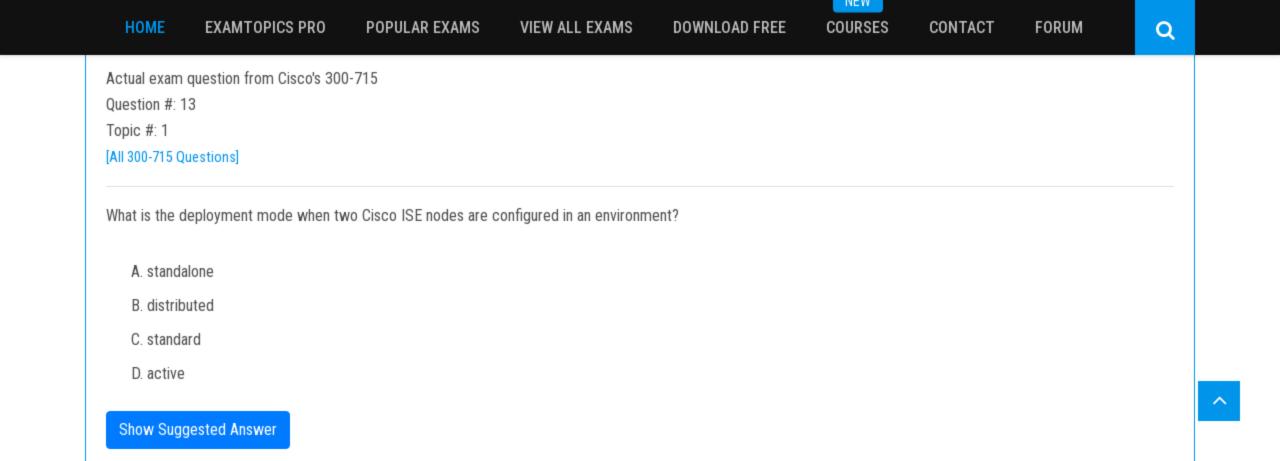


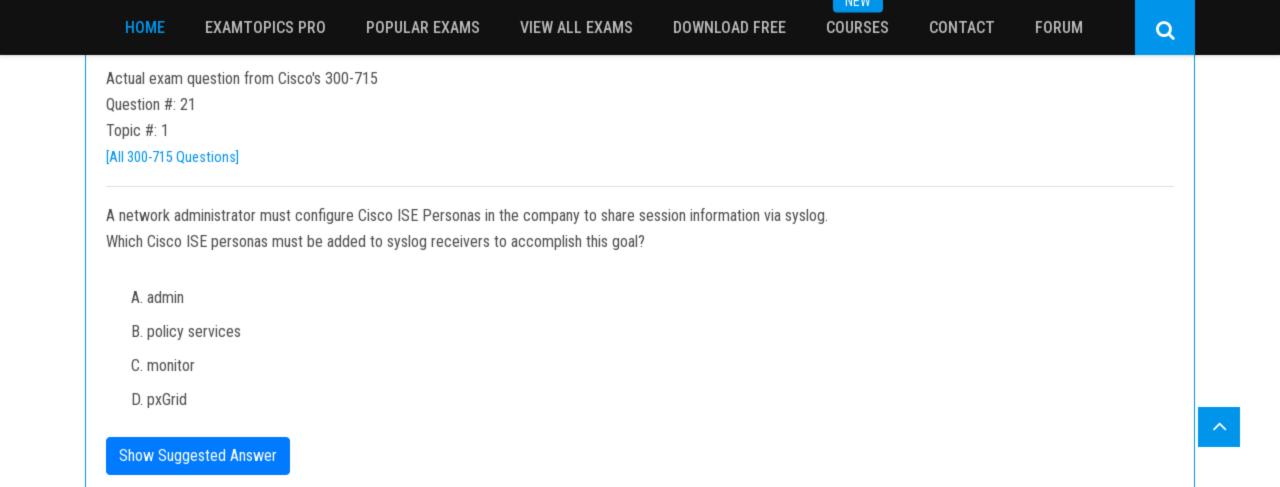


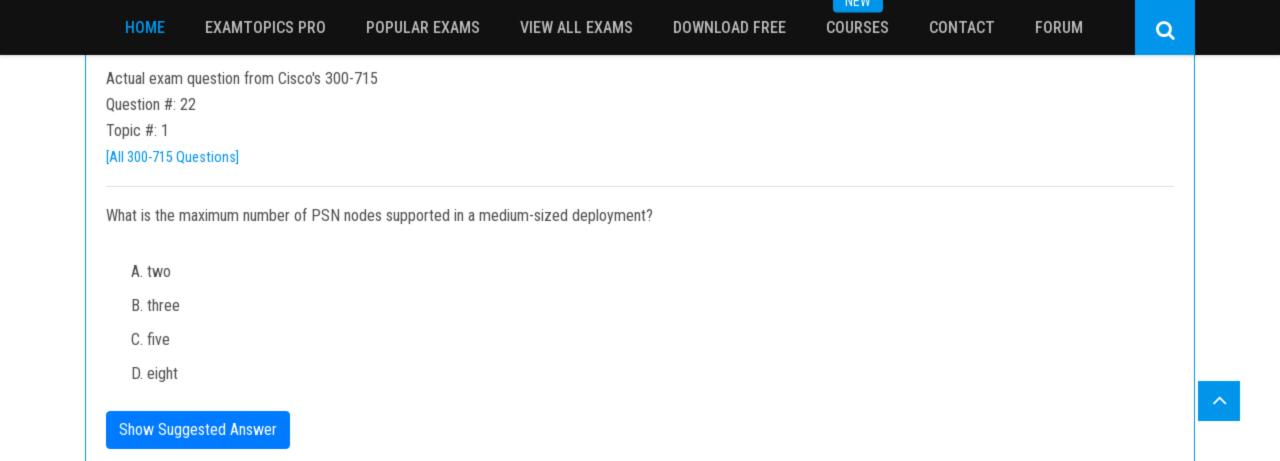


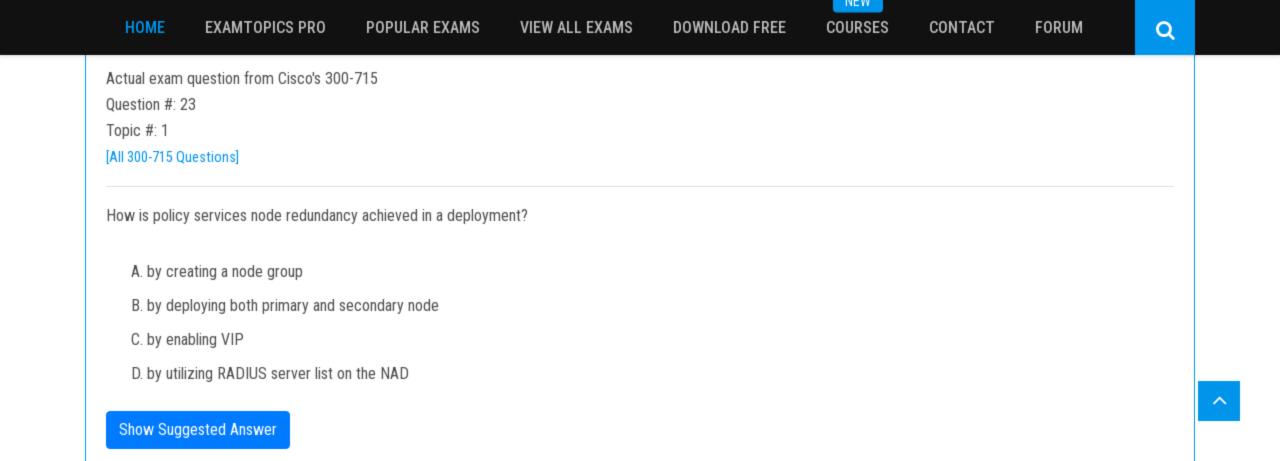


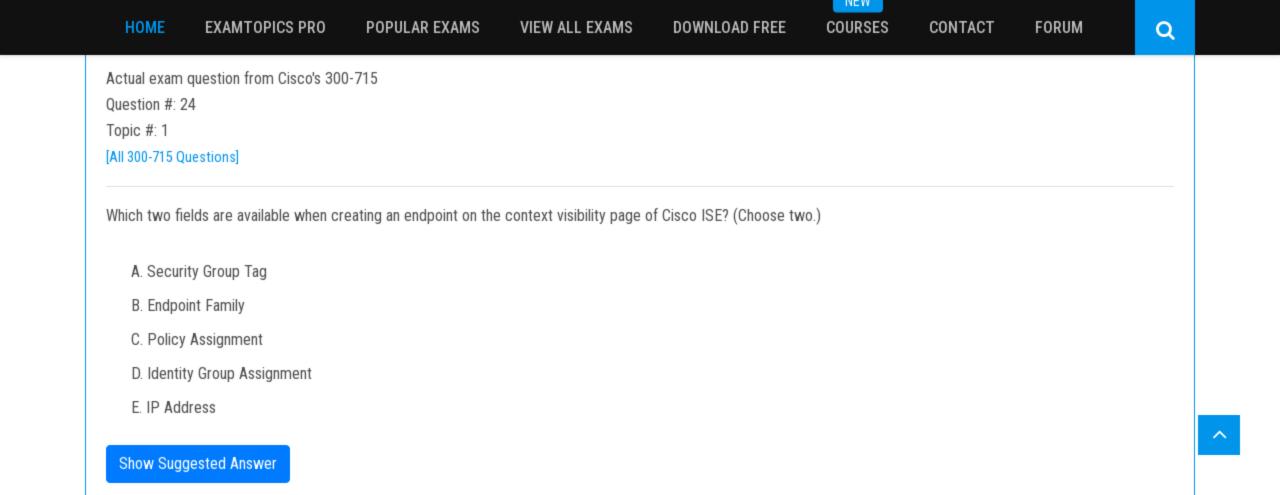


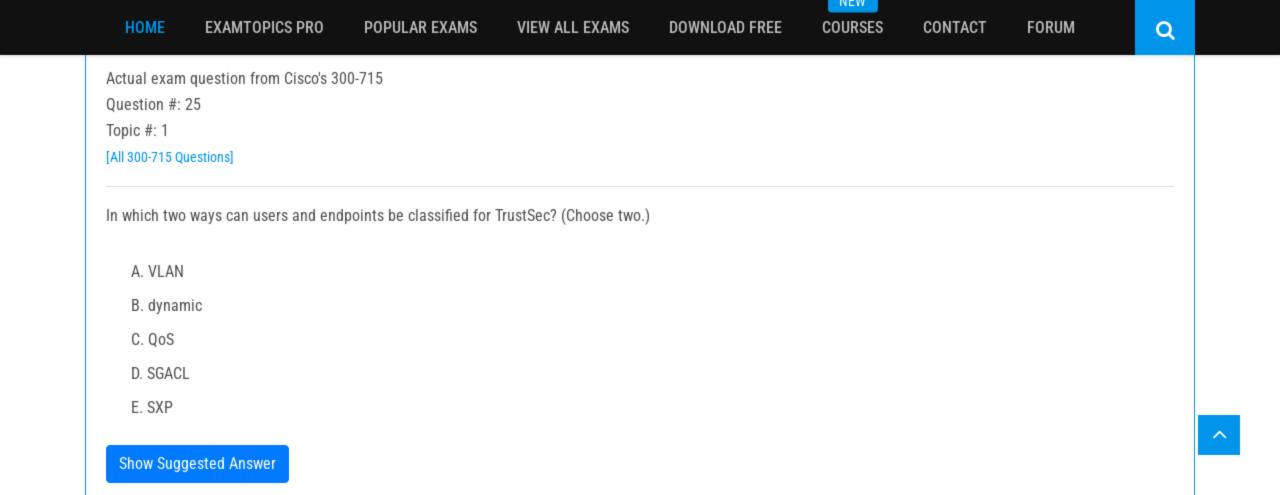


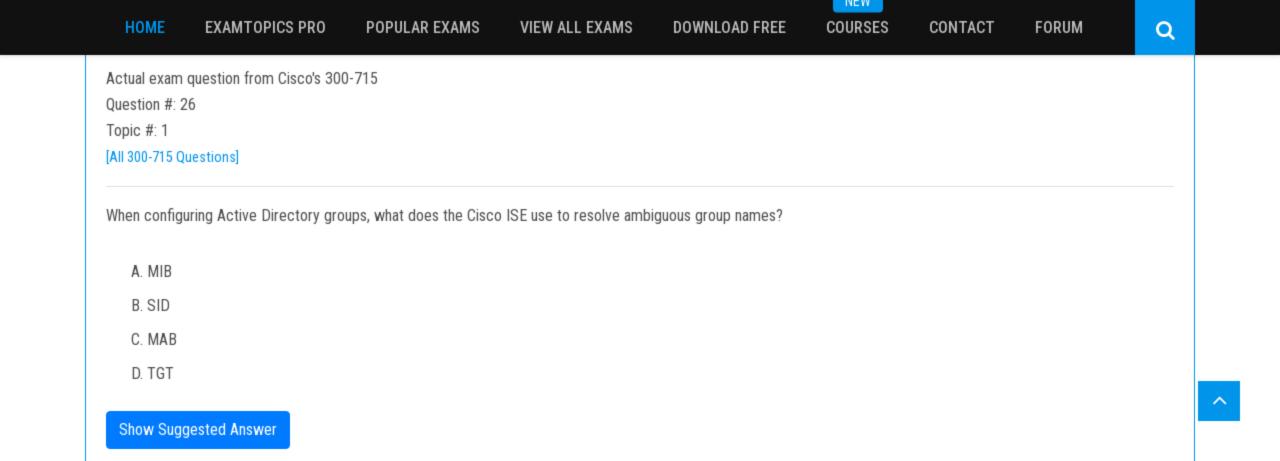


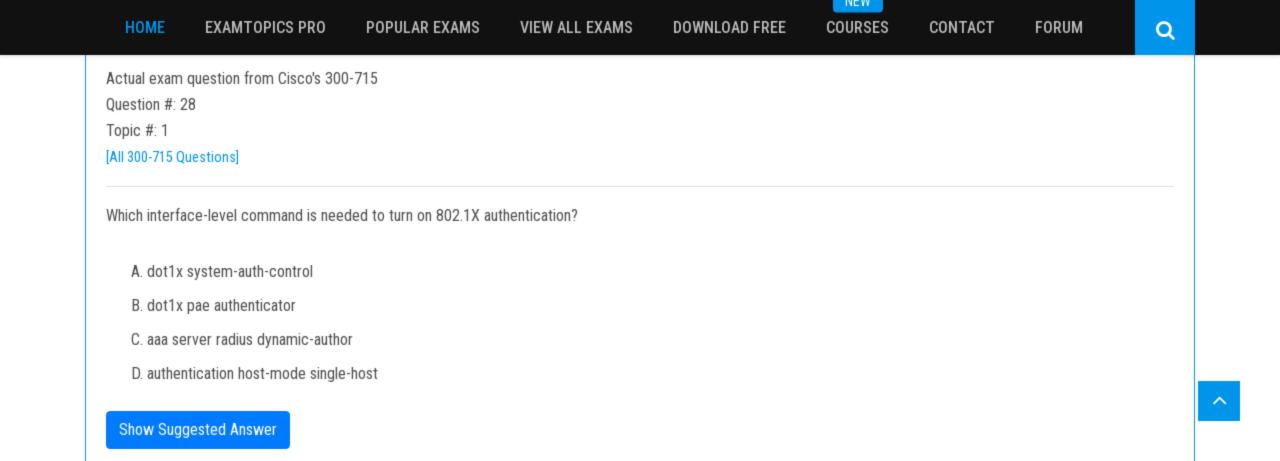


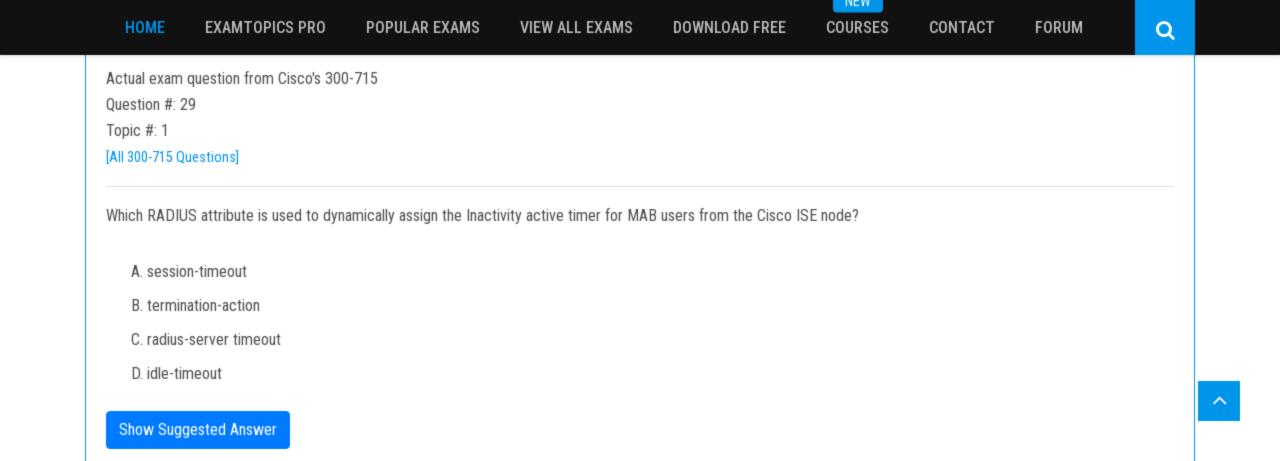


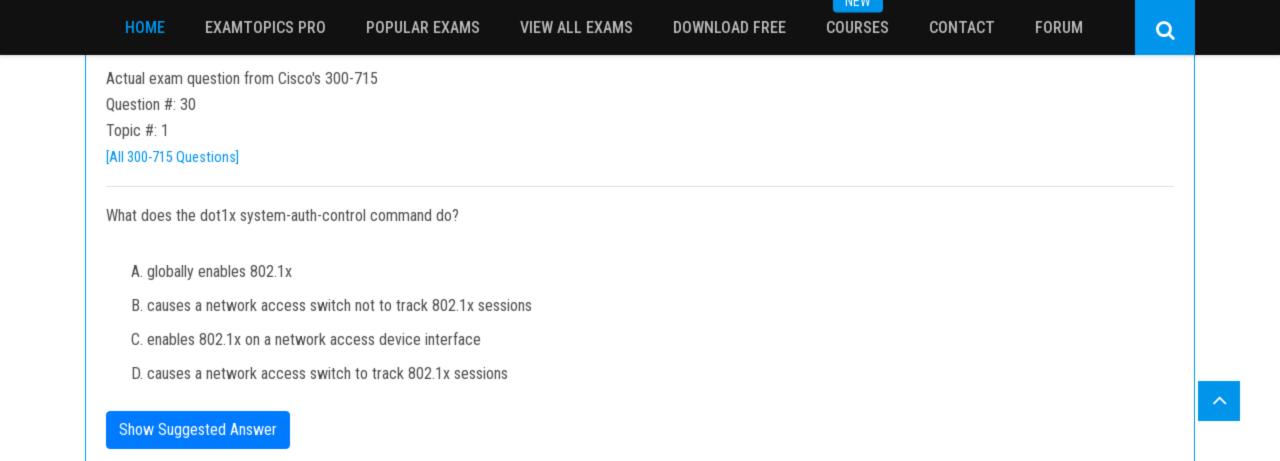


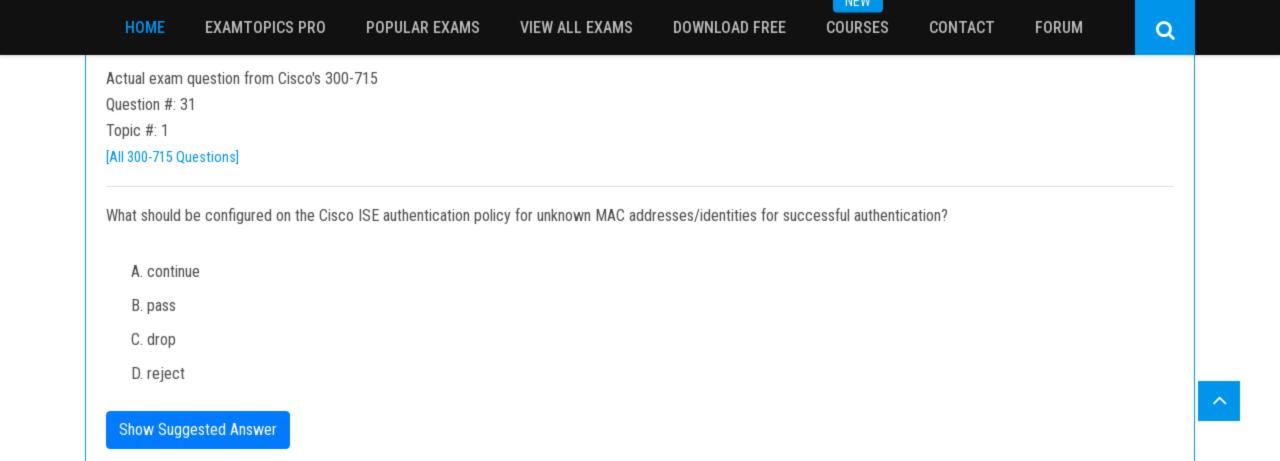












CONTACT FORUM

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 34

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

Interface: GigabitEthernet2/0/36

MAC Address: 000e.84af.59af

Status: Authz Success

Domain: DATA

Oper host mode: single-host

Authorized By: Authentication Server

Vlan Policy: 10

Handle: 0xE0000000

Runnable methods list:

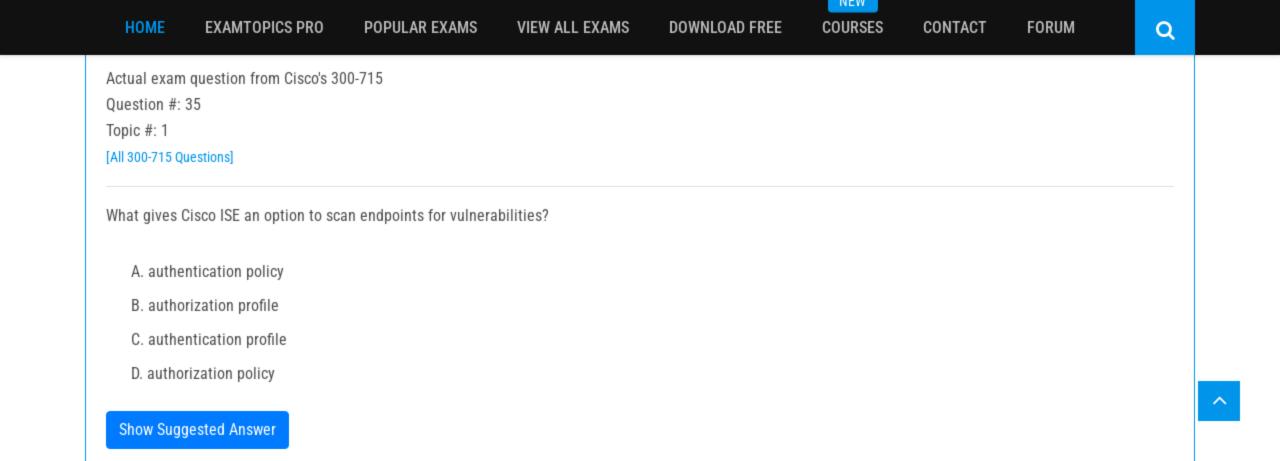
Method State

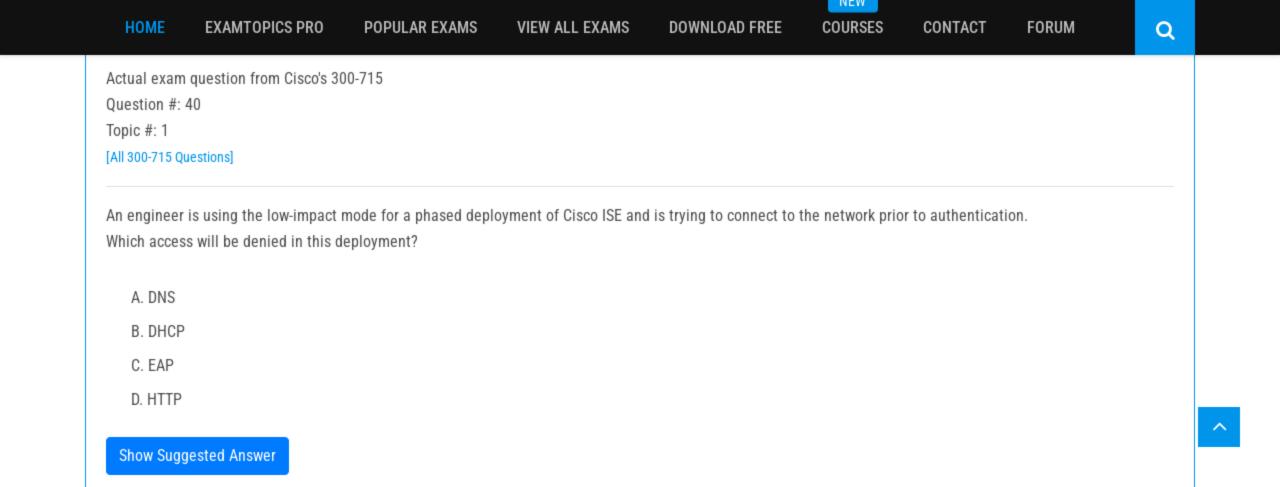
dot1x Authc Success

Refer to the exhibit. Which command is typed within the CLI of a switch to view the troubleshooting output?

- A. show authentication sessions mac 000e.84af.59af details
- B. show authentication registrations
- C. show authentication interface gigabitethernet2/0/36
- D. show authentication sessions method

Q





HOME EXAMTOPICS PRO POPULAR EXAMS VIEW ALL EXAMS DOWNLOAD FREE COURSES CONTACT FORUM

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 43

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

## DRAG DROP -

An organization wants to implement 802.1X and is debating whether to use PEAP-MSCHAPv2 or PEAP-EAP-TLS for authentication. Drag the characteristics on the left to the corresponding protocol on the right.

Select and Place:

uses username and password for authentication

uses certificates for authentication

changes credentials through the admin portal

supports fragmentation after the tunnel is established

uses the X.509 format

supports auto-enrollment for obtaining credentials

PEAP-MSCHAPv2
PEAP-EAP-TLS

Q

IAC AA

NEW

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 48

