



- Expert Verified, Online, **Free**.

You have been asked to ensure that in-transit communication between an Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) compute instance and an on-premises server (192.168.10.10/32) is encrypted. The instances communicate using HTTP. The OCI Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) is connected to the on-premises network by two separate connections: a Dynamic IPsec VPN tunnel and a FastConnect virtual circuit. No static configuration has been added.

What solution should you recommend? (Choose the best answer.)

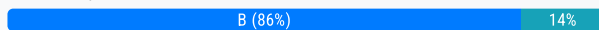
- A. The instances will communicate by default over IPsec VPN, which ensures data is encrypted in-transit.
- B. Advertise a 192.168.10.10/32 route over the VPN.
- C. Advertise a 192.168.10.10/32 router over the FastConnect.
- D. The instances will communicate by default over the FastConnect private virtual circuit, which ensures data is encrypted in-transit.

Suggested Answer: D

Reference:

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/transitrouting.htm>

Community vote distribution



MT_Explorer 2 years, 8 months ago

Selected Answer: B

FastConnect is not encrypted by default. Check the FAQ "Is traffic flowing over FastConnect encrypted?"

<https://www.oracle.com/uk/cloud/networking/fastconnect/faq/>

Answer B, is the best answer I believe. The white paper below describes achieving FastConnect encryption with VPN:

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Resources/Assets/whitepapers/encrypted-fastconnect-public-peering.pdf>

upvoted 1 times

Carlittos92 2 years, 9 months ago

Selected Answer: B

B is the right answer

upvoted 1 times

mboko 2 years, 9 months ago

D. The data is encrypted by default in FastConnect

upvoted 1 times

LeandroOsBr 2 years, 9 months ago

Selected Answer: D

If there is a FastConnect and a VPN, the preference will always be FastConnect. To create FastConnect, it is necessary to configure dynamic routing, using BGP, not requiring a static route. And YES, it is possible to implement encrypted FastConnect! Therefore, answer D is the better.

upvoted 2 times

IT_Thinker 2 years, 10 months ago

FastConnect ONLY encrypts traffic if MacSec is enabled. This questions asks about the DEFAULT settings. By default, MacSec is NOT enabled, so therefor no encryption by default over FastConnect Private/Public peering.

upvoted 2 times

bmyi78 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: B

FastConnect is not encrypted

upvoted 4 times

exams01 2 years, 11 months ago

B is the right answer

upvoted 2 times

testng 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: B

FastConnect is not encrypted
upvoted 3 times

🗨️ **SilNilanjan** 2 years, 12 months ago

Selected Answer: B

Will go for B, FastConnect is not encrypted
upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **imiimran** 2 years, 12 months ago

CORRECT D.
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **akr14feb** 3 years ago

B is the right answer
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **exam67** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: B

FastConnect is a private, but not encrypted communication. VPN is encrypted.
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **HBarCrunch** 3 years ago

You all need to fix this... correct answer is not to have anything you expect to be encrypted in-transit going over Fastconnect unless you have something on top of the fast connect encrypting.
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **drmm** 3 years ago

This question is framed poorly in my opinion. Why should we have VPN as an answer when there is a FastConnect. FastConnect with public peering certainly provides encryption. Given the poor question, B is the answer
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Hemanth** 3 years ago

On FastConnect, the transit data is not encrypted...Question is that the data has to be encrypted during the transit..

Also it is said that no static routes are added. So with both the FC and the IPSec VPN being in place, the FC will overtake the IPSec VPN because there are no static routes provided.

So,if you provide a static route to the IPSec connection, the traffic flows thru the IPSec VPN in which the data in transit is encrypted by default.

Hence, answer is B.
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **masudhasan33** 3 years, 2 months ago

FastConnect provides dedicated, private connectivity. Traffic flowing over the connection is not encrypted.
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Ganmook** 3 years, 1 month ago

And also there is mentioned 'No static configuration has been added' too.
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **tohegajaf** 3 years, 3 months ago

Answer is B.
<https://www.oracle.com/uk/cloud/networking/fastconnect-faq.html>
upvoted 3 times

You have created a group for several auditors. You assign the following policies to the group:

Allow group Auditors to inspect all-resources in tenancy

Allow group Auditors to read instances in tenancy

Allow group Auditors to read audit-events in tenancy

What actions are the auditors allowed to perform within your tenancy? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. The Auditors can view resources in the tenancy.
- B. Auditors are able to create new instances in the tenancy.
- C. The Auditors are able to delete resource in the tenancy.
- D. Auditors are able to view all resources in the compartment.

Suggested Answer: D

Community vote distribution


A (100%)

 **tohegajaf** Highly Voted 3 years, 3 months ago

Correct answer is A

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Identity/Concepts/policies.htm#Verbs>


upvoted 9 times

 **Carlittos92** Most Recent 2 years, 9 months ago

Selected Answer: A

A is the right answer


upvoted 1 times

 **mboko** 2 years, 9 months ago

Within is the keyword,

the correct answer is D

upvoted 1 times

 **Saidasa** 2 years, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: A

Namaste

The verbs are inspect and read and cannot provide create and delete access , hence Option B and C are ruled out.

D mentions compartment which is not listed in the question

hence I choose A

upvoted 2 times

 **SujoyS** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: A

Should be A

upvoted 1 times

 **testng** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: A

Auditor permission gives access to everything in tenancy

upvoted 1 times

 **SilNilanjan** 2 years, 12 months ago

Selected Answer: A

Should be A

upvoted 1 times

 **akr14feb** 3 years ago

A is the right answer

upvoted 1 times

  **exam67** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: A

A is correct, not D, because Auditor can view all resources in tenancy, not limited to a compartment.

upvoted 2 times

  **HBarCrunch** 3 years ago

Hello... can someone update this with correct answer?

upvoted 1 times

  **nasa86** 3 years, 1 month ago

A is correct

upvoted 4 times

You have a web application running on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) that lets users log in with a username and password. You notice that an attacker has tried to use SQL comment `--` to alter the database query, remove the password check and log in as a user. You decide to prevent any future attacks.

Which of the following OCI services or features would you choose to safeguard your application? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Network Security Group
- B. Data Safe
- C. Web Application Framework (WAF)
- D. Vault

Suggested Answer: D

Community vote distribution

C (100%)

🗨️ **Omoba_Abayomi** 2 years, 9 months ago

Did we all notice that option C mentioned Framework and not Firewall??

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **FreeHK** 2 years, 9 months ago

the site needs to fix all the answers.

