

Question #: 5

Topic #: 1

[All 1z0-1005 Questions]

Certain suppliers that your customer regularly deals with are exempt from tax. How would you configure tax for this?

- A. Enable the relevant suppliers for Offset Tax and create an Offset Tax to remove the calculated tax line from these suppliers.
- B. Define a Tax Status and Rate for Exempt, define a Party Fiscal Classification of Exempt, assign it to the relevant suppliers, and write a rule to incorporate the exempt Party Fiscal Classification.
- C. Create a new Tax Regime for the Exempt tax and subscribe the exempt suppliers to the tax regime on the Configuration Options tab.
- D. Define a Tax Status and Rate for Exempt, define a Supplier Fiscal Classification of Exempt, assign it to the relevant suppliers, and write a rule to incorporate the exempt Supplier Fiscal Classification.

Show Suggested Answer

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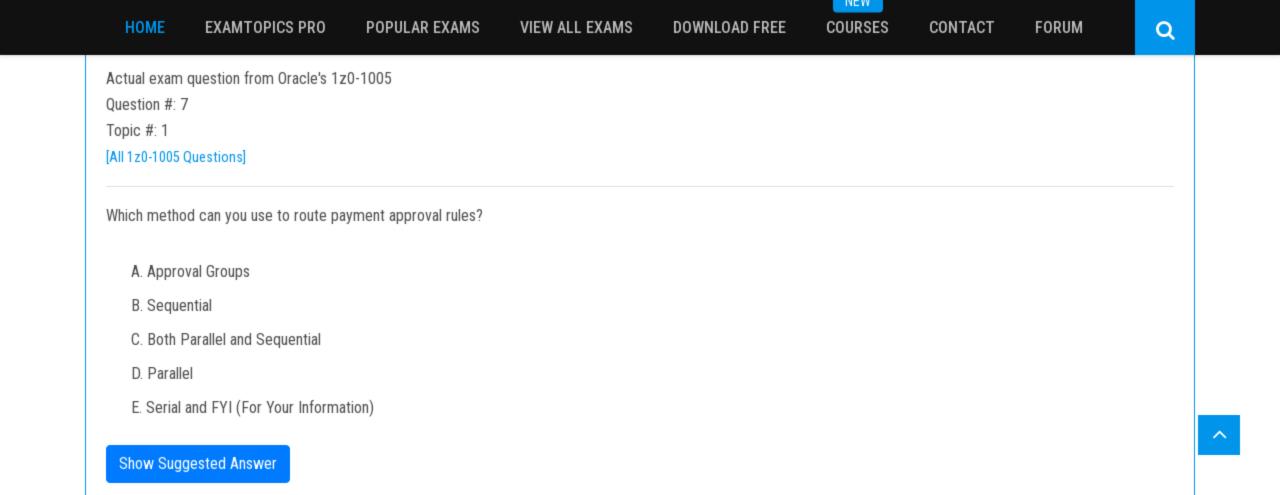
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Topic #: 1

[All 1z0-1005 Questions]

A company makes the payment in a currency different from the invoice and ledger currency. What setup options are required to make the cross currency rate type the default?