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

Switch(config)# gigabitEthernet1/0/2

Switch(config)# authentication port-control auto

Switch(config)# authentication host-mode multi-auth

Refer to the exhibit.

In which scenario does this switch configuration apply?

- A. when allowing a hub with multiple clients connected
- B. when allowing multiple IP phones to be connected
- C. when preventing users with hypervisor
- D. when bypassing IP phone authentication

^

NEW

FORUM

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 49

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1 authentication host-mode multi-auth authentication post-control auto mab dot1x pae authenticator

Refer to the exhibit.

Which switch configuration change will allow only one voice and one data endpoint on each port?

- A. auto to manual
- B. mab to dot1x
- C. multi-auth to multi-domain
- D. multi-auth to single-auth

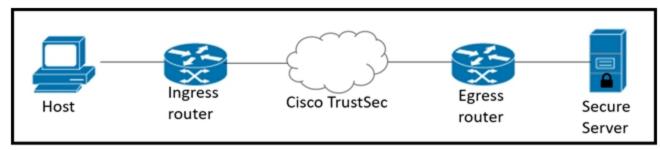
IN E VV

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 57

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]



Refer to the exhibit.

Which component must be configured to apply the SGACL?

- A. secure server
- B. host
- C. egress router
- D. ingress router

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 61 Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

An organization has a fully distributed Cisco ISE deployment. When implementing probes, an administrator must scan for unknown endpoints to learn the IP-to-MAC address bindings. The scan is complete on one PSN, but the information is not available on the others.

FORUM

Q

What must be done to make the information available?

- A. Cisco ISE must be configured to learn the IP-MAC binding of unknown endpoints via RADIUS authentication, not via scanning.
- B. Cisco ISE must learn the IP-MAC binding of unknown endpoints via DHCP profiling, not via scanning.
- C. Scanning must be initiated from the MnT node to centrally gather the information.
- D. Scanning must be initiated from the PSN that last authenticated the endpoint.