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **mboko** 2 years, 9 months ago

noticed its framework, not firewall so we go with answer D vault to protect secrets and keys

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Saidasa** 2 years, 10 months ago

Namaste

Answer is C i.e. WAF which is used to prevent SQL injection attacks

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **baoenb** 2 years, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: C

Confusing... it says Framework which not exists... so

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **andreljunior** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: C

C Web Application ****Firewall****

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Sanduni** 2 years, 11 months ago

C Web Application Firewall

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **SujoyS** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: C

C - WAF Prevents SQL Injections

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **SiNilanjan** 2 years, 12 months ago

Selected Answer: C

Should be C

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **akr14feb** 3 years ago

C is the right answer

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **exam67** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: C

C, but Web Application Firewall, not Framework

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **fk_t_boss** 3 years ago

Typo in question, C is only possible answer with Firewall replacing Framework

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **Minghon** 3 years, 1 month ago

WAF provides you with the ability to create and manage rules for internet threats including Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), SQL Injection and other OWASP-defined vulnerabilities.

Reference:

https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/WAF/Concepts/overview.htm#Overview_of_the_Web_Application_Firewall_Service

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **Kenzo** 3 years, 2 months ago

But C says Web Application Framework instead of Firewall

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **aasdac_11** 3 years, 4 months ago

C - WAF Prevents SQL Injections

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ 👤 **examtaker1** 3 years, 4 months ago

C "WAF" is correct

upvoted 4 times

One of the compute instances that you have deployed on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) is malfunctioning. You have created a console connection to remotely troubleshoot it.











Which two statements about console connections are TRUE? (Choose two.)

- A. It is not possible to use VNC console connections to connect to Bare Metal Instances.
- B. VNC console connection uses SSH port forwarding to create a secure connection from your local system to the VNC server attached to your instance's console.
- C. It is not possible to connect to the serial console to an instance running Microsoft Windows, however VNC console connection can be used.
- D. For security purpose, the console connection will not let you edit system configuration files.
- E. If you do not disconnect from the session, your serial console connection will automatically be terminated after 24 hours.

Suggested Answer: BE

Community vote distribution

BE (100%)

-   **mboko** 2 years, 9 months ago
B,E AUTOMATION OF TIMEOUT IS 24 HOURS BY DEFAULT
upvoted 1 times
-   **SilNilanjan** 2 years, 12 months ago
Selected Answer: BE
Voted B&E
upvoted 3 times
-   **akr14feb** 3 years ago
I will go with B,E
upvoted 2 times
-   **nasa86** 3 years, 1 month ago
B and E
upvoted 2 times
-   **tohegajaf** 3 years, 3 months ago
Correct answers B&E
<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Compute/References/serialconsole.htm>
upvoted 4 times

You have created an Autonomous Data Warehouse (ADW) service in your company's Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) tenancy and you now have to load historical data into it. You have already extracted this historical data from multiple data marts and data warehouses. This data is stored in multiple CSV text files and these files are ranging in size from 25 MB to 20 GB.

Which is the most efficient and error tolerant method for loading data into ADW? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Create Auth token, use it to create an object storage credential by executing `DBMS_CLOUD.CREATE_CREDENTIAL`, using the web console upload the CSV files to an OCI object storage bucket, create the tables in the ADW database and then execute `DBMS_CLOUD.COPY_DATA` for each CSV file to copy the contents into the corresponding ADW database table.
- B. Create the tables in the ADW database and then execute `SQL*Loader` for each CSV file to load the contents into the corresponding ADW database table.
- C. Create Auth token, use it to create an object storage credential by executing `DBMS_CLOUD.CREATE_CREDENTIAL`, using OCI CLI upload the CSV files to an OCI object storage bucket, create the tables in the ADW database and then execute Data Pump Import for each CSV file to copy the contents into the corresponding ADW database table.
- D. Create Auth token, use it to create an object storage credential by executing `DBMS_CLOUD.CREATE_CREDENTIAL`, using OCI CLI upload the CSV files to an OCI object storage bucket, create the tables in the ADW database and then execute `DBMS_CLOUD.COPY_DATA` for each CSV file to copy the contents into the corresponding ADW database table.

Suggested Answer: D

Community vote distribution

D (100%)

🗨️ **maxoci** 2 years, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: D

datapump doesnt use csv
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Royal_CT** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: D

YES 'D' is correct
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **GeisonSilva** 2 years, 12 months ago

Selected Answer: D

D is correct
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **akr14feb** 3 years ago

I will go with D
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **exam67** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: D

D is correct. Using Object Storage and `COPY_DATA` is the standard recommended method for fetching data into ADW. Furthermore using CLI over web has the benefit of multipart upload, that is chunk upload of large files, thus reducing the chance of a transfer failure
upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **nasa86** 3 years, 2 months ago

Answer is A I believe

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/autonomous-database/adbsa/load-data-cloud-copy.html#GUID-76FC5A15-7ACC-4B59-87C0-20D4778E522D>
upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **Ganmook** 3 years, 1 month ago

How about C than A?

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/autonomous-database/adbsa/load-data-cloud-data-pump.html#GUID-9E5199B2-30C2-4ECA-AB63-44D4D0D23F5D>

upvoted 1 times

  **nasa86** 3 years, 1 month ago

Def not C. but can be D.

For Data Pump Import it has to be dump files. but here there are .csv files. But on second thought Answer Should be D. Since for larger files OCI CLI is the recommended options. Just my thoughts.

upvoted 2 times

  **Minghon** 3 years, 1 month ago

D is the correct answer.

Since the CSV file is a 20 GB large file, we need to upload by "multipart uploads".

And we can perform multipart uploads using the API, the Software Development Kits and Command Line Interface, or the Command Line Interface (CLI).

upvoted 3 times

You are using the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Command Line Interface to launch a Linux virtual machine. You enter the following command (with correct values for all parameters):


```
oci compute instance launch --availability-domain
"<availability_domain_name>" -t <tenancy_id> -c <compartment_id>
--shape "<shape_name>" --display-name "<instance_display_name>"
--image-id <image_id> --ssh-authorized-keys-file
"<path_to_authorized_keys_file>" --subnet-id <subnet_id>
```

The command fails.

Which is NOT a valid parameter in this command? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. `-t <tenancy_id>`
- B. `-i "image-id <image_id>`
- C. `-s "shape <shape_name>`
- D. `-c <compartment_id>`
- E. `-s "subnet-id <subnet_id>`

Suggested Answer: A


 **maxoci** 2 years, 10 months ago

A is the Answer.

The fact that you are using CLI, the config knows which tenancy to connect to
upvoted 1 times

 **akr14feb** 3 years ago

A is the right answer
upvoted 1 times

 **nasa86** 3 years, 2 months ago

A is the Answer

Tenacy is not in the parameters

https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/tools/oci-cli/3.0.5/oci_cli_docs/cmdref/compute/instance/launch.html
upvoted 4 times

 **tohegajaf** 3 years, 3 months ago

Correct answer is A

https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/tools/oci-cli/3.0.2/oci_cli_docs/cmdref/compute/instance/launch.html

Tenancy is specified as part of "oci setup config" command.

upvoted 3 times

You have received an email from your manager to provision new resources on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI). When researching OCI, you determined that you should use OCI Resource Manager. Since this is a task that will be done multiple times for development, test, and production. You will need to create a command that can be re-used.