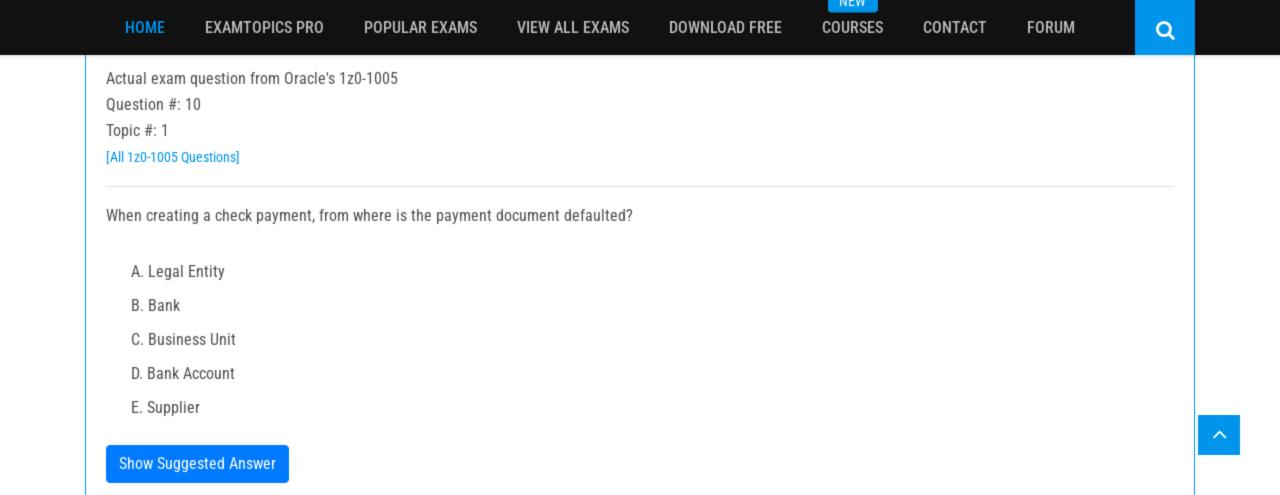
- A. Manage Invoice Options and Manage common options for Payables and Procurement
- B. Manage Payable Options and Manage Invoice Options
- C. Manage Invoice Options and Manage Procurement agents
- D. Manage common options for Payables and Procurement and Manage Procurement agents
- E. Manage Payment Options and Manage common options for Payables and Procurement



You have invoices with distributions across primary balancing segments that represent different companies.

What feature should you use if you want the system to automatically balance your invoice's liability amount across the same balancing segments on the invoice distributions?

- A. Payable's Automatic Offset
- B. Intercompany Balancing
- C. Subledger Accounting's Account Rules
- D. Suspense Accounts
- E. Payables' Allow Reconciliation Accounting



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Actual exam question from Oracle's 1z0-1005

Question #: 16

Topic #: 1

[All 1z0-1005 Questions]

Your customer has implemented English as base language and French as a local language. The customer's bank needs the payment file to be sent to them in French. What is the relevant step to do this for preparing the payment template?

- A. Create your template in English language, then upload it to Business Intelligence (BI) under the custom/payment folder under the templates region with country locale.
- B. Create your template in the local language, then upload it to Business Intelligence (BI) under the custom/payment folder under the templates region with English locale.
- C. Create your template in the local language, then upload it to Business Intelligence (BI) under the custom/payment folder under the templates region. Use English locale and generate the XLIFF file. Then upload the file back under the translated region.
- D. Create your template in English language, then upload it to Business Intelligence (BI) under the custom/payment folder, under the templates region. Use English locale and generate the XLIFF file. Then upload the file back under the translated region.

Question #: 17

Topic #: 1

[All 1z0-1005 Questions]

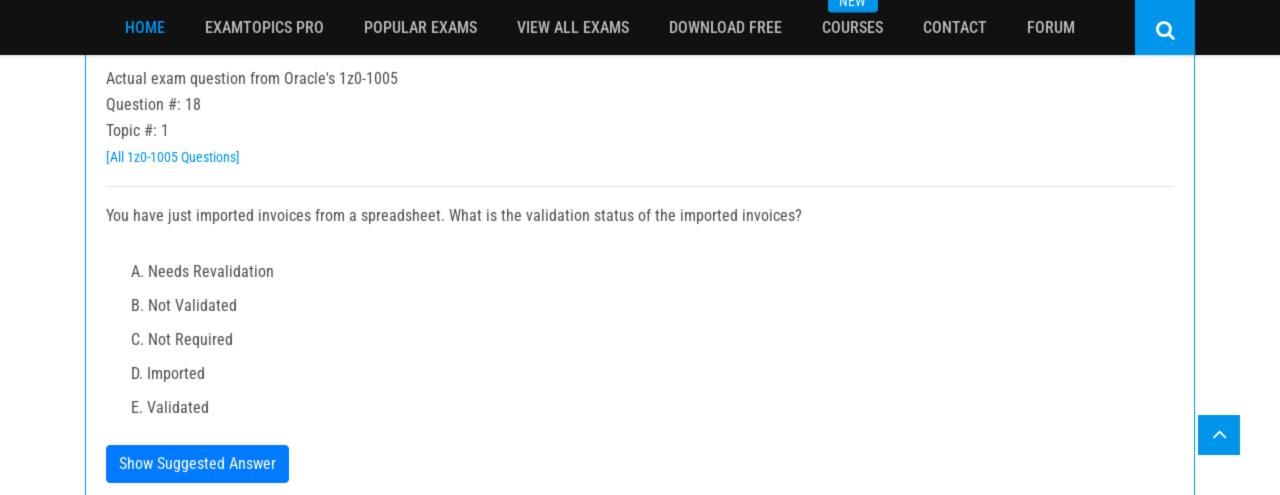
Which two statements are true when you are using the Intercompany Reconciliation Reports?