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 65

Topic #: 1

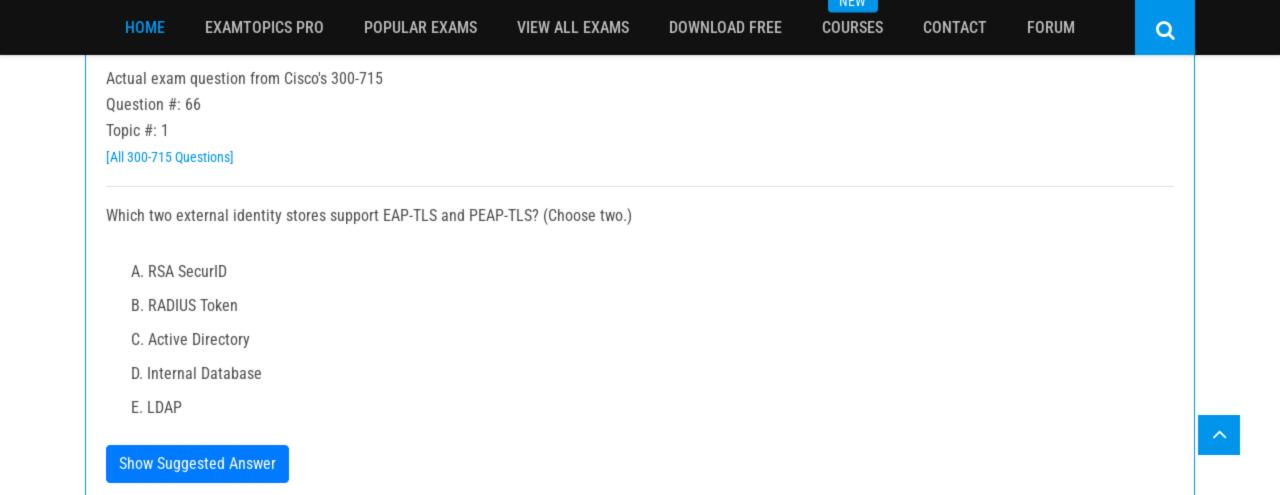
[All 300-715 Questions]

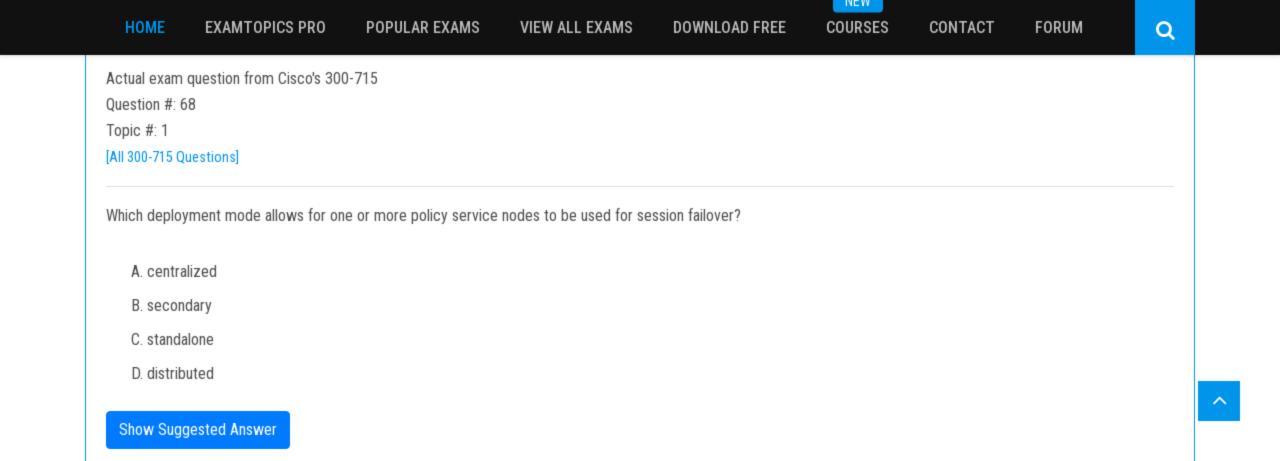
An engineer is using profiling to determine what access an endpoint must receive. After configuring both Cisco ISE and the network devices for 802.1X and profiling, the endpoints do not profile prior to authentication.

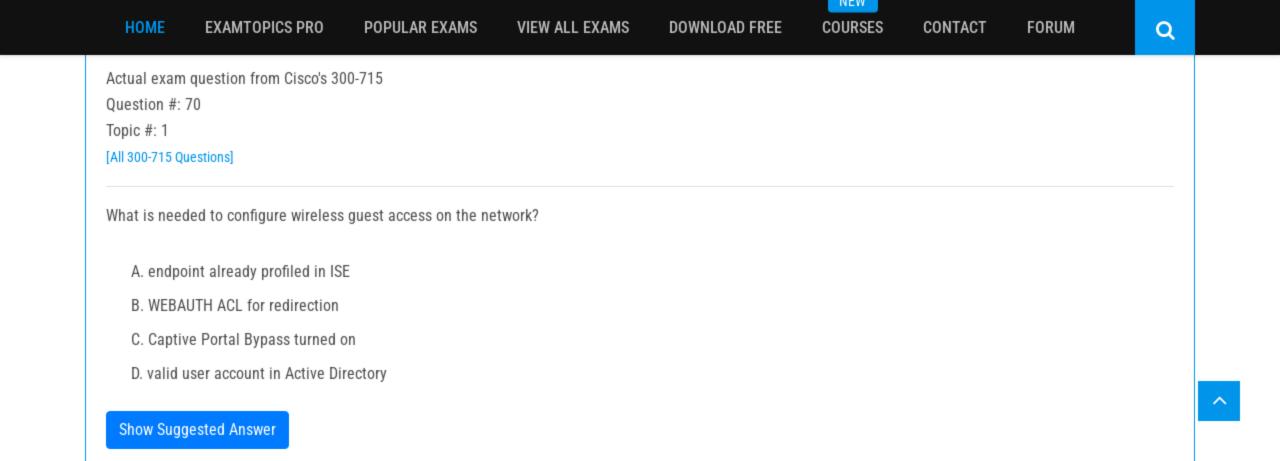
Q

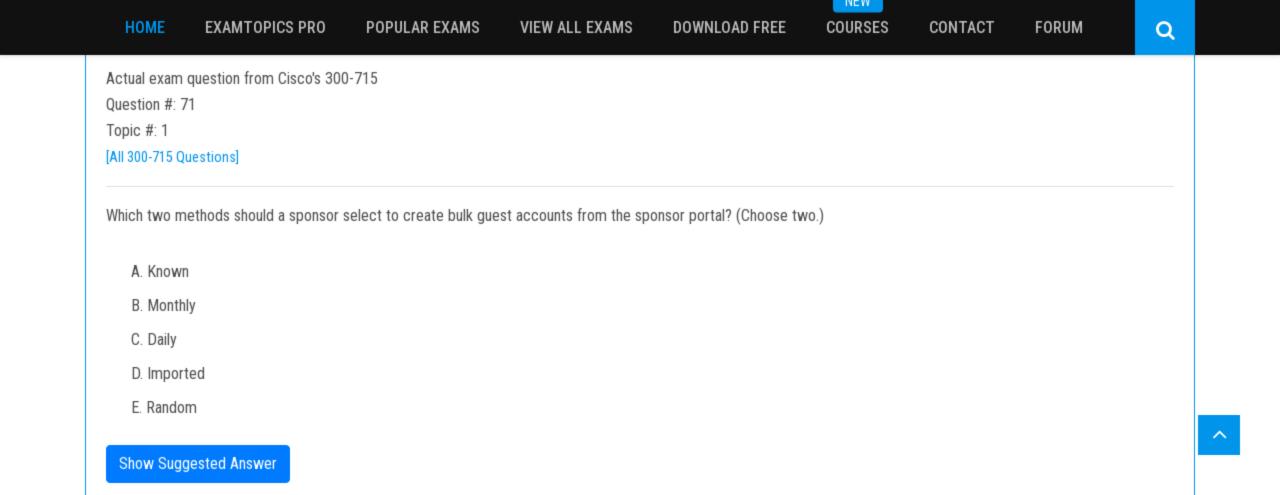
What are two reasons this is happening? (Choose two.)

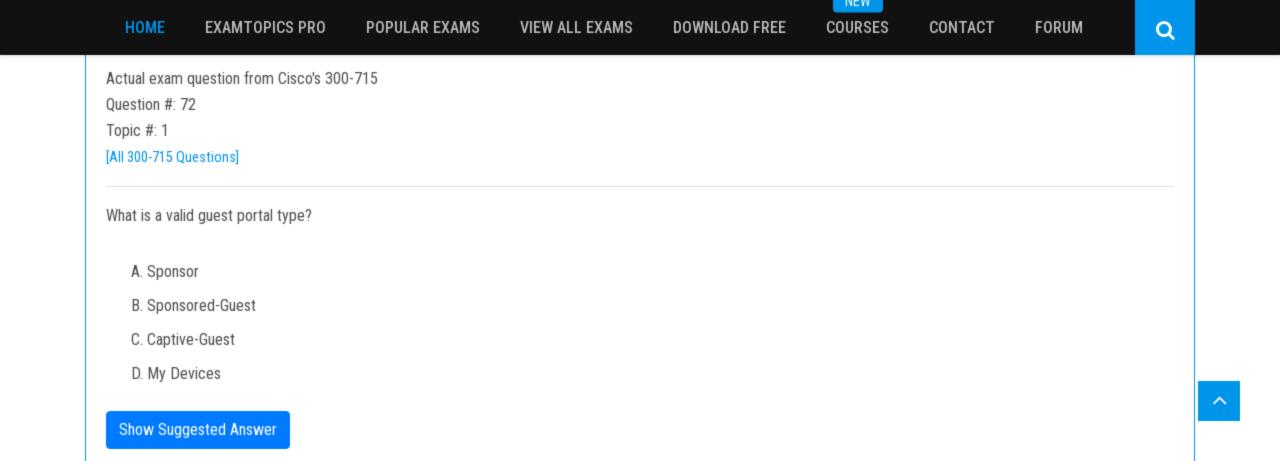
- A. Closed mode is restricting the collection of the attributes prior to authentication.
- B. The HTTP probe is malfunctioning due to closed mode being enabled.
- C. The SNMP probe is not enabled.
- D. NetFlow is not enable on the switch, so the attributes will not be collected.
- E. The switch is collecting the attributes via RADIUS but the probes are not sending them.