Which CLI command can be used in this situation? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. `oci resource-manager stack create --tenancy-id <tenancy_OCID> --config-source prod.zip --variables file://variables.json --display-name Production stack build --description Creating new Production environment`
- B. `oci resource-manager stack update --compartment-id <compartment_OCID> --config-source prod.zip --variables file://variables.json --display-name Production stack build --description Creating new Production environment`
- C. `oci resource-manager stack create --compartment-id <compartment_OCID> --config-source prod.zip --variables file://variables.json --display-name Production stack build --description Creating new Production environment`
- D. `oci resource-manager stack update --tenancy-id <tenancy_OCID> --config-source prod.zip --variables file://variables.json --display-name Production stack build --description Creating new Production environment`

Suggested Answer: C

Community vote distribution

C (100%)

 **tohegajaf** Highly Voted 3 years, 3 months ago

Correct answer is C:

https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/tools/oci-cli/3.0.2/oci_cli_docs/cmdref/resource-manager/stack/create.html


Command indicated with option B is wrong as `oci resource-manager stack update` requires to provide mandatory `--stack-id` argument.

upvoted 5 times

 **IT_Thinker** Most Recent 2 years, 10 months ago

`tenancy_OCID` is NOT a valid parameter for resource-manager UPDATE and CREATE. Also, we are obviously creating a stack, NOT updating a stack, therefor the answer must be C.

upvoted 1 times

 **andrelsjunior** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: C

C is the correct. Be aware of the 'CREATE' command. A and D uses the `<Tenancy_ID>` which is used as part of "oci setup config" not here.

upvoted 1 times

 **akr14feb** 3 years ago


B is the right answer

upvoted 1 times

 **akr14feb** 3 years ago

Sorry C is the right answer

upvoted 2 times

 **nasa86** 3 years, 2 months ago

C is the Answer

upvoted 3 times

 **sofioracle** 3 years, 3 months ago

Answer B, display-name "Production stack building "

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/ResourceManager/Tasks/managingstacksandjobs.htm#CreateSt>

upvoted 1 times

 **antoweb** 3 years ago

Why B, b says "update" not create. I have to create

upvoted 3 times

You are asked to deploy a new application that has been designed to scale horizontally. The business stakeholders have asked that the application be deployed in us-phoenix-1.

Normal usage requires 2 OCPUs. You expect to have few spikes during the week, that will require up to 4 OCPUs, and a major usage uptick at the end of each month that will require 8 OCPUs.

What is the most cost-effective approach to implement a highly available and scalable solution? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Create an instance pool with a VM.Standard2.2 shape instance configuration. Setup the autoscaling configuration to use 2 availability domains and have a minimum of 2 instances, to handle the weekly spikes, and a maximum of 4 instances.
- B. Create an instance with 1 OCPU shape. Use the Resize Instance action to scale up to a larger shape when more resources are needed.
- C. Create an instance with 1 OCPU shape. Use a CLI script to clone it when more resources are needed.
- D. Create an instance pool with a VM.Standard2.1 shape instance configuration. Setup the autoscaling configuration to use 2 availability domains and have a minimum of 2 instances and a maximum of 8 instances.

Suggested Answer: A

Community vote distribution

D (100%)

 **tohegajaf** Highly Voted 3 years, 3 months ago


Correct answer is D.

VM.Standard2.1 has 1 OCPU

VM.Standard2.2 has 2 OCPUs

https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Compute/References/computeshapes.htm#baremetalshapes__bm-standard

upvoted 5 times

 **solu** 3 years, 2 months ago

A is correct Answer

upvoted 3 times

 **antoweb** 3 years ago

Why A if the minimum is 2 OCPU? With A you have a minimum of 4 OCPU. So the answer can be D

upvoted 2 times

 **aroandre** Most Recent 2 years, 9 months ago

VM.Standart.2.1 - 1 OCPU

VM.Standart.2.2 - 2 OCPU

If we use VM.Standard.2.2 as proposed, we will always have 4 OCPUs in use.

So using

Normal usage - 2 Standard 2.1 - 2 OCPU's - Minimum

Few spikes during the week -4 Standard 2.1 - 4 OCPU's - If necessary.

Major Spike - 8 Standard 2.1- 8 OCPU's - Maximum

It is not necessary to follow the multiples and can consider intermediate quantities, lowering the costs

upvoted 1 times

 **IT_Thinker** 2 years, 10 months ago

Come one people, the VM.Standard2.1 only has 1 OCPU. D is obviously NOT the answer if it only has one OCPU. The only viable answer is A.

upvoted 1 times

 **noahsark** 2 years, 9 months ago

"have a minimum of 2 instances" -> total of 2 OCPU, right?

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **barlar** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: D

given minimum
upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **testng** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: D

Due to minimum requirements it should be D
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **RadwanHammad** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: D

it should be D
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **SilNilanjan** 2 years, 12 months ago

Selected Answer: D

D is perhaps the most economical solution
upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **akr14feb** 3 years ago

I will go with A

Normal usage - Standard 2.2 - 2 OCPU's

Few spikes during the week -Setup autoscaling 2 AD's, minimum 2 instances = 4 OCPU's

Major Spike - 4 instance - 8 OCPU's

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ **HBarCrunch** 3 years ago

D is the answer guys. Fix it.
upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **nasa86** 3 years, 2 months ago

D is the most economical solution.
upvoted 3 times

🗨️ **maxoci** 2 years, 10 months ago

How is D more economical? 2.2 shape is one compute with 20CPUs, but 2.1Shape are 2 computes with 1 OCPU. You will be charged for 2 computes.

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **maxoci** 2 years, 10 months ago

correction. it is D, because A uses 2 X 2.2 as minimum which means 40CPUs. more costly!!

Questions need to be read carefully

upvoted 1 times

You have been asked to set up connectivity between a client's on-premises network and Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI). The requirements are:

- ⇒ Low latency: The applications are financial and require low latency connectivity into OCI.
- ⇒ Consistency: The application isn't tolerant of performance variation.
- ⇒ Performance: The communications link needs to support up to 1.25 Gbps.
- ⇒ Encryption: The communications link needs to encrypt any data in transit between the on-premises network and OCI Virtual Cloud Network (VCN).

The client wants to implement the above with as low a cost as possible, while meeting all of the requirements. What should you suggest? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Provision FastConnect with a single private virtual circuit, and run an IPsec VPN tunnel over the top of this virtual circuit.
- B. Provision FastConnect with a single public virtual circuit.
- C. Provision a site-to-site IPsec VPN between your on-premises network and your virtual cloud network (VCN) using VPN Connect.
- D. Provision FastConnect with a single private virtual circuit.
- E. Provision FastConnect with a single public virtual circuit, and run an IPsec VPN tunnel over the top of this virtual circuit.