- A. You must run the prepare Intercompany Reconciliation Reporting Information process.
- B. The reconciliation period summary report will not show the intercompany receivables and intercompany payables lines generated for the provider and receiver of each intercompany transaction.
- C. The reports will show the intercompany receivable and the intercompany payable lines generated by the intercompany balancing feature.
- D. The reports will include Ledger balancing lines generated when the primary balancing segment value is in balance but either the second balancing segment or the third balancing segment is out of balance.
- E. You can drill down on the links in the Period Summary report to view the balances by Intercompany Organization.

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Actual exam question from Oracle's 1z0-1005

Question #: 20

Topic #: 1

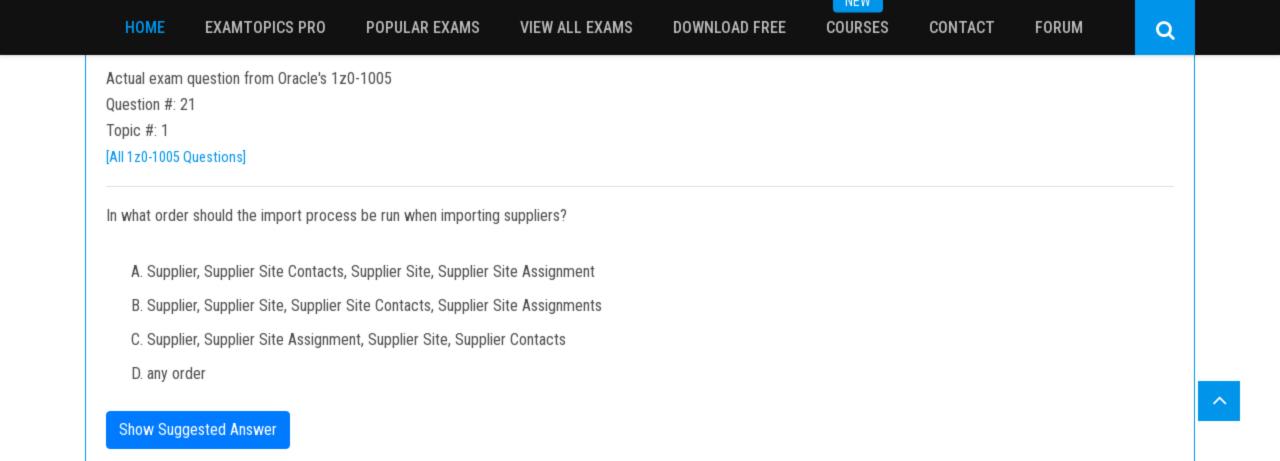
[All 1z0-1005 Questions]

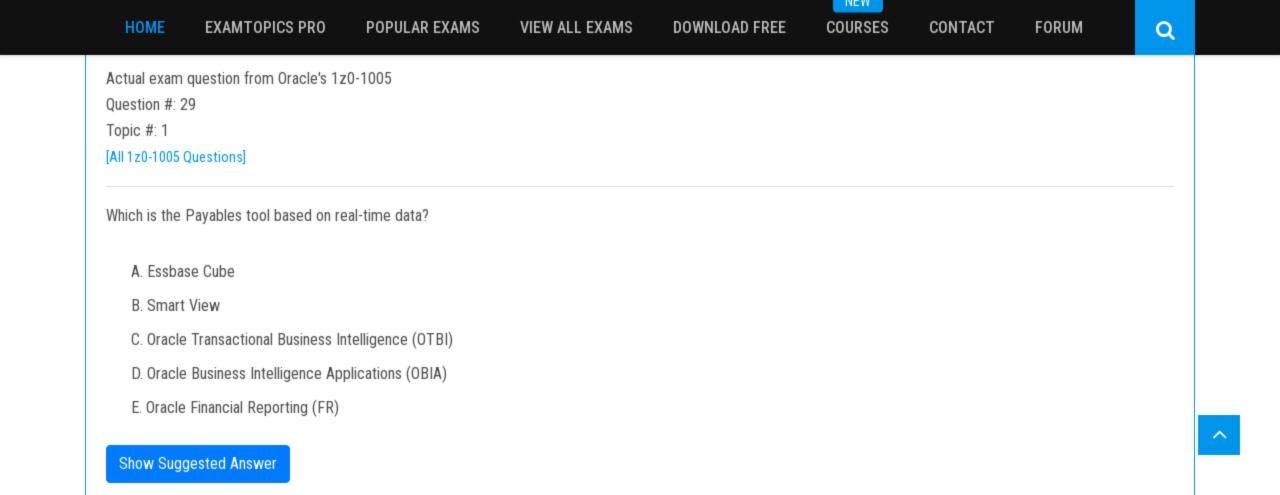
Your intercompany transaction type is active and enabled for invoicing. What are the two prerequisites to generate intercompany receivables and intercompany payable transactions after the Generate Intercompany Allocations process is run?