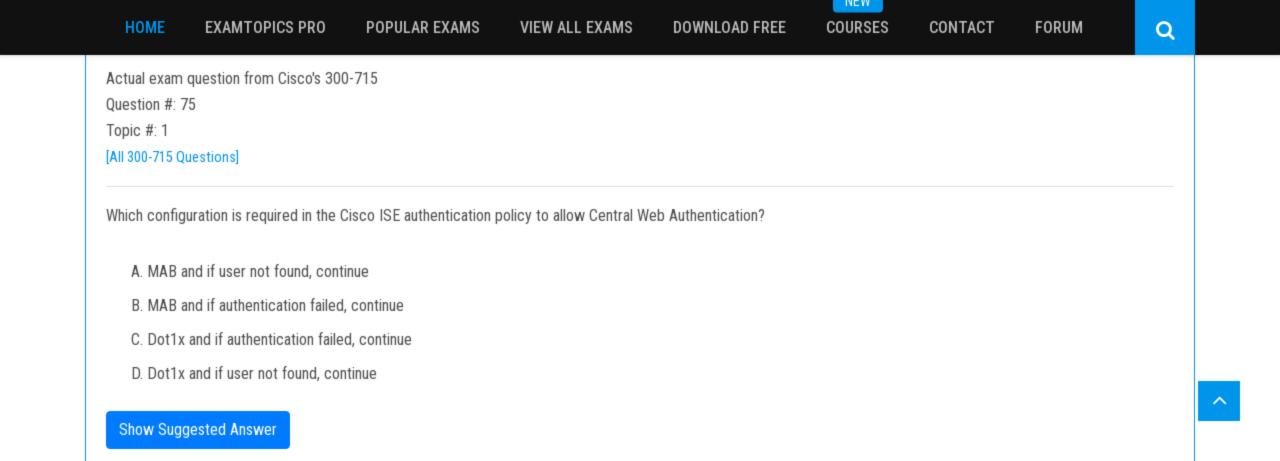


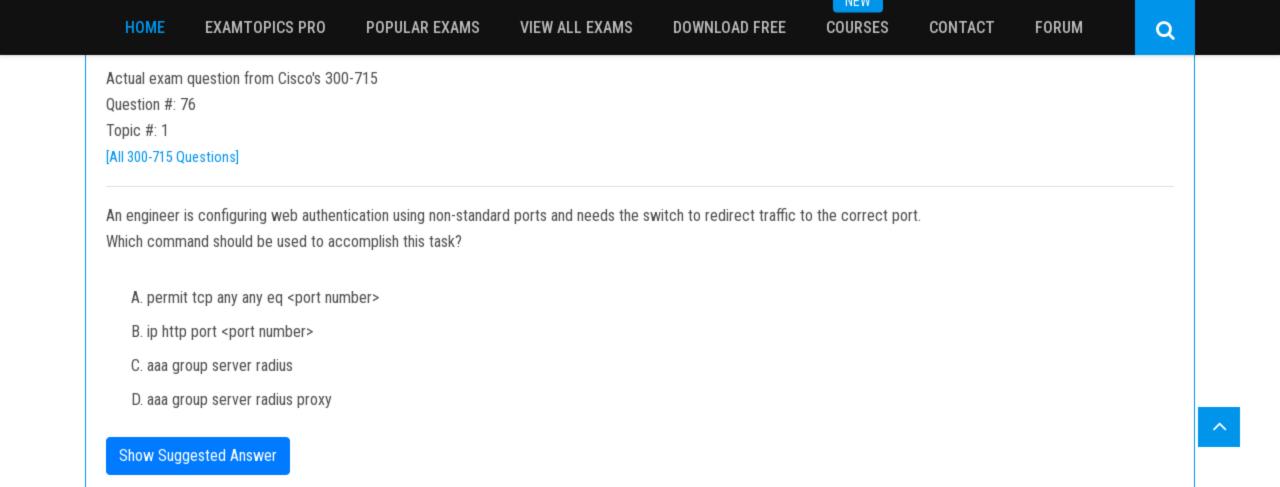


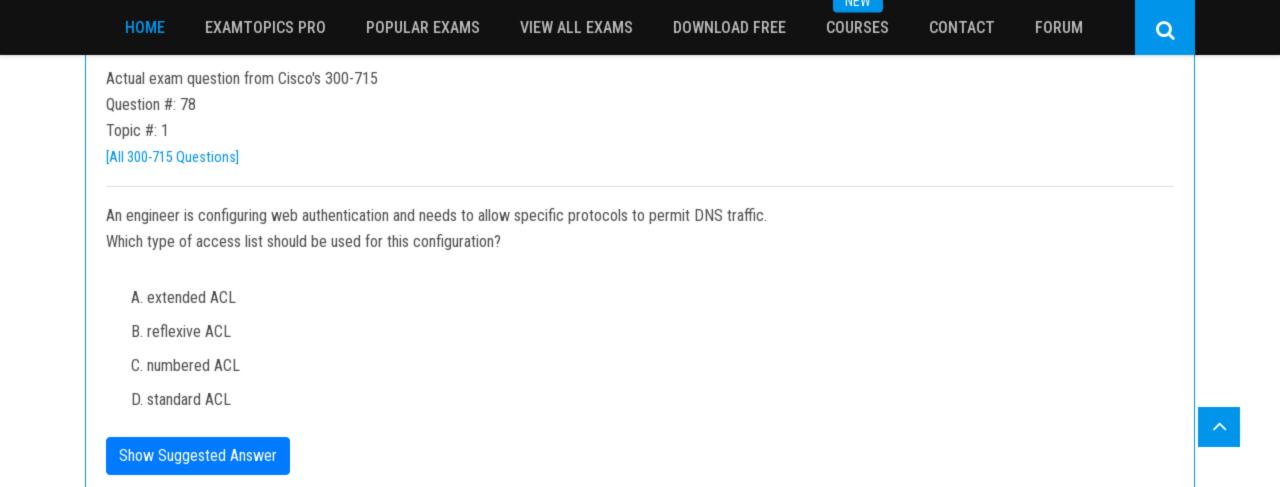


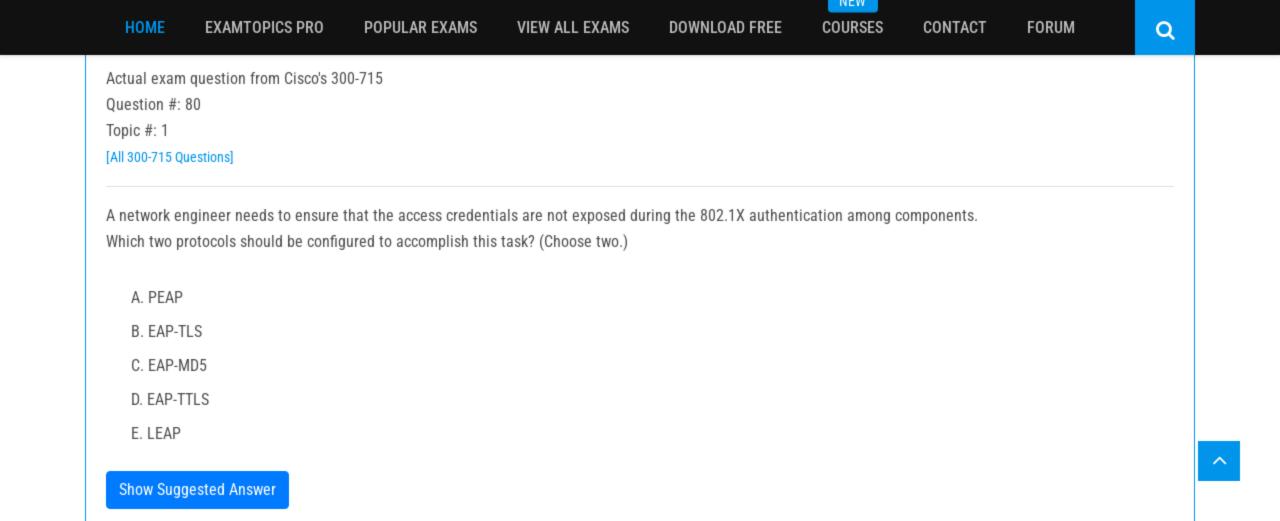












Q

Question #: 82

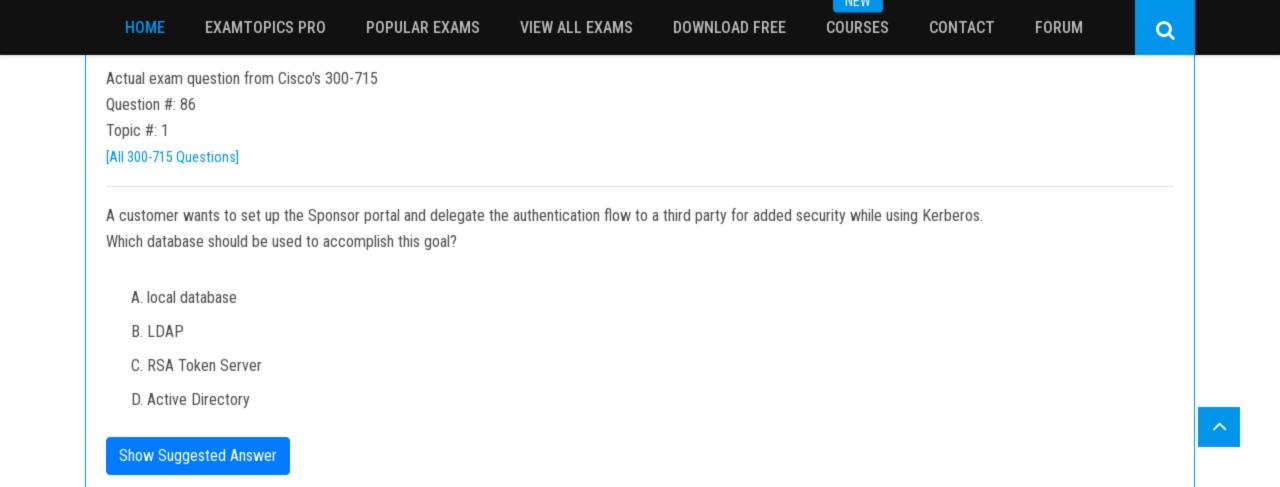
Topic #: 1

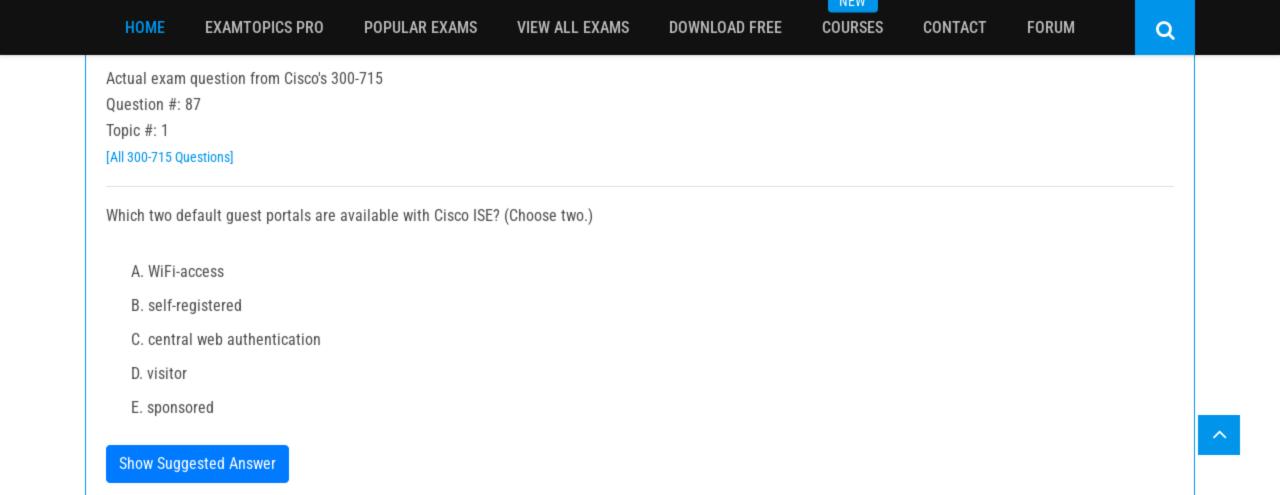
[All 300-715 Questions]

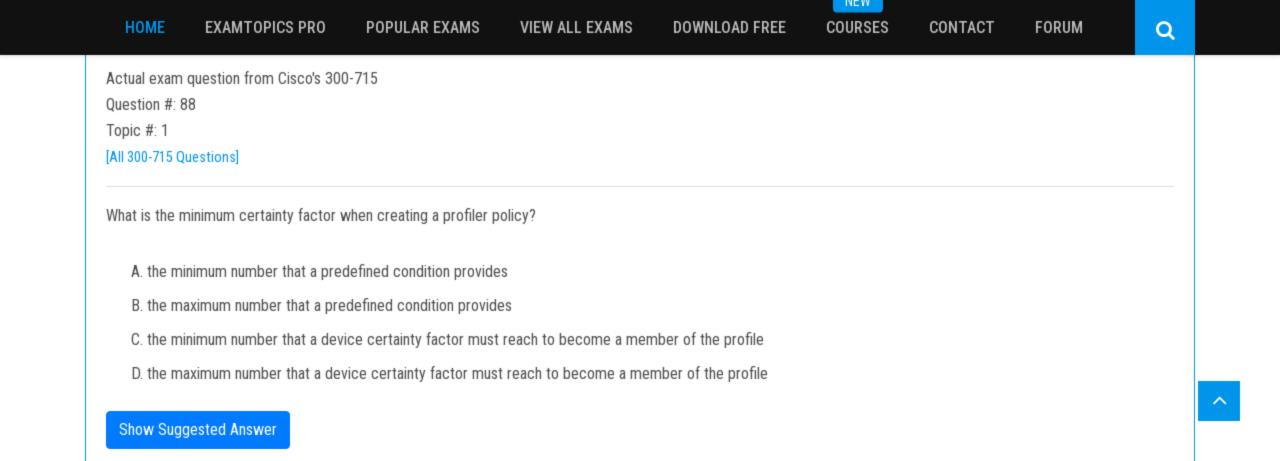
A Cisco ISE administrator needs to ensure that guest endpoint registrations are only valid for 1 day. When testing the guest policy flow, the administrator sees that the Cisco ISE does not delete the endpoint in the GuestEndpoints identity store after 1 day and allows access to the guest network after that period. Which configuration is causing this problem?

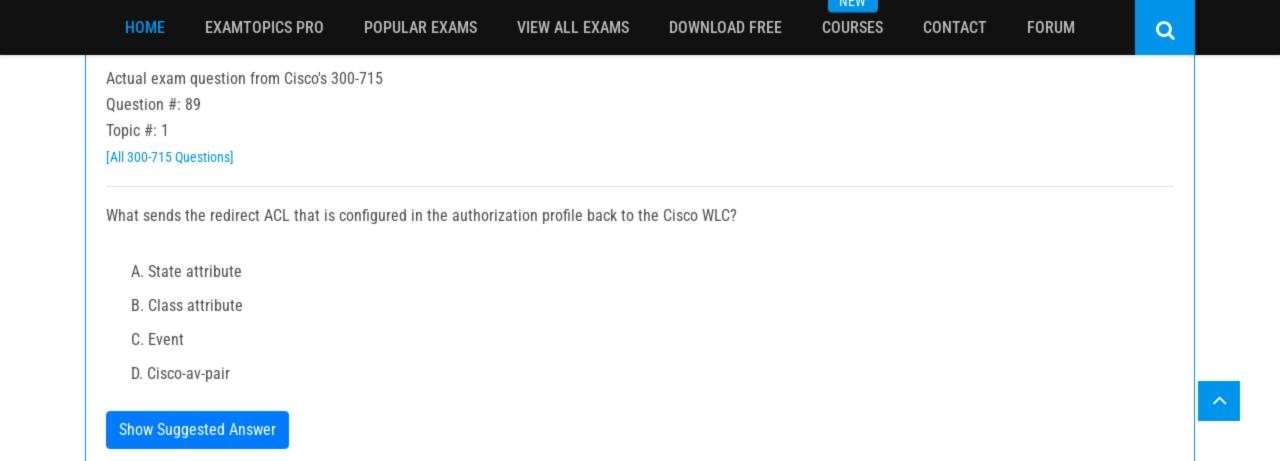
- A. The Guest Account Purge Policy is set to 15 days.
- B. The length of access is set to 7 days in the Guest Portal Settings.
- C. The Endpoint Purge Policy is set to 30 days for guest devices.
- D. The RADIUS policy set for guest access is set to allow repeated authentication of the same device.