Suggested Answer: D

Reference:

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Concepts/fastconnectoverview.htm>

Community vote distribution

E (100%)

tohegajaf **Highly Voted** 3 years, 3 months ago

Correct answer E

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Resources/Assets/whitepapers/encrypted-fastconnect-public-peering.pdf>

upvoted 11 times

IT_Thinker 2 years, 10 months ago

It's obviously NOT E. Why would you use Public peering when you forfeit access to ALL your private resources in OCI, such as compute instances. Public Peering is rarely used and is ONLY to provide access to OCI public services, NOT OCI private tenancy resources.

upvoted 2 times

noahsark 2 years, 9 months ago

A?

• Private peering: To extend your existing infrastructure into a virtual cloud network (VCN) in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (for example, to implement a hybrid cloud, or a lift and shift scenario). Communication across the connection is with IPv4 private addresses (typically RFC 1918).

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Concepts/fastconnectoverview.htm>

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/get-started/subscriptions-cloud/ofcug/peering-types.html>

upvoted 1 times

Tanat **Most Recent** 2 years, 9 months ago

Selected Answer: E

E is correct

upvoted 1 times

Stu_Dent 2 years, 10 months ago

I don't mind there being incorrect answers. The discussions are brilliant, especially when someone researches and provides a link to the documentation. It makes for true learning and not just brain dumping.

upvoted 3 times

andrelsjunior 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: E

E is correct. See the comments above.

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **SujoyS** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: E

E

Based on doc <https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Resources/Assets/whitepapers/encrypted-fastconnect-public-peering.pdf>

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **skywalker** 2 years, 11 months ago

Why not A?

The need to connect to VCN service which require private peering

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ 👤 **noahsark** 2 years, 9 months ago

A?

Private peering: To extend your existing infrastructure into a virtual cloud network (VCN) in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (for example, to implement a hybrid cloud, or a lift and shift scenario). Communication across the connection is with IPv4 private addresses (typically RFC 1918).

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Concepts/fastconnectoverview.htm>

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/get-started/subscriptions-cloud/ofcug/peering-types.html>

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **akr14feb** 3 years ago

Will go with E

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **Kaguar** 3 years ago

My bad. The correct answer is E

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **Kaguar** 3 years ago

A is correct

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **TioChico** 3 years ago

D is correct, because the connectios is private, so we need to use fastconnect.

And other thing the cost need to be a lowas possible

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **drdam** 3 years ago

Requesting the administrator. There are numerous answers that are given in Reveal/Hide button. Only by reading the Discussion one can learn the correct answer. Please fix it.

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ 👤 **HBarCrunch** 3 years ago

Yes, admin please fix it.

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ 👤 **FreeHK** 2 years, 9 months ago

Agreed. Admin please fix it.

upvoted 1 times

Which two statements about the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) Command Line Interface (CLI) are TRUE? (Choose two.)



- A. You can run CLI commands from inside OCI Regions only.
- B. You can filter CLI output using the JMESPath query option for JSON.
- C. The CLI provides an automatic way to connect with instances provisioned on OCI.
- D. The CLI allows you to use the Python language to interact with OCI APIs.
- E. The CLI provides the same core functionality as the Console, plus additional commands.

Suggested Answer: *BE*

  **akr14feb** 3 years ago

B,E are correct

upvoted 1 times

  **nasa86** 3 years, 2 months ago

B

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/API/SDKDocs/cliusing.htm>


upvoted 1 times

  **tohegajaf** 3 years, 3 months ago

B&E correct

<https://blogs.oracle.com/cloud-infrastructure/post/exploring-the-search-and-query-features-of-oracle-cloud-infrastructure-command-line-interface>

upvoted 4 times

  **noahsark** 2 years, 9 months ago

Other reference:

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/API/SDKDocs/cliusing.htm>

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/API/Concepts/cliconcepts.htm>

upvoted 1 times

You have a Linux compute instance located in a public subnet in a VCN which hosts a web application. The security list attached to subnet containing the compute instance has the following stateful ingress rule.

<input type="checkbox"/> Stateless ▼	Source	IP Protocol	Source Port Range	Destination Port Range
<input type="checkbox"/> No	0.0.0.0/0	TCP	All	22

The Route table attached to the Public subnet is shown below. You can establish an SSH connection into the compute instance from the internet. However, you are not able to connect to the web server using your web browser.

<input type="checkbox"/> Destination	▲ Target Type
<input type="checkbox"/> 0.0.0.0/0	Internet Gateway

Which step will resolve the issue? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. In the route table, add a rule for your default traffic to be routed to NAT gateway.
- B. In the security list, add an ingress rule for port 80 (http).
- C. In the security list, remove the ssh rule.
- D. In the route table, add a rule for your default traffic to be routed to service gateway.

Suggested Answer: D

Community vote distribution

B (100%)

🗨️ **ThinhPhung** Highly Voted 3 years, 3 months ago

Answer B

upvoted 10 times

🗨️ **Stu_Dent** Most Recent 2 years, 10 months ago

Answer = B. The security list currently has an ingress (inward) rule to allow connections via SSH (port 22). It needs a similar rule added to the security list to allow HTTP (port 80).

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Sanduni** 2 years, 11 months ago

Answer is B

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **SujoyS** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: B

B is correct

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **bodepase** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: B

B because port 80 (http) is what web server runs on

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **testng** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: B

B is correct Answer because of Web Browser

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Answer B

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **akr14feb** 3 years ago

B is correct

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **fullperfect** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: B

Bbb;bbbbbbbbb

upvoted 1 times

  **exam67** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: B



You need to add a rule in the security list table to allow access to web application. Web applications are usually exposed over port 80 (HTTP), therefore answer B makes sense here.

upvoted 1 times

  **TioChico** 3 years ago



I totally agree, answer is B

upvoted 1 times

  **Kabbo** 3 years, 3 months ago

The answer is D totally incorret. The Service Gateway is for internal communications of services, for example, going from a VCN to Object Storage , witout going to the internet.

upvoted 3 times

  **Nag403** 3 years, 4 months ago

Answer B

upvoted 3 times

Your company recently adopted a hybrid cloud architecture which requires them to migrate some of their on-premises web applications to Oracle Cloud

Infrastructure (OCI). You created a Terraform template which automatically provisions OCI resources such as compute instances, load balancer, and a database instance. After running the stack using the terraform apply command, it successfully launched the compute instances and the load balancer, but it failed to create a new database instance with the following error:

Service error: NotAuthorizedOrNotFound. shape VM.Standard2.4 not found. http status code: 404

You discovered that the resource quotas assigned to your compartment prevent you from using VM.Standard2.4 instance shapes available in your tenancy. You edit the Terraform script and replace the shape with VM.Standard2.2

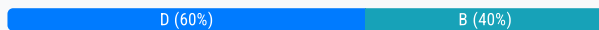
Which option would you recommend to re-run the terraform command to have required OCI resources provisioned with the least effort?

(Choose the best answer.)