- A. For the Legal Jurisdiction, Legal function: "Generate intercompany invoice" should be assigned.
- B. Schedule create accounting for the intercompany process.
- C. Supplier site primary pay flag and customer account bill to primary flag should be enabled.
- D. Run the processes Create Intercompany transactions to Receivables and Create Intercompany transactions to Payables.
- E. Run the processes Transfer Intercompany transactions to Receivables and Transfer Intercompany transactions to Payables.
- F. Manual Approvals should be allowed for the transaction type.

**Show Suggested Answer** 

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Question #: 30

Topic #: 1

[All 1z0-1005 Questions]

During your business trip to the UK, you took a taxi ride and paid for it by using your personal Visa credit card. While entering your expenses, you get a warning that a different conversion rate was applied to the taxi expense by Visa that the one used by your company.

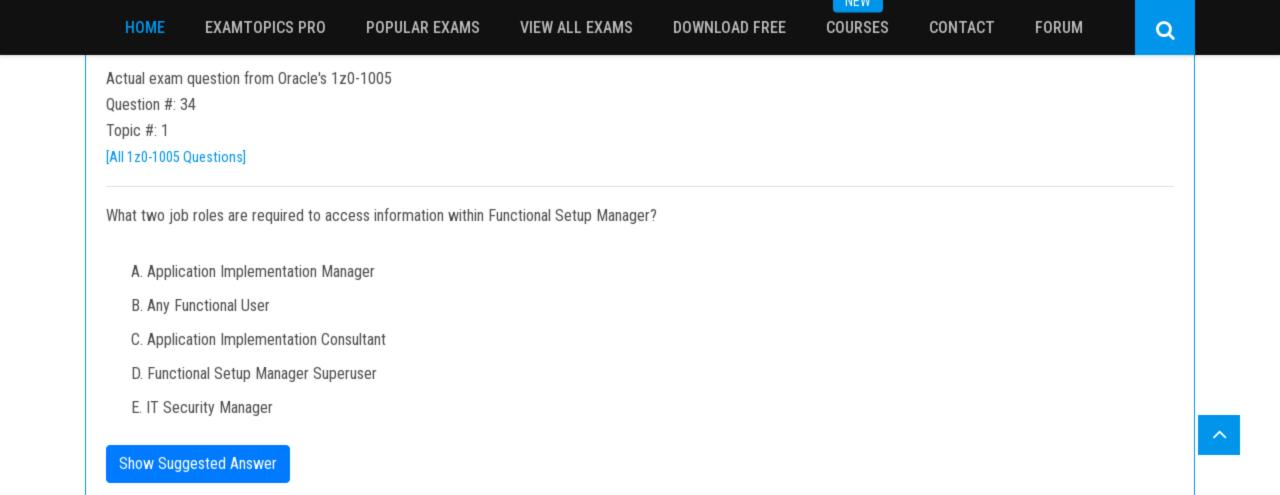
How do you handle this situation?

A. Do not enter the taxi expense and call your Finance Department so that they can make changes in the conversion rate settings and you do not violate the allowable limit.

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- B. Call Visa to address the issue and tell them to make adjustments to their conversion rate. Then, wait to get a revised statement.
- C. Overwrite the conversion rate with the one Visa provided and enter a justification that Visa used a different conversion rate.
- D. Use the corporate-defined conversion rate even if it means you will not be reimbursed fully.