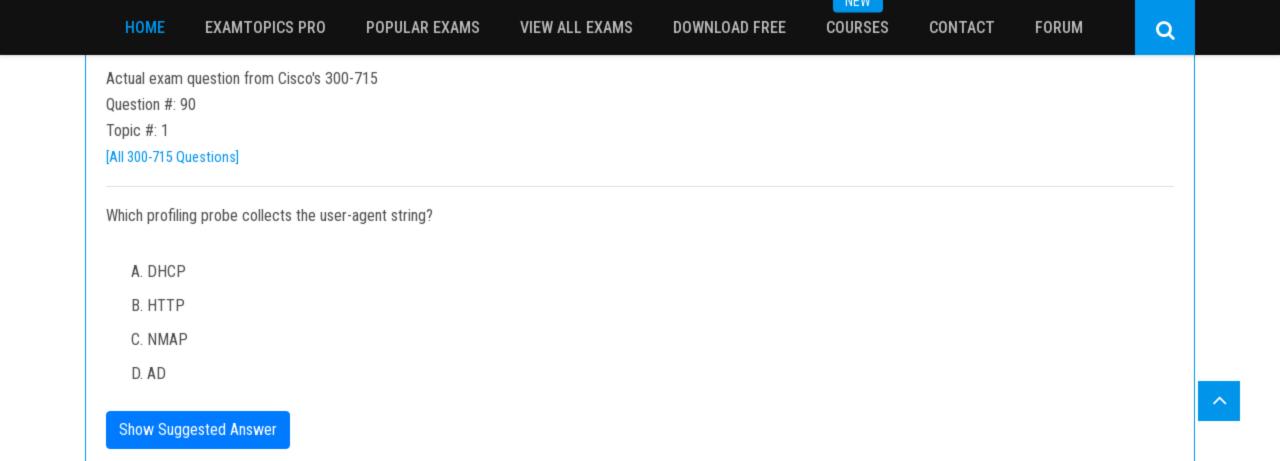
**Show Suggested Answer** 

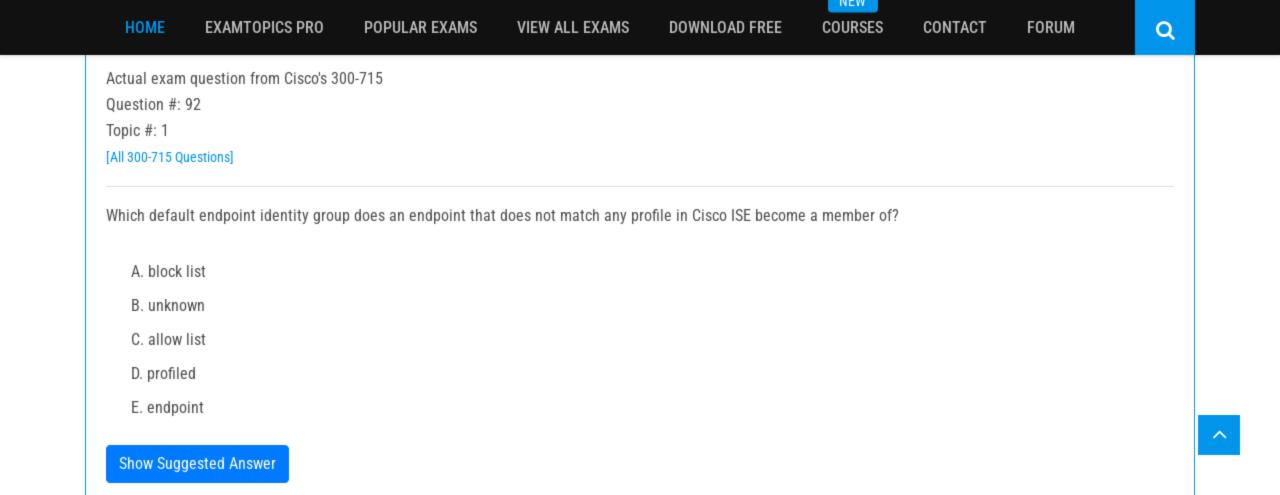


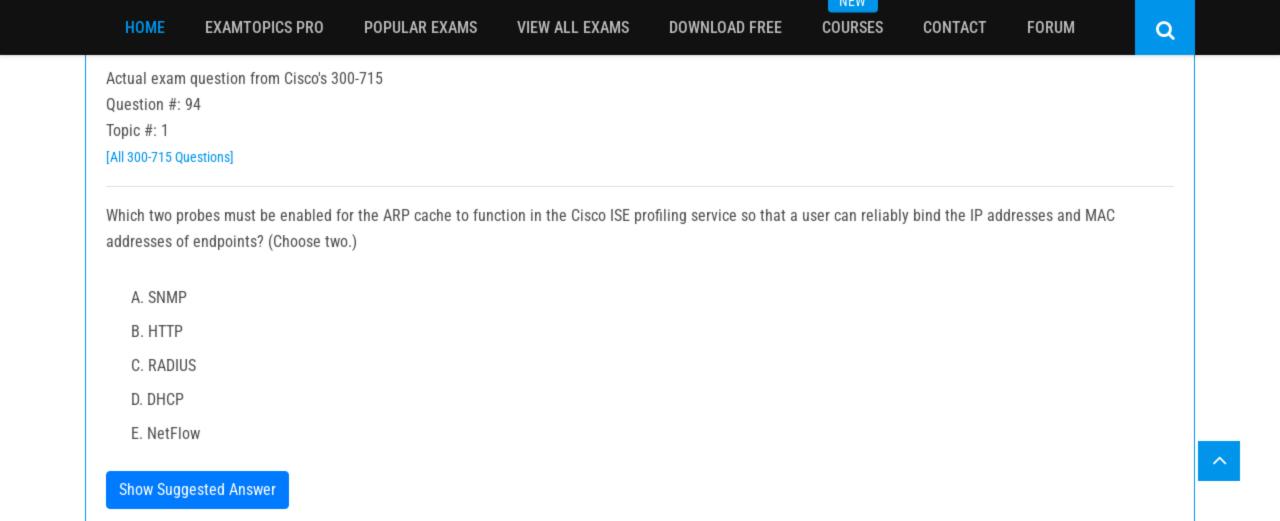


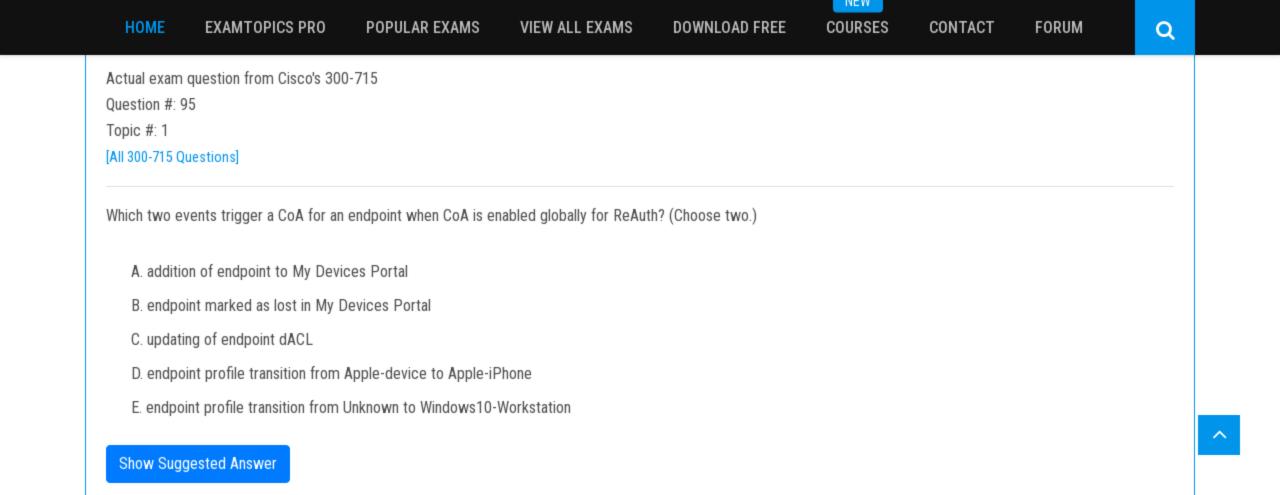


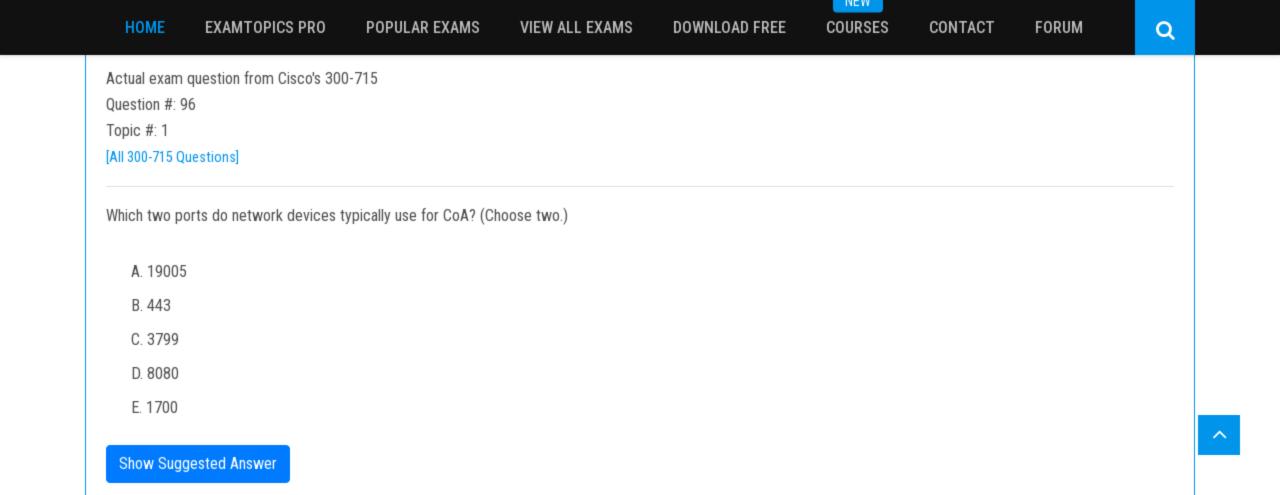


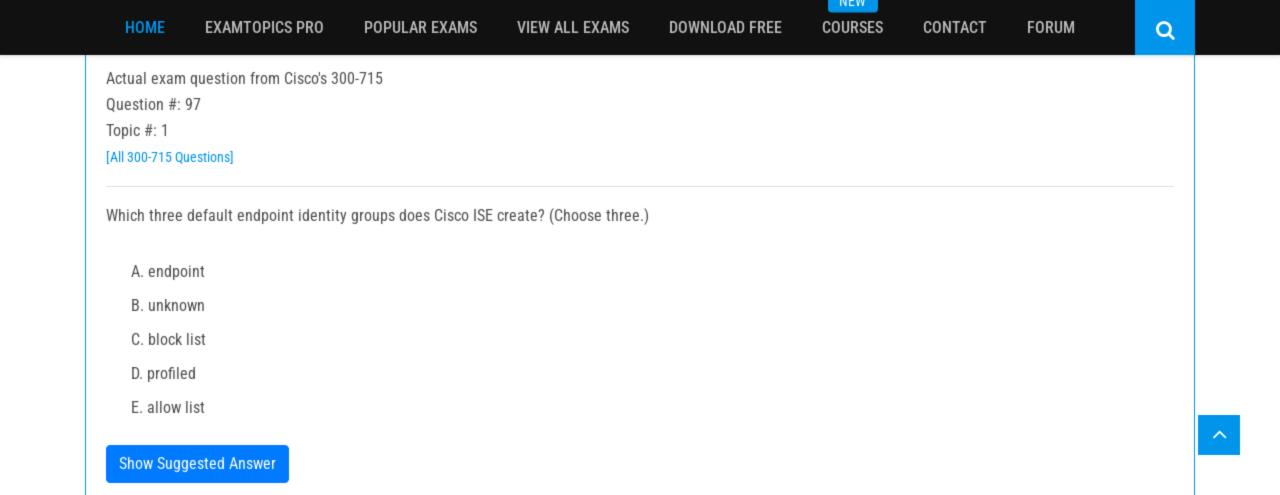


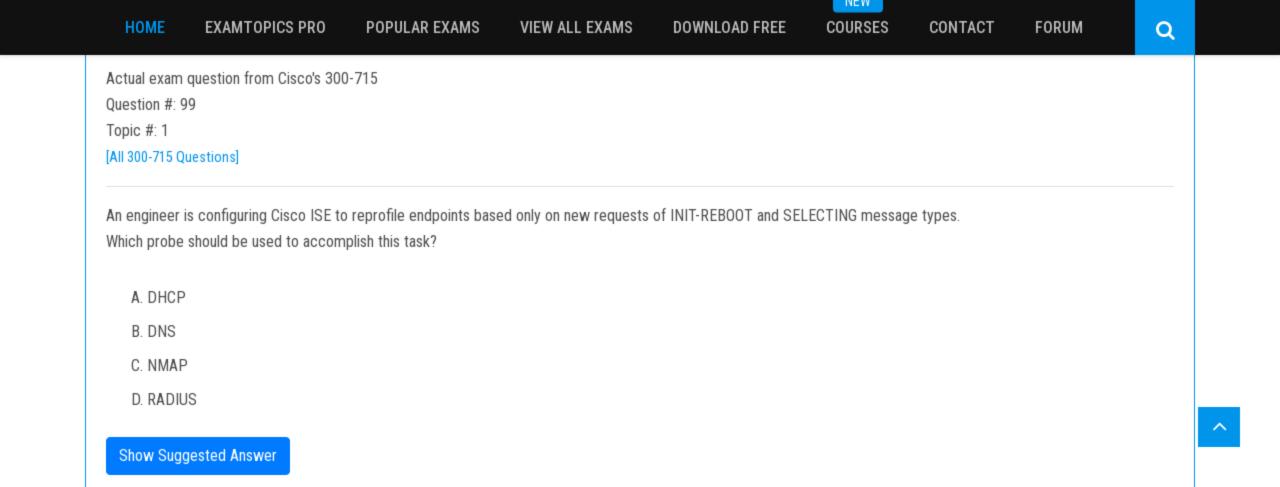


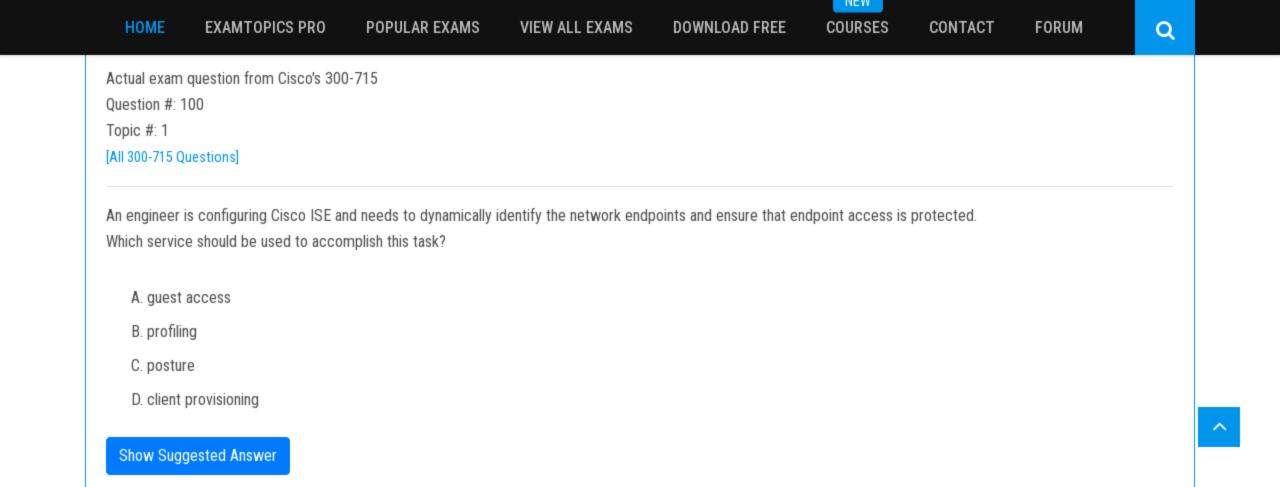












Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 107

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

An administrator is configuring a new profiling policy within Cisco ISE. The organization has several endpoints that are the same device type, and all have the same Block ID in their MAC address. The profiler does not currently have a profiling policy created to categorize these endpoints, therefore a custom profiling policy must be created. Which condition must the administrator use in order to properly profile an ACME AI Connector endpoint for network access with MAC address 01:41:14:65:50:AB?

Q

- A. CDP\_cdpCacheDeviceID\_CONTAINS\_<MAC ADDRESS>
- B. MAC\_MACAddress\_CONTAINS\_<MAC ADDRESS>
- C. Radius\_Called\_Station-ID\_STARTSWITH\_<MAC ADDRESS>
- D. MAC\_OUI\_STARTSWITH\_<MAC ADDRESS>

**Show Suggested Answer** 

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 108

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

Users in an organization report issues about having to remember multiple usernames and passwords. The network administrator wants the existing Cisco ISE deployment to utilize an external identity source to alleviate this issue.