- A. terraform plan -target=oci_database_db_system.db_system
- B. terraform apply -auto-approve
- C. terraform refresh -target=oci_database_db_system.db_system
- D. terraform apply -target=oci_database_db_system.db_system

Suggested Answer: D

Community vote distribution



Nag403 Highly Voted 3 years, 4 months ago

Answer B

upvoted 14 times

rohit1478 3 years ago

yes it's B because -auto-approve - Skips interactive approval of plan before applying. This option is ignored when you pass a previously-saved plan file, because Terraform considers you passing the plan file as the approval and so will never prompt in that case.

upvoted 5 times

noahsark 2 years, 9 months ago

maybe B ->

-auto-approve - Skips interactive approval of plan before applying. This option is ignored when you pass a previously-saved plan file, because Terraform considers you passing the plan file as the approval and so will never prompt in that case.

<https://www.terraform.io/cli/commands/apply>

upvoted 1 times

LeandroOsBr Most Recent 2 years, 9 months ago

Selected Answer: D

Considering 'least effort', the correct answered is D!

upvoted 1 times

666_m 2 years, 10 months ago

D is correct, auto approve is always enabled

upvoted 1 times

noahsark 2 years, 8 months ago

i think auto approve is not always enabled: "When Terraform is empowered to make destructive changes to infrastructure, manual review of plans is always recommended unless downtime is tolerated in the event of unintended changes. Use automatic approval only with non-critical infrastructure."

<https://learn.hashicorp.com/tutorials/terraform/automate-terraform>

upvoted 1 times

jexam211 2 years, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: D

with target clause you can apply one section.

auto-approve only skip the possible prompts

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **maxoci** 2 years, 10 months ago

D

It can only be APPLY so A and C are WRONG

It is not B, because refresh only updates the state file. Doesn't create

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Stu_Dent** 2 years, 10 months ago

Answer = B. This would normally be a two-step process. First you 'plan', at which point Terraform shows you what the additions and removals are, then you apply (confirm that you want the changes made). With auto approve, you can skip the first step as you already know the script works, and the only thing missing will be fixed with the adjustment you made. Also bearing in mind you can only choose one answer.

----- from HashiCorp Website-----

-auto-approve - Skips interactive approval of plan before applying. This option is ignored when you pass a previously-saved plan file, because Terraform considers you passing the plan file as the approval and so will never prompt in that case.

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Stu_Dent** 2 years, 10 months ago

My mistake! It's D. The answer = D. Just watched the video on Oracle University. Also spotted this link in the comments by @jac_1707 where auto-approve is an option, not a stand-alone command.

<https://www.terraform.io/cli/commands/refresh>

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **jac_1707** 2 years, 11 months ago

d :

<https://www.terraform.io/cli/commands/refresh>

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **testng** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: B

Follow Rohit1478

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **Cate** 2 years, 12 months ago

This answer is B

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **akr14feb** 3 years ago

Will go with D

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **exam67** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: D

Correct answer is D, because you want to recover a previous mistake in the Terraform configuration, that is the change in shape of the db instance. Therefore you don't need to re-run the whole terraform script again, but limit to a specific target

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **SilNilanjan** 2 years, 12 months ago

Terraform is declarative, so do we need to tell it what to target. I believe it can figure out its plan as per the changes in tf file. I shall go with B

upvoted 4 times

🗨️ **Just_Nick** 2 years, 11 months ago

I think B is correct since the problem mentions "LEAST EFFORT".

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ **TioChico** 3 years ago



D is correct

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **kish3** 3 years, 1 month ago



I believe a plan is also needed. If yes it is A.

upvoted 2 times

  **mifune** 3 years ago

It's the A

upvoted 1 times

  **zjd713** 3 years, 1 month ago

Answer D

upvoted 3 times

You have been monitoring your company's applications running in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) and notice that the application is using OCI Traffic Management service. This service uses a traffic steering policy to distribute the DNS traffic based on subnet addresses in a rule set. Which steering policy is in use in this particular case? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Load Balancing policy
- B. Geolocation steering
- C. ASN steering policy
- D. IP Prefix steering

Suggested Answer: C

Reference:

<https://k21academy.com/1z0-997/traffic-management-in-oci/>

Community vote distribution

D (100%)

 **Gianka** Highly Voted 3 years, 4 months ago

D is the correct answer
upvoted 11 times

 **noahsark** 2 years, 9 months ago

D -

IP PREFIX STEERING

IP Prefix steering policies enable customers to steer DNS traffic based on the IP Prefix of the originating query.

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/TrafficManagement/Tasks/trafficmanagement.htm>

upvoted 1 times

 **mboko** Most Recent 2 years, 9 months ago

KEYWORD IS subnet addresses in a rule set
that makes answer to be C
upvoted 1 times

 **balask** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: D

D is the correct answer
upvoted 1 times

 **ketosi** 2 years, 11 months ago

D is the correct answer
upvoted 1 times

 **tnbrd5** 2 years, 11 months ago

Why the Reveal Solution is so misleading? Why can't the admin of this topic put the correct answer?
upvoted 2 times


 **mboko** 2 years, 9 months ago

Keyword is subnet addresses in a rule set: rule set are only A/P in Autonomous System Numbers
upvoted 1 times

 **testng** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: D

IP Prefix steering policies enable customers to steer DNS traffic based on the IP Prefix of the originating query.
upvoted 1 times

 **exams01** 2 years, 11 months ago

D is the correct ans

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Cate** 2 years, 12 months ago

D is the answer

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: D

D is the correct answer

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Shakir_Ahmed** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: D

IP Prefix steering policies enable customers to steer DNS traffic based on the IP Prefix of the originating query.

Note: A subnet address that will be used to distribute DNS traffic.

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **akr14feb** 3 years ago

D is correct

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **HBarCrunch** 3 years ago

The ANSWER IS C!

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **rbmone** 3 years ago

D is correct

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **KitSzeto** 3 years, 1 month ago

definitely D as subnet is controlled IP Prefix policy instead of ASN.

upvoted 1 times

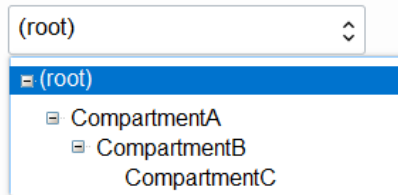
🗨️ **reachabhien10** 3 years, 2 months ago

D is correct

upvoted 2 times

You have the following compartment structure within your company's Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) tenancy:

COMPARTMENT



You want to create a policy in the root compartment to allow SystemAdmins to manage VCNs only in CompartmentC. Which policy is correct? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Allow group SystemAdmins to manage virtual-network-family in compartment CompartmentB:CompartmentC
- B. Allow group SystemAdmins to manage virtual-network-family in compartment Root
- C. Allow group SystemAdmins to manage virtual-network-family in compartment CompartmentA:CompartmentB:CompartmentC
- D. Allow group SystemAdmins to manage virtual-network-family in compartment CompartmentC

Suggested Answer: D

Reference:

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Identity/Concepts/policies.htm>

Community vote distribution

C (100%)

ThinkPhung Highly Voted 3 years, 3 months ago

Answer is C
upvoted 5 times

noahsark 2 years, 9 months ago
d for now

You want to create a policy to allow NetworkAdmins to manage VCNs in CompartmentC. If you want to attach this policy to CompartmentC or to its parent, CompartmentB, write this policy statement:

Allow group NewtworkAdmins to manage virtual-network-family in compartment CompartmentC

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Identity/Concepts/policies.htm>
upvoted 1 times

abhijitviktor Most Recent 1 year, 11 months ago

Who suggests the suggested answer - It is wrong
Correct ans : C
upvoted 1 times

FreeHK 2 years, 9 months ago

Admin fix your answers!
upvoted 1 times

Saidasa 2 years, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: C
Namaste

I choose C
upvoted 1 times

maxoci 2 years, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: C
C. Needs full path.