Question #: 38

Topic #: 1

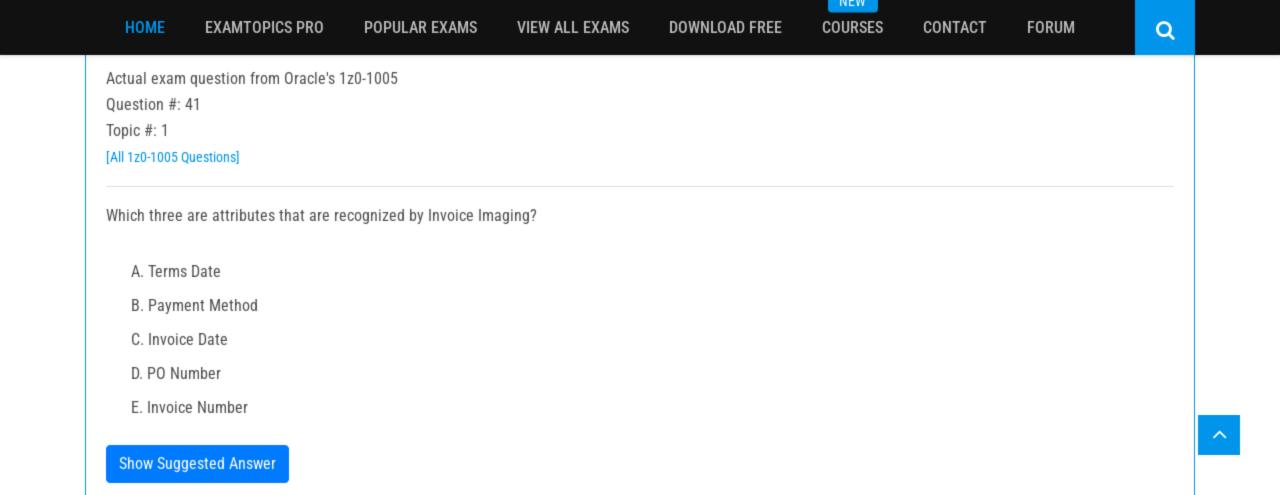
[All 1z0-1005 Questions]

You have a high volume of invoices to enter that have similar lines and do not require extensive validation. What must you do if you want to group multiple invoices in a batch during spreadsheet entry?

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- A. Make sure the Invoice Number is the same.
- B. Make sure all the invoice dates are the same.
- C. Assign the same Invoice Header Identifier to multiple invoices you want to group.
- D. Enable the invoice option Require Invoice Grouping, and the system automatically groups invoices entered in the same spreadsheet.
- E. Enter a value in the Invoice Group field to group similar invoices into a batch.



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Actual exam question from Oracle's 1z0-1005

Question #: 43

Topic #: 1

[All 1z0-1005 Questions]

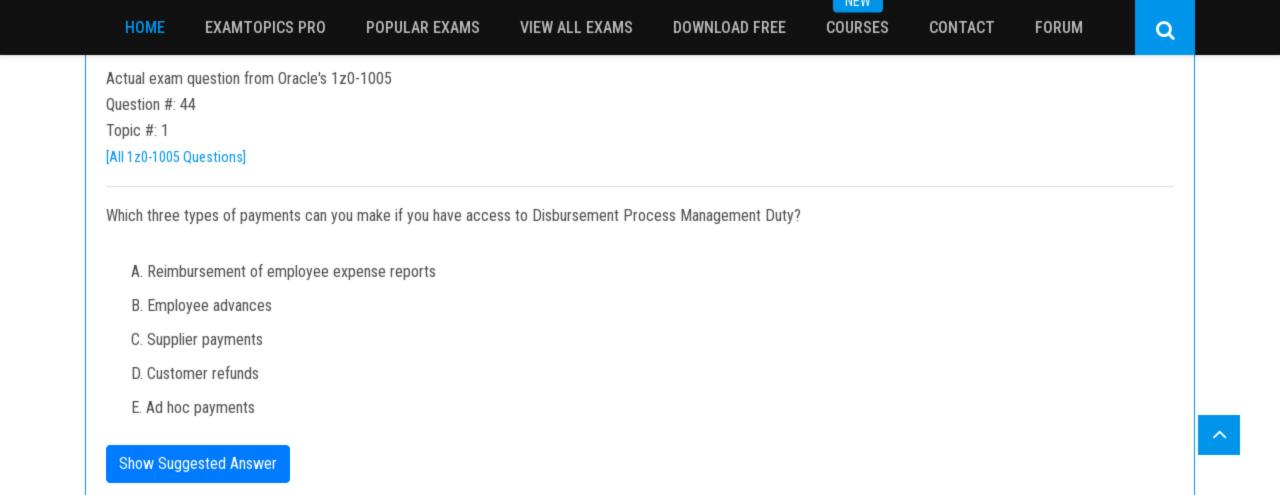
You are using the Payable's Deferred Expense feature (also known as Multiperiod Accounting). You have entered an invoice for a three-month lease that is entered on Jan 10