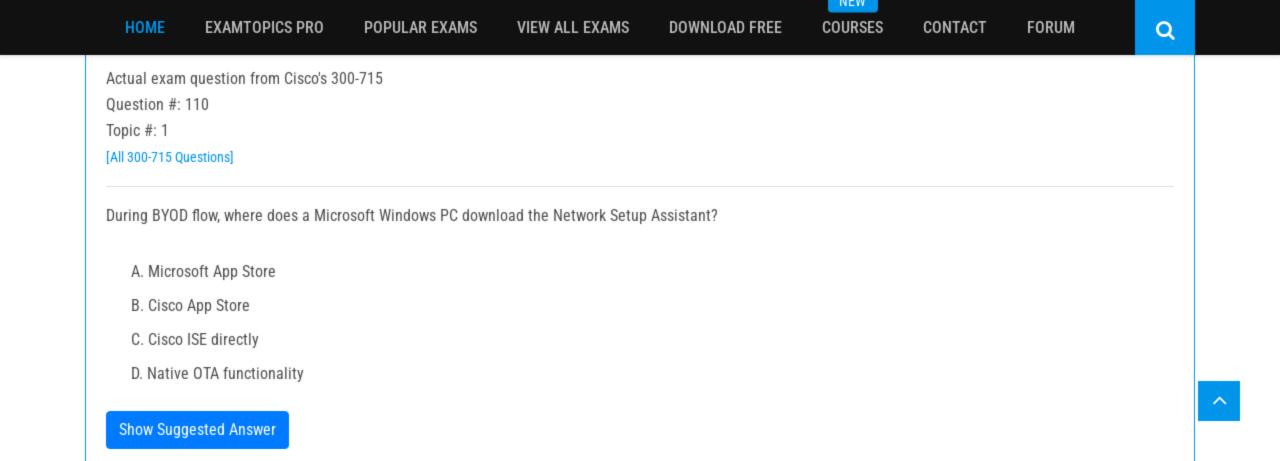
FORUM

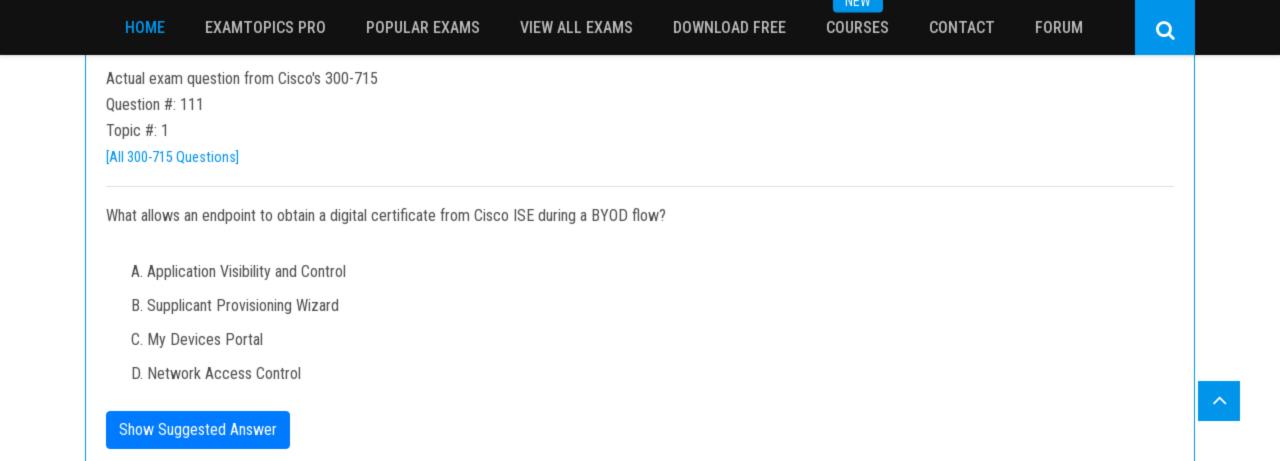
Q

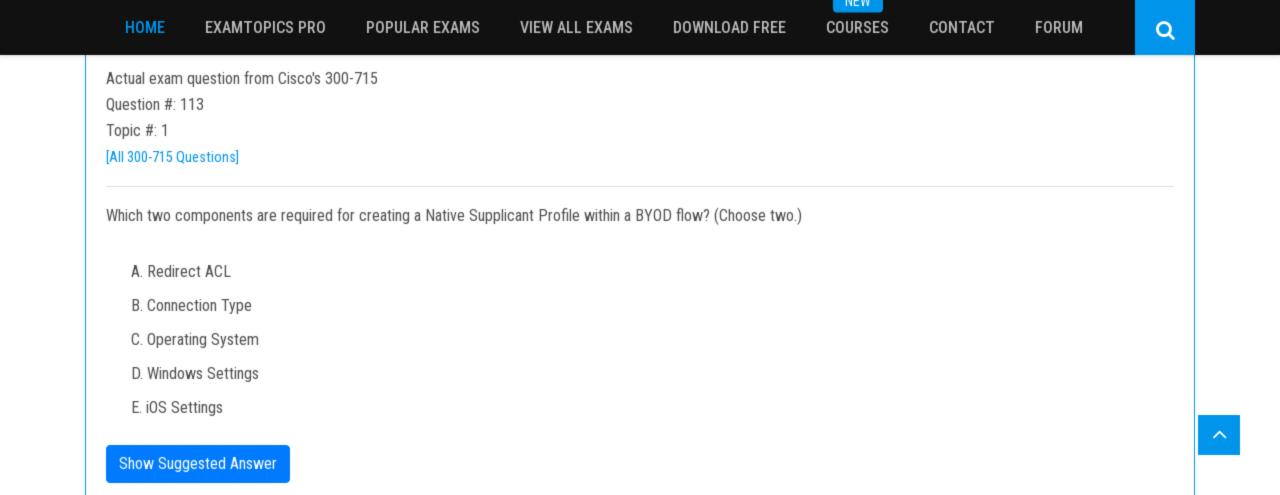
Which two requirements must be met to implement this change? (Choose two.)

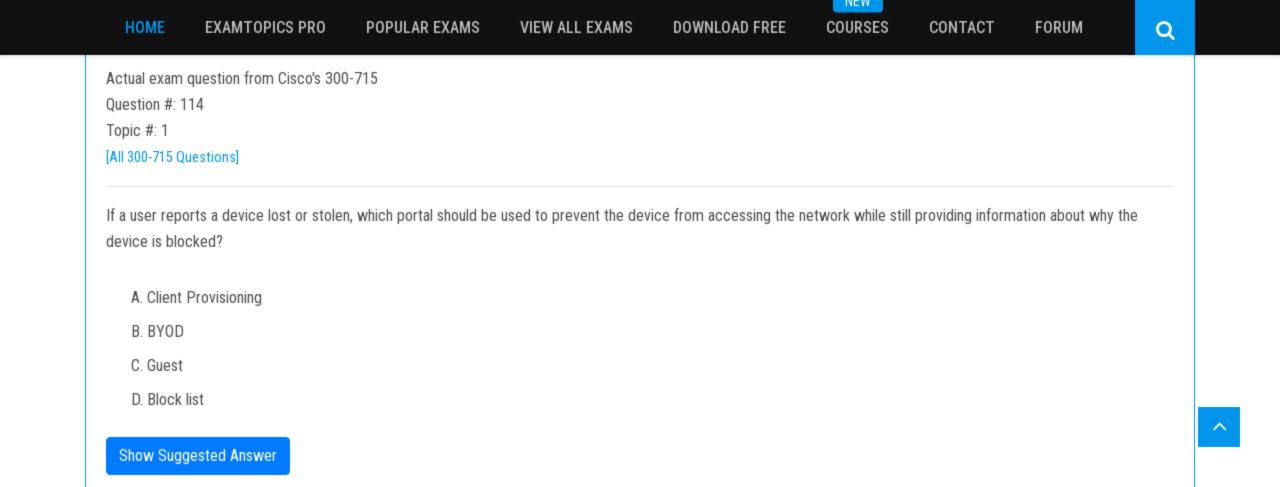
- A. Establish access to one Global Catalog server
- B. Ensure that the NAT address is properly configured
- C. Provide domain administrator access to Active Directory
- D. Configure a secure LDAP connection
- E. Enable IPC access over port 80