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **SujoyS** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: C

C 200%

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **ketosi** 2 years, 11 months ago

c 100%

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **bodepase** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: C

Complete compartment path is needed

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: C

C is Correct

upvoted 4 times

🗨️ **akr14feb** 3 years ago

It should be C

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **thenameisgrigor** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: C

Complete Compartment path is required. It is also advisable to do so, as policies are name based ones.

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ **antoweb** 3 years ago

But the question says "only in CompartmentC" so the answer C will by apply the policy to ComparmentA and CompartmentB so i think the correct answer is D

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ **Just_Nick** 2 years, 11 months ago

Go with the basic your just make a confusion here.

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **maxoci** 2 years, 10 months ago

It's a full path. It doesn't apply to A and B. They are just the parent compartments

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **noahsark** 2 years, 9 months ago

You want to create a policy to allow NetworkAdmins to manage VCNs in CompartmentC. If you want to attach this policy to CompartmentC or to its parent, CompartmentB, write this policy statement:

Allow group NewtworkAdmins to manage virtual-network-family in compartment CompartmentC

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Identity/Concepts/policies.htm>

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **rbmone** 3 years ago

C is Correct

upvoted 4 times

🗨️ **mifune** 3 years ago

I don't know who set the wrong answer because this one is really obvious: C

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ **giust** 3 years, 4 months ago

Correct is 'C' because you need to apply at root level (tenancy)

upvoted 3 times

Which option contains the essential components of the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Notifications service? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. An ALARM with a name unique across the tenancy, a SUBSCRIPTION, and a METRIC with the measurement of interest.
- B. A TOPIC with a name unique across the tenancy, a SUBSCRIPTION, and a MESSAGE where content is published.
- C. A TOPIC with a name unique across the compartment, a SUBSCRIPTION, and a MESSAGE where content is published.
- D. An ALARM with a name unique across the compartment, a SUBSCRIPTION, and a METRIC with the measurement of interest.

Suggested Answer: D

Community vote distribution

B (100%)

🗨️ **SujoyS** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: B

Correct is 'B'

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: B

Correct is 'B'

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Correct is 'B'

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **akr14feb** 3 years ago

Agreed, Will go with B

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **exam67** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: B

B is correct, not A, because a topic name must be unique across the tenancy, otherwise whenever you want to publish to a topic you need to specify also the tenant.

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **HBarCrunch** 3 years ago

Please fix it Admin. D is not the right answer at all.

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **FreeHK** 2 years, 9 months ago

They never fix anything

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **rbmone** 3 years ago

B is correct :

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Notification/Concepts/notificationoverview.htm>

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **mifune** 3 years ago

Why Tenancy and not Compartment? Why B instead of C?

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **zjd713** 3 years, 1 month ago

why not C?



upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **nasa86** 3 years, 2 months ago

B



<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Notification/Tasks/managingtopicsandsubscriptions.htm>

upvoted 1 times

  **ThinkPhung** 3 years, 3 months ago

Answer is B

upvoted 3 times

  **giust** 3 years, 4 months ago

Correct is 'B'

upvoted 3 times

You run a large global application with 90% of customers based in the US and Canada. You want to be able to test a new feature and allow a small percentage of users to access the new version of your application.

What Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Traffic Management steering policy should you utilize? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Load Balancer
- B. IP Prefix steering
- C. ASN steering
- D. Geolocation steering


Suggested Answer: D

Reference:


<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/TrafficManagement/Tasks/trafficmanagement.htm>

Community vote distribution

A (100%)

 **examtaker1** Highly Voted 3 years, 4 months ago

A. Load Balancer
upvoted 7 times

 **noahsark** 2 years, 9 months ago
maybe D?

GEOLOCATION STEERING

Geolocation steering policies distribute DNS traffic to different endpoints based on the location of the end user. Customers can define geographic regions composed of originating continent, countries or states/provinces (North America) and define a separate endpoint or set of endpoints for each region.


<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/TrafficManagement/Tasks/trafficmanagement.htm>
upvoted 2 times

 **Vijayshankarbm** Most Recent 5 months ago

D.GEOLOCATION STEERING


Geolocation steering policies distribute DNS traffic to different endpoints based on the location of the end user. Customers can define geographic regions composed of originating continent, countries or states/provinces (North America) and define a separate endpoint or set of endpoints for each region.

upvoted 1 times

 **IT_Thinker** 2 years, 10 months ago

A: "Load Balancer policies allow distribution of traffic across multiple endpoints. Endpoints can be assigned equal weights to distribute traffic evenly across the endpoints or custom weights may be assigned for ratio load balancing."

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/TrafficManagement/Tasks/trafficmanagement.htm>
upvoted 2 times

 **Stu_Dent** 2 years, 10 months ago

I'm leaning towards 'D' on this one.

My reasons:

90% of customers are in the US/Canada. That leaves "a small percentage of users" that could be used to test the new version. So anyone outside of the US/Canada.

I don't think those details would be in the question if they were not a factor.

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/TrafficManagement/Tasks/trafficmanagement.htm>

GEOLOCATION STEERING

Geolocation steering policies distribute DNS traffic to different endpoints based on the location of the end-user. Customers can define geographic regions composed of originating continent, countries or states/provinces (North America) and define a separate endpoint or set of endpoints for each region.

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: A

A. Load Balancer

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **akr14feb** 3 years ago

I will go with A

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **exam67** 3 years ago

Load Balancer is the right answer, because you want to direct part of the traffic to the new application. It may look like a canary testing, but IP Prefix steering (B) is not appropriate in this case, because there is no mention that users to direct to the new app are identifiable by their IP address. Finally Geolocation steering (D) is not appropriate, because the geographic location of users is just a misleading piece of information provided

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **HBarCrunch** 3 years ago

Once again all wrong. It is B.

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ 👤 **zjd713** 3 years, 1 month ago

Answer is D

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ 👤 **nasa86** 3 years, 2 months ago

A

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/TrafficManagement/Tasks/trafficmanagement.htm>

upvoted 3 times

🗨️ 👤 **ThinkPhung** 3 years, 3 months ago

Answer is B

upvoted 4 times

🗨️ 👤 **giust** 3 years, 4 months ago

Correct is 'B' because you're asked to do a Canary Testing so IP Prefix is the right choice

upvoted 4 times

🗨️ 👤 **tohegajaf** 3 years, 3 months ago

With IP Prefix you need to indicate the IP prefix of the originating request, you can't indicate a percentage of the total requests.

A, Load Balancer allows you to steer a small amount of traffic..

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/TrafficManagement/Tasks/trafficmanagement.htm>

upvoted 6 times

Which two statements are TRUE about Object Storage data security and encryption in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI)? (Choose two.)

- A. Client-side encryption is managed by the customer.
- B. Data needs to be decrypted on the client side before retrieving it.
- C. OCI Vault Management is used by default to provide data security.
- D. All traffic to and from Object Storage service is encrypted using TLS.
- E. A VPN connection to OCI is required to ensure secure data transfer to an object storage bucket.

Suggested Answer: AD

Community vote distribution

AD (100%)

🗨️ **ketosi** 2 years, 11 months ago

AD IS VERY OKAY

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **exams01** 2 years, 11 months ago

AD are best choice

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: AD

AD are correct

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **akr14feb** 3 years ago

AD are correct

upvoted 1 times

🗨️ **Kaguar** 3 years ago

AD is very correct. Encryption of data in and out of the Object Storage and customer manages client encryption

upvoted 2 times

🗨️ **nasa86** 3 years, 2 months ago

AD is correct i think

upvoted 2 times

You are using Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) console to set up an alarm on a budget to track your OCI spending. Which two are valid targets for creating a budget in OCI? (Choose two.)

- A. Select group as the type of target for your budget.
- B. Select Tenancy as the type of target for your budget.
- C. Select user as the type of target for your budget.
- D. Select Cost-Tracking Tags as the type of target for your budget.
- E. Select Compartment as the type of target for your budget.

Suggested Answer: DE

Community vote distribution

DE (100%)

  **tohegajaf** Highly Voted 3 years, 3 months ago

D&E correct

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Billing/Concepts/budgetsoverview.htm>

upvoted 6 times

  **noahsark** 2 years, 9 months ago

Budgets are set on cost-tracking tags or on compartments (including the root compartment) to track all spending in that cost-tracking tag or for that compartment and its children.

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/solutions/oci-best-practices/track-and-manage-usage-and-cost1.html#GUID-85BEDC44-25BD-4D96-812C-26CD74AC1463>

upvoted 1 times

  **nenAZ** Most Recent 2 years, 9 months ago

Selected Answer: DE

D & E correct



upvoted 1 times

  **maxoci** 2 years, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: DE


D E are correct

upvoted 1 times

  **Sanduni** 2 years, 11 months ago

D, E correct

upvoted 1 times

  **ketosi** 2 years, 11 months ago

DE 100%

upvoted 1 times

  **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: DE

DE are correct

upvoted 2 times

  **akr14feb** 3 years ago

DE are correct

upvoted 1 times

Your application is using an Object Storage bucket named app-data in the namespace vision, to store both persistent and temporary data. Every week all the temporary data should be deleted to limit the storage consumption. Currently you need to navigate to the Object Storage page using the web console, select the appropriate bucket to view all the objects and delete the temporary ones.

To simplify the task you have configured the application to save all the temporary data with /temp prefix. You have also decided to use the Command Line

Interface (CLI) to perform this operation.


What is the command you should use to speed up the data cleanup? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. `oci os object delete --ns vision --bn app-data --prefix /temp`
- B. `oci os object bulk-delete --ns vision --bn app-data --prefix /temp --force`
- C. `oci objectstorage bulk-delete --ns vision --bn app-data --prefix /temp --force`
- D. `oci os object delete app-data in vision where prefix = /temp`

Suggested Answer: B

Community vote distribution

B (100%)

 **tohegajaf** Highly Voted 3 years, 3 months ago

B

https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/tools/oci-cli/3.0.2/oci_cli_docs/cmdref/os/object/bulk-delete.html

upvoted 5 times

 **raeas** Most Recent 2 years, 8 months ago

B is the answer

upvoted 1 times

 **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: B

will go with B

upvoted 2 times

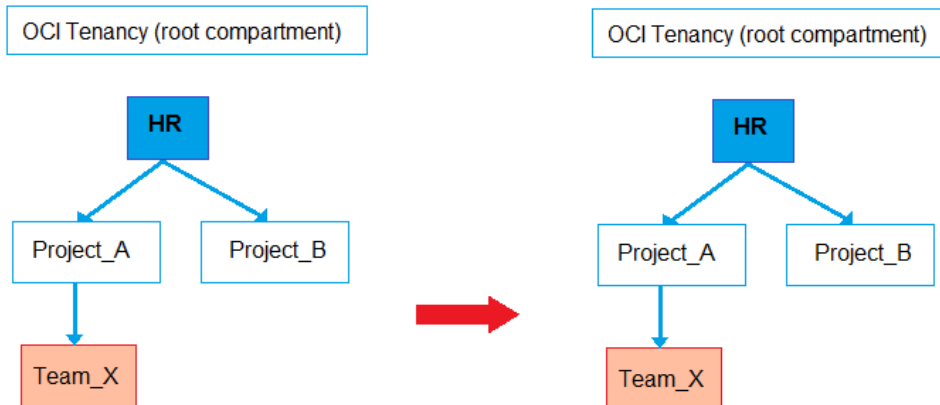
 **akr14feb** 3 years ago

will go with B

upvoted 1 times

Your company has restructured its HR departments. As part of this change, you also need to re-organize compartments within Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) to align them to the company's new organizational structure. The following change is required:

Compartment Team_x needs to be moved under a new parent compartment, Project_B



The tenancy has the following policies defined for compartments Project_A and Project_B:

Policy1: Allow group G1 to manage instance-family in compartment HR:Project_A

Policy2: Allow group G2 to manage instance-family in compartment HR:Project_B

Which two statements describe the impacts after the compartment Team_x is moved? (Choose two.)