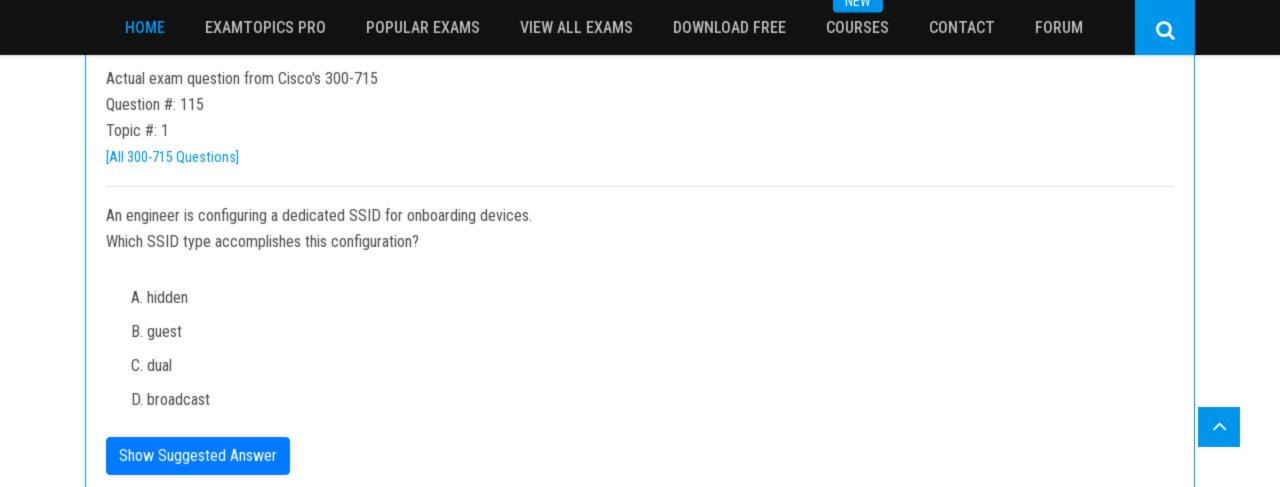
**Show Suggested Answer** 

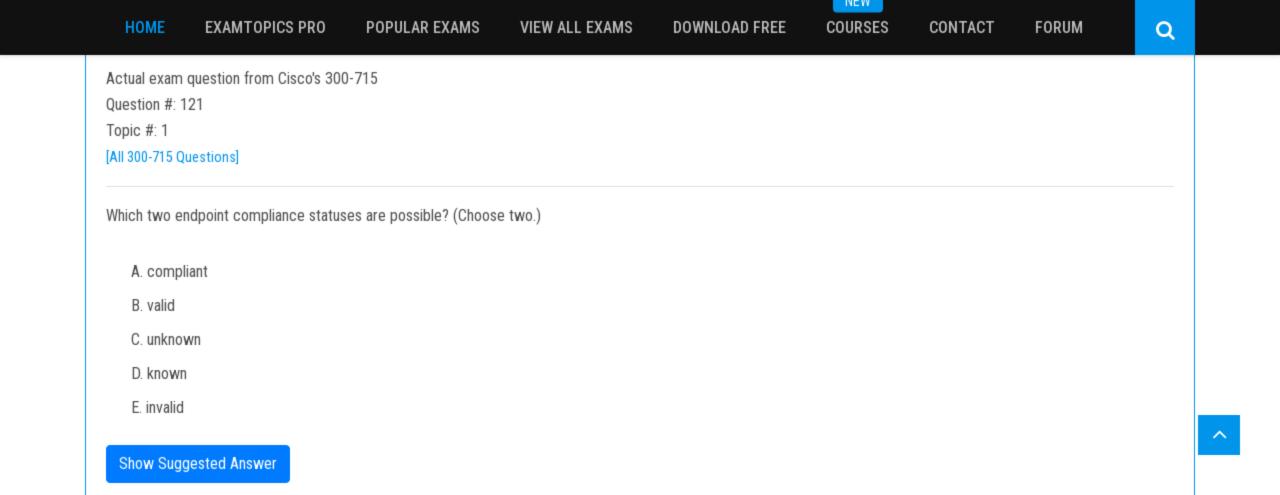


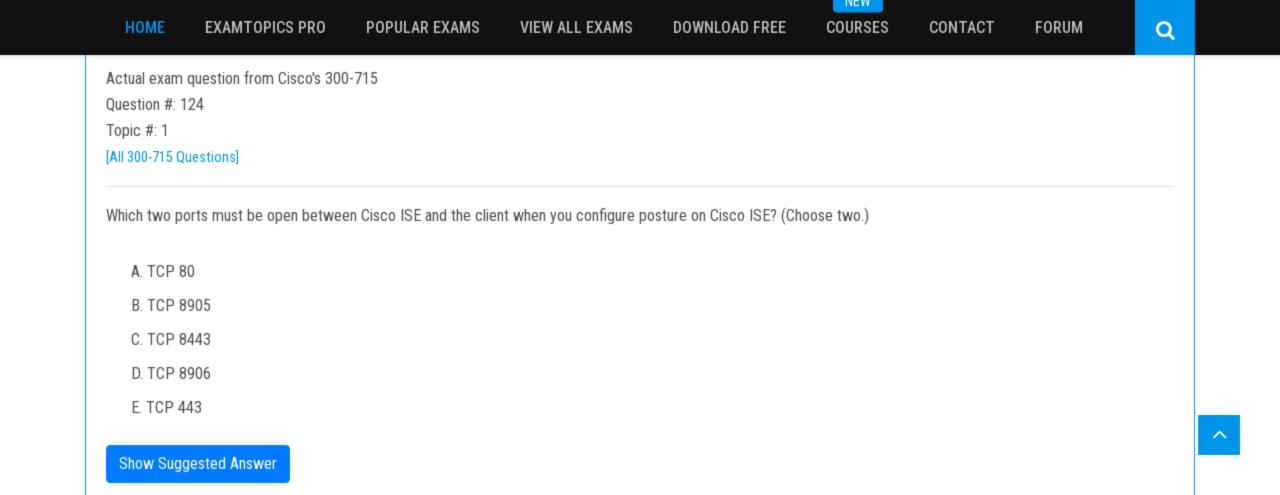


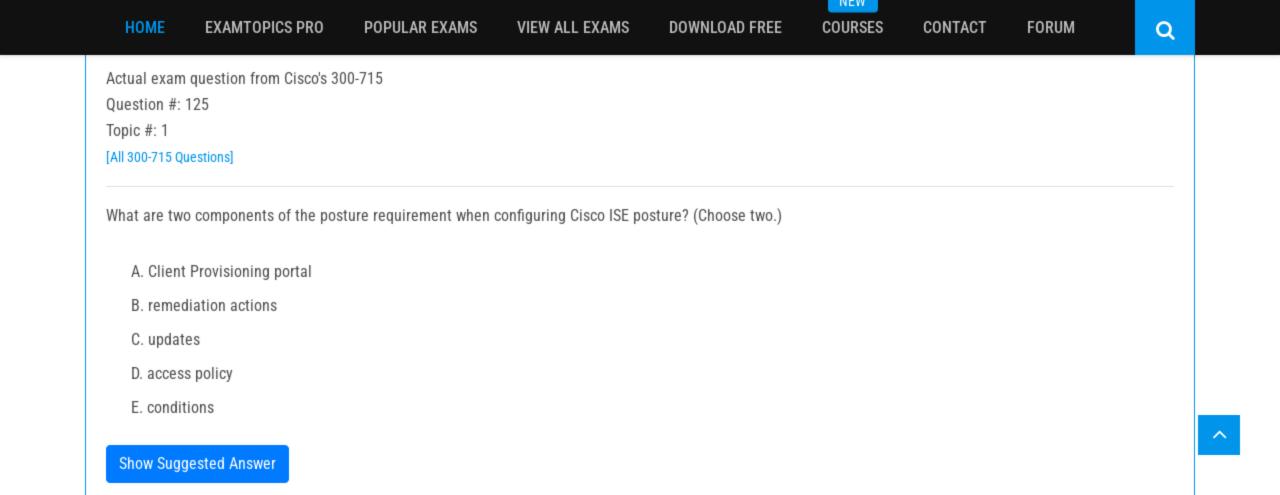


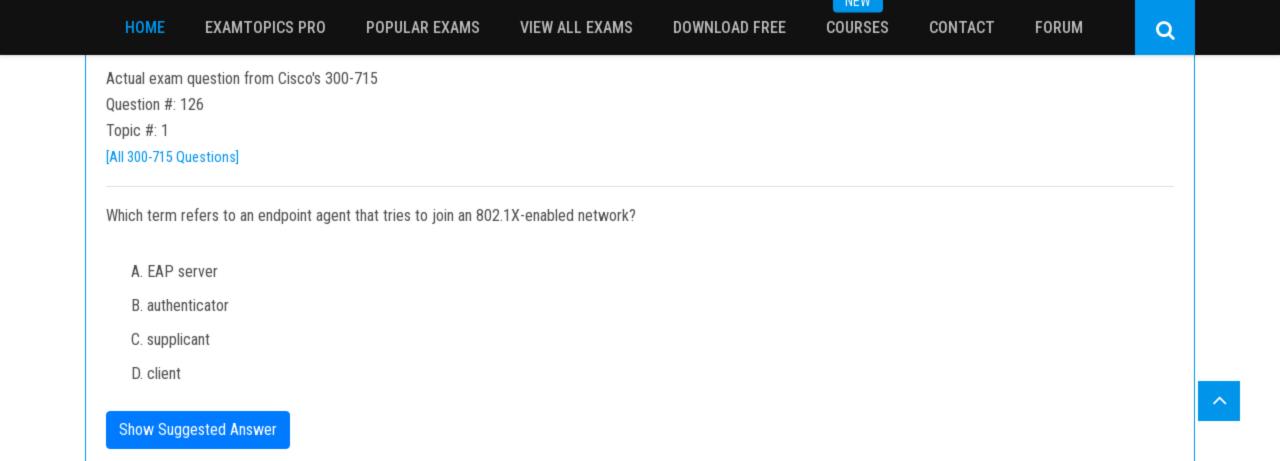


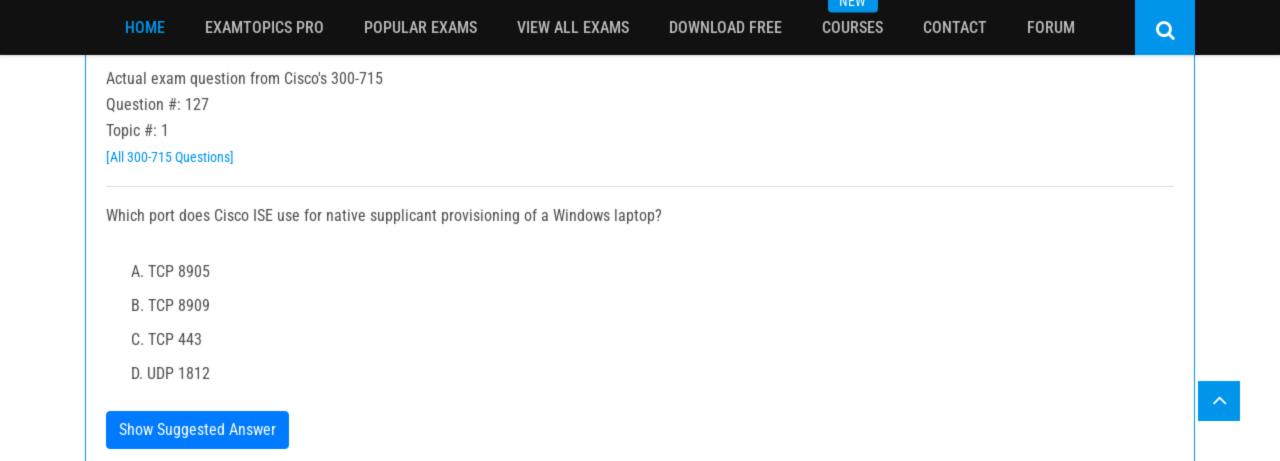


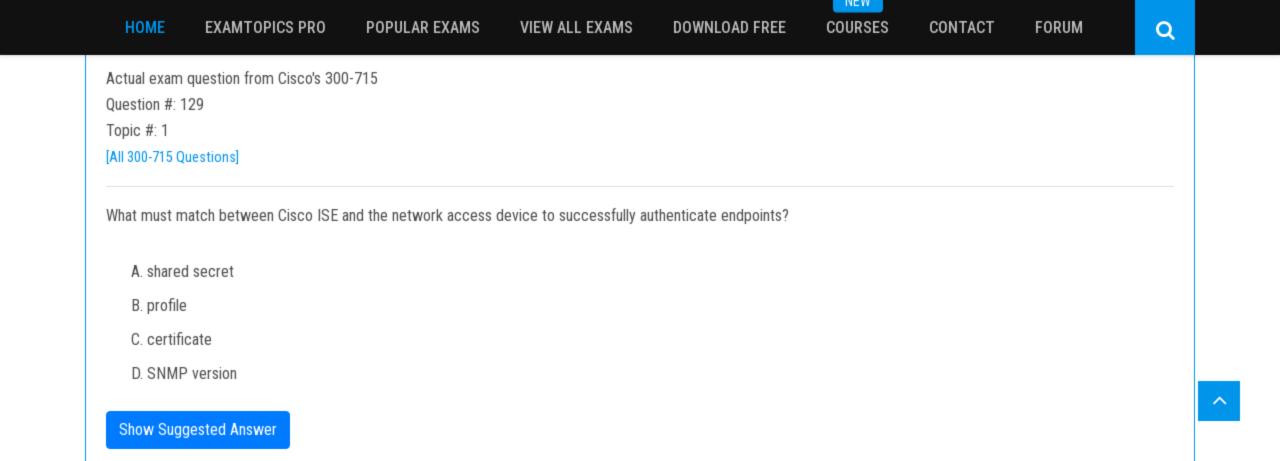












Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 131

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

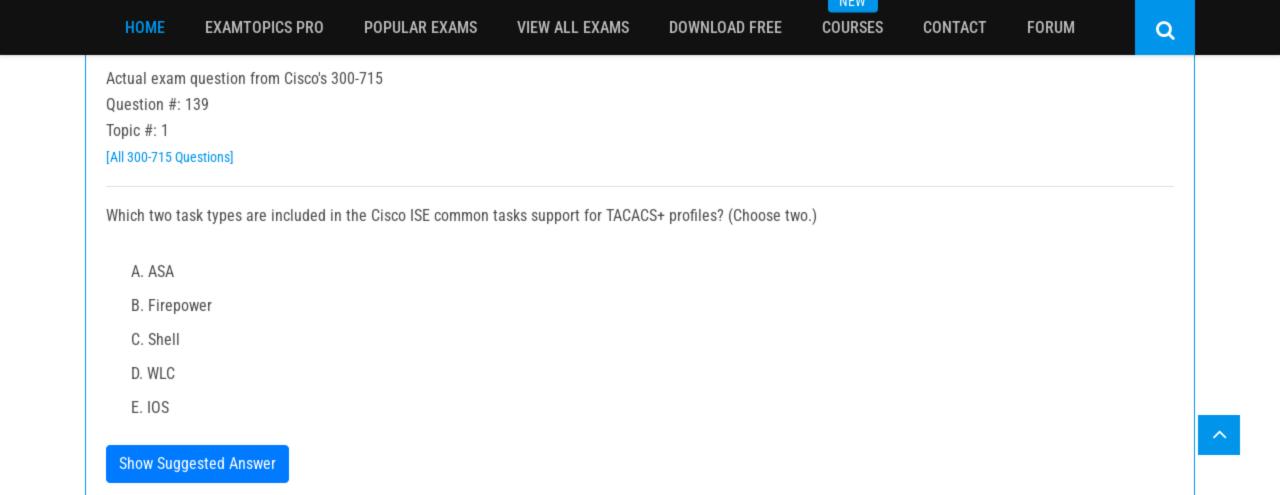
An organization is implementing Cisco ISE posture services and must ensure that a host-based firewall is in place on every Windows and Mac computer that attempts to access the network. They have multiple vendors' firewall applications for their devices, so the engineers creating the policies are unable to use a specific application check in order to validate the posture for this.

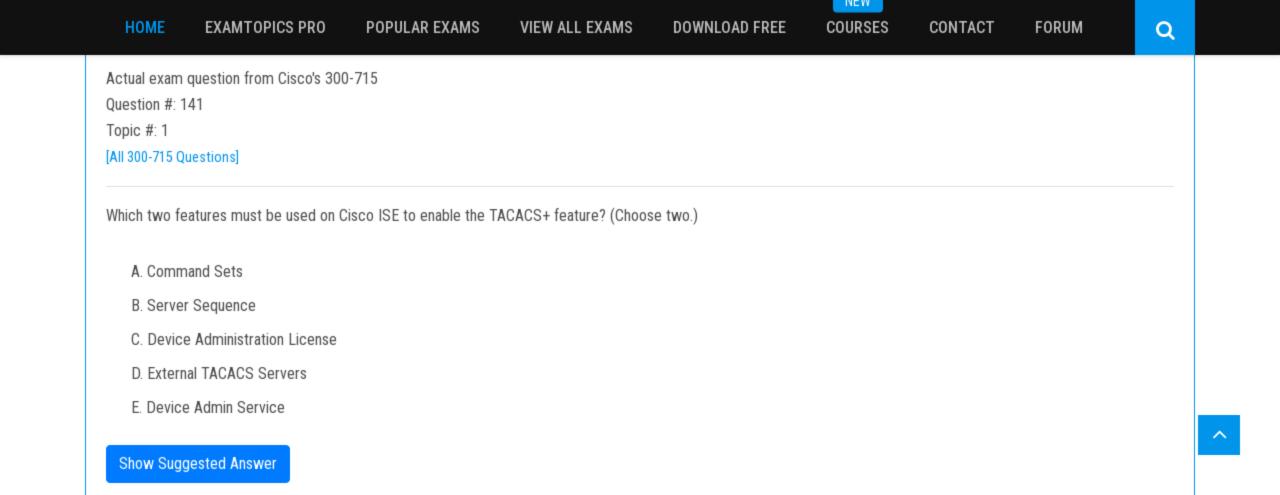
FORUM

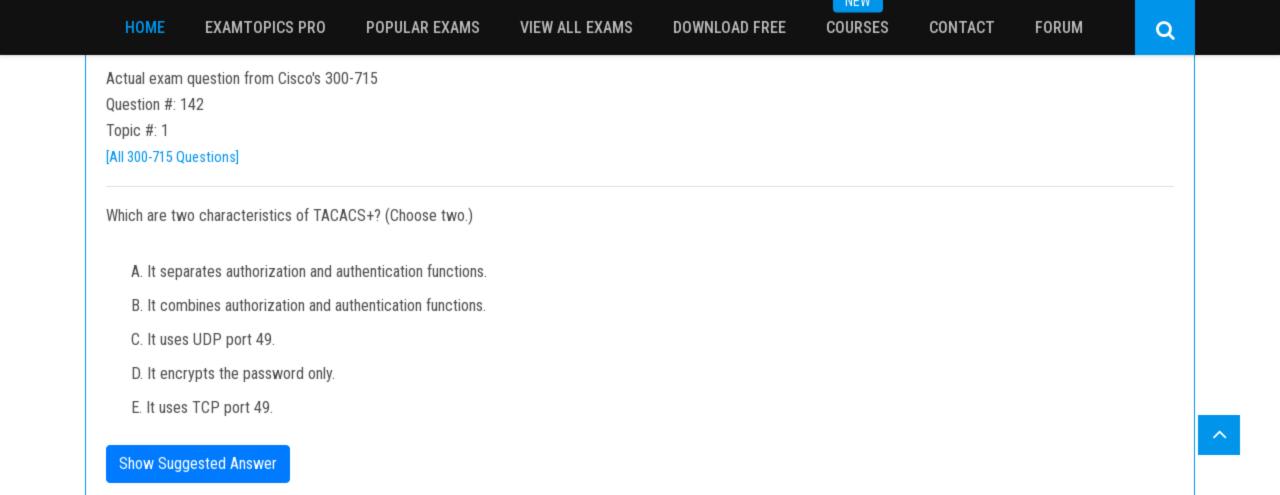
Q

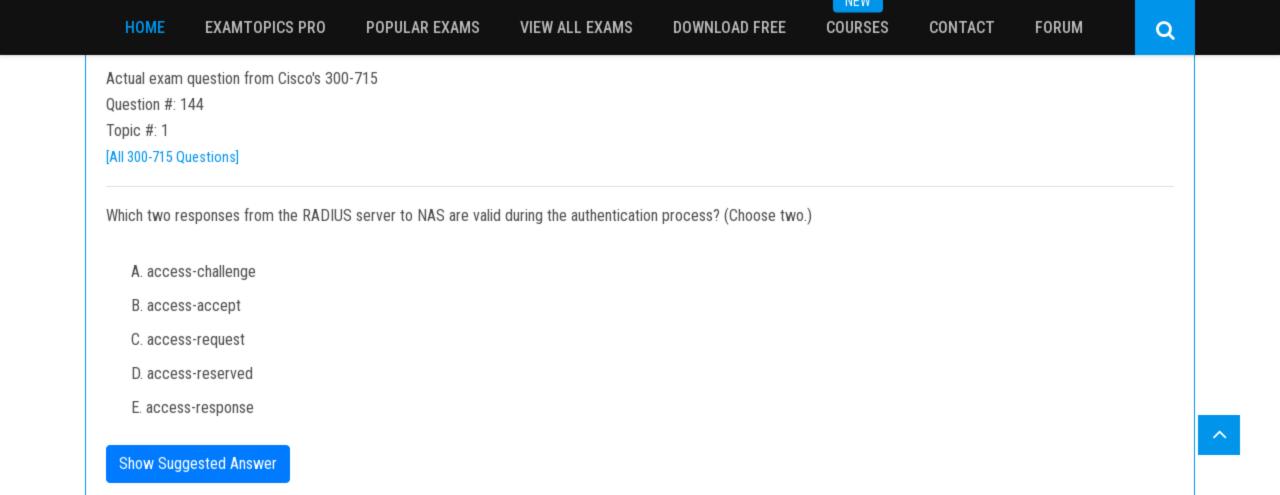
What should be done to enable this type of posture check?

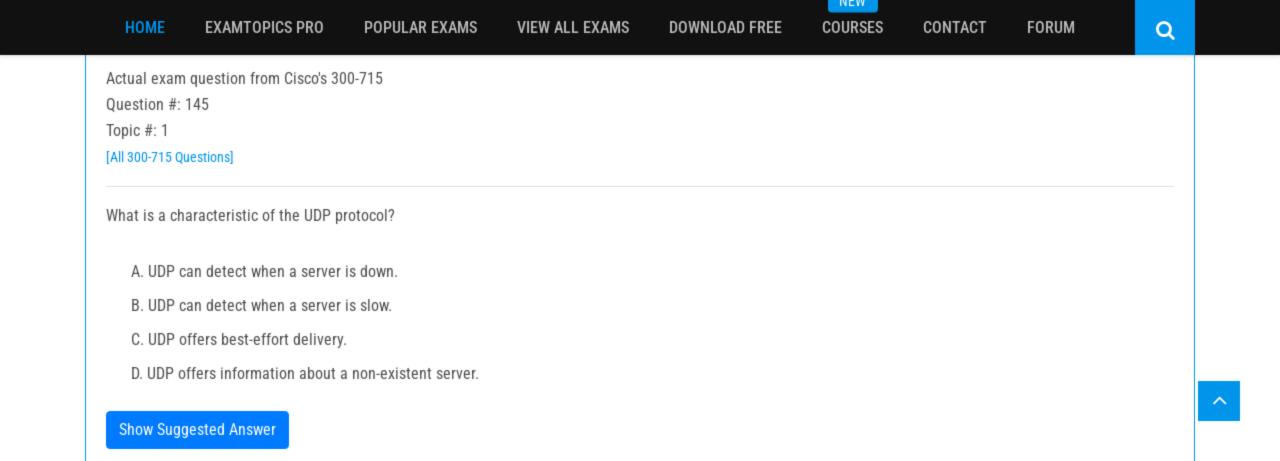
- A. Enable the default application condition to identify the applications installed and validate the firewall app.
- B. Enable the default firewall condition to check for any vendor firewall application.
- C. Use a compound condition to look for the Windows or Mac native firewall applications.
- D. Use the file registry condition to ensure that the firewall is installed and running appropriately.











IAC AA

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 146

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

Refer to the exhibit.

Switch(config)# aaa new-model Switch(config)# aaa authentication dot1x default group radius Switch(config)# aaa authorization network default group radius

A network engineer is configuring the switch to accept downloadable ACLs from a Cisco ISE server. Which two commands should be run to complete the configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. radius-server attribute 8 include-in-access-reg
- B. ip device tracking
- C. dot1x system-auth-control
- D. radius server vsa send authentication
- E. aaa authorization auth-proxy default group radius

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Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 147

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

## DRAG DROP -

Drag and drop the description from the left onto the protocol on the right that is used to carry out system authentication, authorization, and accounting. Select and Place:

combines authentication and authorization

encrypts the entire payload

encrypts only the password field

separates authentication and authorization

primary use is device administration

primary use is network access

TACACS+		
RADIUS		

Q

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 149

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]



Refer to the exhibit. An engineer is creating a new TACACS+ command set and cannot use any show commands after logging into the device with this command set authorization.

Which configuration is causing this issue?

- A. The command set is allowing all commands that are not in the command list.
- B. The wildcard command listed is in the wrong format.
- C. The command set is working like an ACL and denying every command.
- D. Question marks are not allowed as wildcards for command sets.

Q

Question #: 150

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

An administrator is migrating device administration access to Cisco ISE from the legacy TACACS+ solution that used only privilege 1 and 15 access levels. The organization requires more granular controls of the privileges and wants to customize access levels 2-5 to correspond with different roles and access needs. Besides defining a new shell profile in Cisco ISE, what must be done to accomplish this configuration?

FORUM

Q

- A. Enable the privilege levels in Cisco ISE.
- B. Enable the privilege levels in the IOS devices.
- C. Define the command privileges for levels 2-5 in Cisco ISE.
- D. Define the command privileges for levels 2-5 in the IOS devices.

Question #: 153

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

An engineer builds a five-node distributed Cisco ISE deployment. The first two deployed nodes are responsible for the primary and secondary administration and monitoring personas.

Which persona configuration is necessary to have the remaining three Cisco ISE nodes serve as dedicated nodes in the Cisco ISE cube that is responsible only for handling the RADIUS and TACACS+ authentication requests, identity lookups, and policy evaluation?

Α.

## Role SECONDARY

- Administration
- Monitoring
- ☑ ▼ Policy Service
  - Enable Session Services 6
  - Enable Profiling Service 6
  - Enable Threat Centric NAC Service 6
  - □ ► Enable SXP Service 6
  - Enable Device Admin Service 6
  - □ Enable Passive Identity Service **①**
- □ pxGrid **6**

В.

## Role SECONDARY

- ☐ Administration
- □ Monitoring
- ☑ ▼ Policy Service
  - ☑ ► Enable Session Services 
    ⑤
  - Enable Profiling Service 6
  - Enable Threat Centric NAC Service 6
  - □ ► Enable SXP Service **①**
  - Enable Device Admin Service 6
  - ☐ Enable Passive Identity Service **①**
- □ pxGrid **6**

C.

## Role SECONDARY

- ☐ Administration
- Monitoring
- ☑ ▼ Policy Service
  - Enable Session Services 6
  - Enable Profiling Service 6
  - Enable Threat Centric NAC Service 6
  - □ ► Enable SXP Service 6
  - Enable Device Admin Service 6
  - Enable Passive Identity Service 6
- □ pxGrid **①**

D.

## Role SECONDARY

- Administration
- □ Monitoring
- ☑ ▼ Policy Service
  - Enable Session Services 6
  - Enable Profiling Service 6
  - Enable Threat Centric NAC Service 6
  - □ ► Enable SXP Service **1**
  - ☐ Enable Device Admin Service **①**
  - Enable Passive Identity Service •
- ☐ pxGrid **①**

Q

Question #: 156

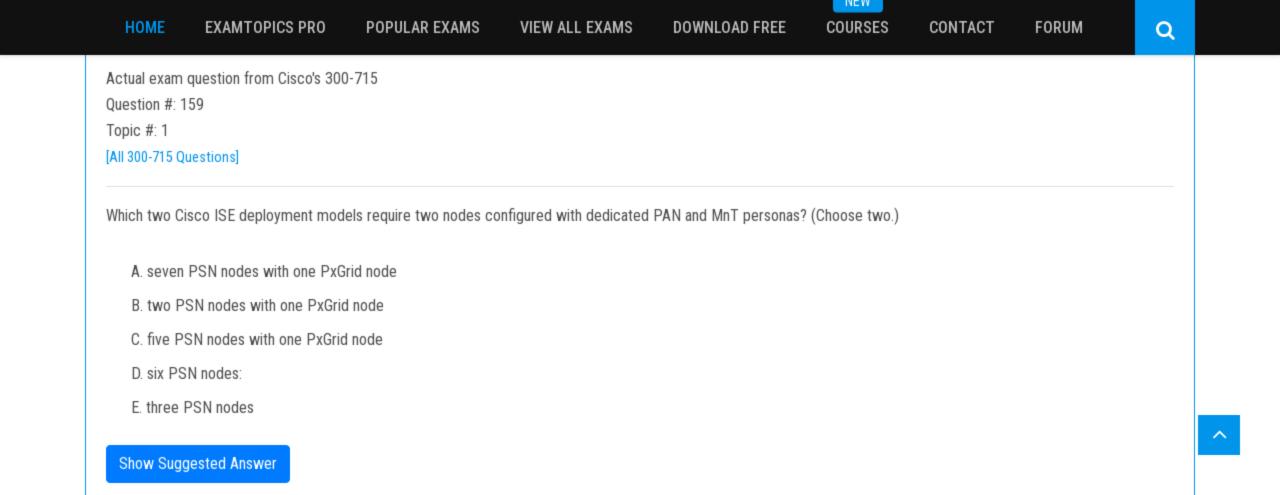
Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

An administrator enables the profiling service for Cisco ISE to use for authorization policies while in closed mode. When the endpoints connect, they receive limited access so that the profiling probes can gather information and Cisco ISE can assign the correct profiles. They are using the default values within Cisco ISE, but the devices do not change their access due to the new profile. What is the problem?

Q

- A. The default profiler configuration is set to No CoA for the reauthentication setting.
- B. In closed mode, profiling does not work unless CDP is enabled.
- C. The profiler feed is not downloading new information, so the profiler is inactive.
- D. The profiling probes are not able to collect enough information to change the device profile.



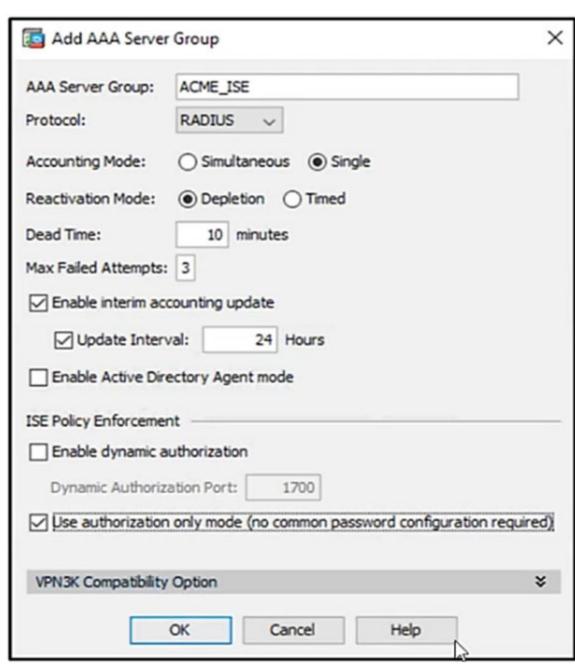
Show Suggested Answer

E. Serial Number attribute that maps to a CA Server

Question #: 162

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]



Refer to the exhibit. An engineer is configuring the remote access VPN to use Cisco ISE for AAA and needs to conduct posture checks on the connecting endpoints. After the endpoint connects, it receives its initial authorization result and continues onto the compliance scan. What must be done for this AAA configuration to allow compliant access to the network?

- A. Ensure that authorization only mode is not enabled.
- B. Enable dynamic authorization within the AAA server group.
- C. Fix the CoA port number.
- D. Configure the posture authorization so it defaults to unknown status

Q

NEW

Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 163

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]



Refer to the exhibit. An engineer is configuring Cisco ISE for guest services. They would like to have any unregistered guests redirected to the guest portal for authentication, then have a CoA provide them with full access to the network that is segmented via firewalls. Why is the given configuration failing to accomplish this goal?

- A. The Guest Portal and Guest Access policy lines are in the wrong order.
- B. The PermitAccess result is not set to restricted access in its policy line.
- C. The Network\_Access\_Authentication\_Passed condition will not work with guest services for portal access.
- D. The Guest\_Flow condition is not in the line that gives access to the guest portal.

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Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 164

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

Interface	MAC Address	Method	Domain	Status Fg	Session ID
Gi1/0/6	0024.142d.e47f	mab	UNKNOWN	Auth	C0A829020000000C2BBAF5D3
Gi1/0/6 Gi1/0/1	0050.5698.0720	dot1x	UNKNOWN	Unauth	C0A82902000000152BCD0BE7

show authentication sessions

Refer to the exhibit. An engineer is configuring a client but cannot authenticate to Cisco ISE. During troubleshooting, the command was issued to display the authentication status of each port. Which command gives additional information to help identify the problem with the authentication?

- A. show authentication sessions
- B. show authentication sessions output
- C. show authentication sessions interface Gi1/0/1 output
- D. show authentication sessions interface Gi1/0/1 details

are correct?

- A. EAP-FAST is not enabled.
- B. The SGT mappings have not been defined.
- C. The device aliases are not matching.
- D. The devices are missing the configuration cts credentials trustsec verify 1.

Question #: 167

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

An engineer is configuring Cisco ISE policies to support MAB for devices that do not have 802.1X capabilities. The engineer is configuring new endpoint identity groups as conditions to be used in the AuthZ policies, but noticed that the endpoints are not hitting the correct policies. What must be done in order to get the devices into the right policies?

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- A. Create an AuthZ policy to identify Unknown devices and provide partial network access prior to profiling.
- B. Add an identity policy to dynamically add the IP address of the devices to their endpoint identity groups.
- C. Identify the non 802.1X supported device types and create custom profiles for them to profile into.
- D. Manually add the MAC addresses of the devices to endpoint ID groups in the context visibility database.

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Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 168

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

An engineer is configuring sponsored guest access and needs to limit each sponsored guest to a maximum of two devices. There are other guest services in production that rely on the default guest types. How should this configuration change be made without disrupting the other guest services currently offering three or more guest devices per user?

- A. Create a Cisco ISE identity group to add users to and limit the number of logins via the group configuration.
- B. Create an LDAP login for each guest and tag that in the guest portal for authentication.
- C. Create a new sponsor group and adjust the settings to limit the devices for each guest.
- D. Create a new guest type and set the maximum number of devices sponsored guests can register.

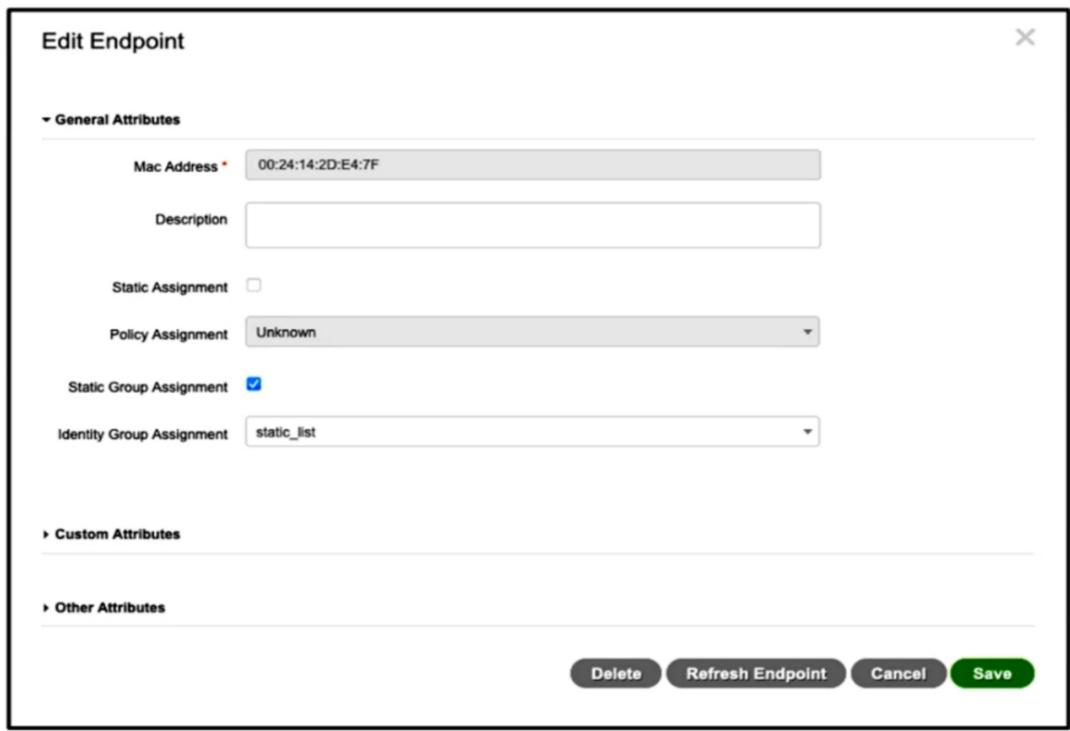
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Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 169

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]



Refer to the exhibit. An administrator is manually adding a device to a Cisco ISE identity group to ensure that it is able to access the network when needed without authentication. Upon testing, the administrator notices that the device never hits the correct authorization policy line using the condition EndPoints-LogicalProfile EQUALS static\_list. Why is this occurring?

- A. The dynamic logical profile is overriding the statically assigned profile.
- B. The logical profile is being statically assigned instead of the identity group.
- C. The identity group is being assigned instead of the logical profile.
- D. The device is changing identity groups after profiling instead of remaining static.

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Actual exam question from Cisco's 300-715

Question #: 176

Topic #: 1

[All 300-715 Questions]

An engineer is configuring Cisco ISE for network device administration and has devices that support both protocols. What are two benefits of choosing TACACS+ over RADIUS for these devices? (Choose two.)

- A. TACACS+ uses secure EAP-TLS while RADIUS does not.
- B. TACACS+ is FIPS compliant while RADIUS is not.
- C. TACACS+ encrypts the entire payload being sent while RADIUS only encrypts the password.
- D. TACACS+ is designed for network access control while RADIUS is designed for role-based access.
- E. TACACS+ provides the ability to authorize specific commands while RADIUS does not.