- A. Group G2 can now manage instance-families in compartment Project_B and compartment Team_X
- B. Group G1 can now manage instance-families in compartment Project_A, compartment Project_B and compartment Team_X
- C. Group G1 can now manage instance-families in compartment Project_A but not in compartment Team_x
- D. Group G2 can now manage instance-families in compartment Project_A but not in compartment Team_x
- E. Group G2 can now manage instance-families in compartment Project_B, compartment Project_A and compartment Team_X

Suggested Answer: AC

Community vote distribution

AC (100%)

raeas 2 years, 8 months ago

A,C are the answer
upvoted 1 times

Saidasa 2 years, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: AC

Namaste

A , C are correct
upvoted 1 times

maxoci 2 years, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: AC

Ans: A&C

BTW the diagram is wrong. the compartment needs to be under the right box

upvoted 2 times

bodepase 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: AC

AC are the obvious answers
upvoted 1 times

jesselca96 3 years ago

the answer correct is AC

upvoted 2 times

  **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: AC

AC, correct

upvoted 2 times

  **akr14feb** 3 years ago

AD are right answers


upvoted 1 times

  **thenameisgrigor** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: AC

AC, correct

upvoted 2 times

  **zjd713** 3 years, 1 month ago

The answer is A,C

upvoted 4 times

You have been contracted by a local e-commerce company to assist with enhancing their online shopping application. The application is currently deployed in a single Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) region. The application utilizes a public load balancer, application servers in a private subnet, and a database in a separate, private subnet.

The company would like to deploy another set of similar infrastructure in a different OCI region that will act as standby site. In the event of a failure at the primary site, all customers should be routed to the failover site automatically.

After deploying the additional infrastructure within the second region, how should you configure automated failover requirements? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Create a load balancer policy in the Traffic Management service. Configure one answer for each site. Set the answer for the primary site with a weight of 10 and the answer for the secondary site with a weight of 100.
- B. Create a new A record in DNS that points to the public load balancer at the secondary site. Create a CNAME for the sub-domain failover that will resolve to the new A record. Inform customers to prepend the website URL with failover if the primary site is unavailable.
- C. Create a failover policy in the Traffic Management service. Set the IP address of the public load balancer for the primary site in answer pool 1. Set the IP address of the public load balancer for the secondary site in answer pool 2. Define a health check to monitor both sites.
- D. Deploy a new load balancer in the primary region. Create one backend set for the primary application servers and a second backend set for the standby application servers. Create a listener for the primary backend set with a timeout of 3 minutes. Create a listener for the secondary backend set with a timeout of 10 minutes.

Suggested Answer: D

Community vote distribution

C (100%)

 **Nag403** Highly Voted 3 years, 4 months ago

Answer C

upvoted 8 times

 **nenoz** Most Recent 2 years, 9 months ago

Selected Answer: C

Clearly, C

upvoted 1 times

 **lopeza01** 2 years, 9 months ago

Selected Answer: C

Answer is C

upvoted 2 times

 **bodepase** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: C

Answer is C

upvoted 1 times

 **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: C

Answer C

upvoted 2 times

 **akr14feb** 3 years ago

Will go with C

upvoted 2 times

 **HBarCrunch** 3 years ago

Admin. Please fix this one. Answer is clearly C.

upvoted 2 times

 **TioChico** 3 years ago

Correct is C, 100% sure

upvoted 1 times

  **rbmone** 3 years ago

Answer C is the best
upvoted 1 times

You have recently been asked to take over management of your company's infrastructure provisioning efforts, utilizing Terraform v0.12 to provision and manage infrastructure resources in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI). For the past few days the development environments have been failing to provision. Terraform returns the following error:

Error: Missing item separator

```
on vc_n_peer_lab.tf line 15, in resource "oci_core_security_list" "ManagementSecurityList":
15: tcp_options = [min = "22", max = "22"]
```

Expected a comma to mark the beginning of the next item.

You locate the related code block in the Terraform config and find the following:

```
(11) ingress_security_rules {
(12)     protocol = 6
(13)     source = "0.0.0.0/0"
(14)
(15)     tcp_options = [min = "22", max = "22"]
(16) }
```

Which correction should you make to solve this issue? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Place a command at the end of line 16
- B. Modify line 15 to be the following: `tcp_options = {min = 22, max = 22}`
- C. Modify line 15 to be the following: `tcp_options { min = 22 max = 22 }`
- D. Replace the curly braces '{ }' in lines 11 and 16 with square braces '[]'

Suggested Answer: B

Community vote distribution

C (100%)

 **Nag403** Highly Voted 3 years, 4 months ago

Answer C

upvoted 7 times


 **maxoci** Most Recent 2 years, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: C

Check the syntax here:

https://registry.terraform.io/providers/hashicorp/oci/latest/docs/resources/core_security_list

upvoted 3 times

 **balask** 2 years, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: C

C is correct answer

upvoted 1 times

 **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: C

C is the only correct one.

upvoted 1 times

 **akr14feb** 3 years ago

C is correct

upvoted 1 times

 **thenameisgrigor** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: C

C is the only correct one.

upvoted 1 times

 **HBarCrunch** 3 years ago

The answer is C!!!!!!

upvoted 1 times

Here is a partial code from a Terraform template written for Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI):

```
resource "oci_objectstorage_action" "bucket_par" {
  namespace      = "${data.oci_objectstorage_namespace.ns.namespace}"
  bucket         = "${oci_objectstorage_bucket.bucket1.name}"
  name           = "parOnBucket"
  access_type    = "AnyObjectWrite"
  time_expires  = "2020-12-10T23:00:00Z"
}

resource "oci_objectstorage_action" "bucket_par" {
  namespace      = "${data.oci_objectstorage_namespace.ns.namespace}"
  bucket         = "${oci_objectstorage_bucket.bucket1.name}"
  object         = "${oci_objectstorage_object.object1.object}"
  name           = "objectPar"
  access_type    = "ObjectRead"
  time_expires  = "2020-12-29T23:00:00Z"
}

output "par_output" {
  value = "https://objectstorage.${var.region}.oraclecloud.com
${oci_objectstorage_preauthrequest.object_par.access_uri}"
}
```

What operation(s) does it perform? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Provides object read and write access for an OCI Object Storage bucket.
- B. Creates a pre-authenticated request for objects in an OCI Object Storage bucket.
- C. Creates a URL to provide access to an OCI Object Storage bucket for managing objects.
- D. Creates a lifecycle policy for an OCI Object Storage bucket for moving data to Archival storage at a specified time.

Suggested Answer: A

Community vote distribution

B (100%)

 **reachabhien10** Highly Voted 3 years, 2 months ago

B. oci_objectstorage_preauthrequest.object_par.access_uri
upvoted 7 times

 **giust** Highly Voted 3 years, 4 months ago

Correct is 'B'
upvoted 5 times

 **rodeo111** 3 years, 4 months ago

Why is b correct ??
upvoted 2 times

 **elackg** 3 years ago

there is specified time for expiry and its only for PAR,
upvoted 1 times

 **IT_Thinker** Most Recent 2 years, 10 months ago

B: Here is an example for the oci_objectstorage_preauthrequest.
https://registry.terraform.io/providers/hashicorp/oci/latest/docs/resources/objectstorage_preauthrequest
upvoted 1 times

 **GeisonSilva** 3 years ago

Selected Answer: B

Correct is 'B'
upvoted 1 times

 **akr14feb** 3 years ago

B is correct

upvoted 1 times

  **sivamanickam** 3 years ago

B should be correct

upvoted 1 times