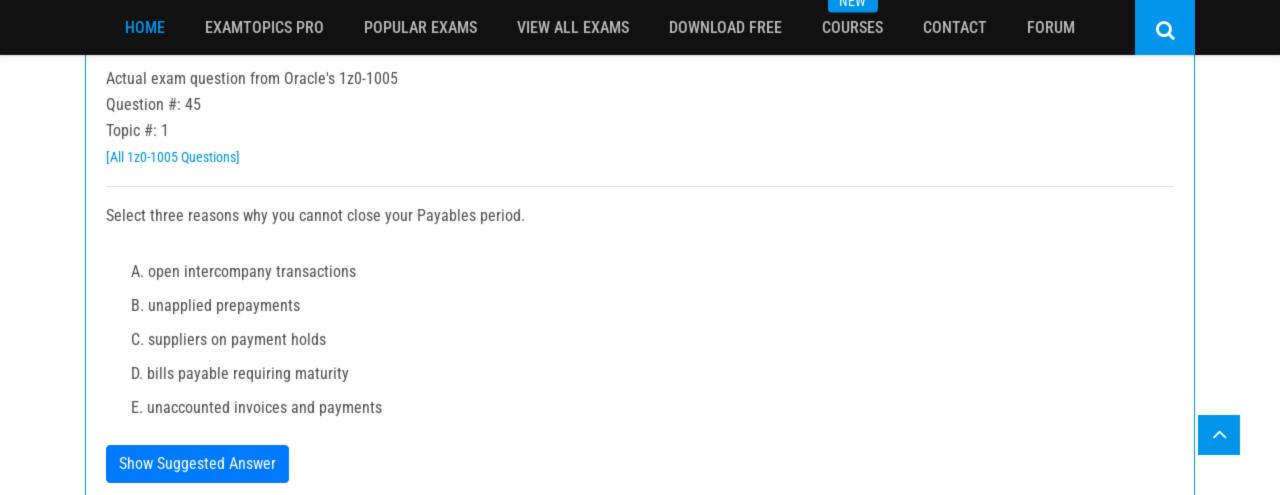
. The total expense is \$12,000 and it covers the rental period from Jan 1 st to Mar 31 st

.

Assuming that the rental expenses are split evenly per month and a monthly accounting calendar is used, what would the accounting entry be?

- A. On Jan 10 th, Debit Prepaid Expense for 12,000 and Credit Liability 12,000
- B. On Jan 31 st , Debit Rental Expense for 4,000 and Credit Prepared Expense for 4,000 On Feb 28 th , Debit Rental Expense for 4,000 and Credit Prepared Expense for 4,000
- C. On Jan 10 th , Debit Prepaid Expense 12,000 and Credit Liability for 12,000 and then On Jan 31 st , Debit Rental Expense for 4,000 and Credit Prepared Expense for 4,000 On Feb 28 th , Debit Rental Expense for 4,000 and Credit Prepared Expense for 4,000 On Mar 31 st , Debit Rental Expense for 4,000 and Credit Prepared Expense for 4,000
- D. On Mar 31st, Debit Rental Expense for 4,000 and Credit Prepared Expense for 4,000 On Jan 10 th, Debit Rental Expense for 12,000 and Credit Cash for 12,000





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Actual exam question from Oracle's 1z0-1005

Question #: 46

Topic #: 1

[All 1z0-1005 Questions]

An installment for \$1,000 USD is due for payment on January 10, 2016. The installment has two discounts: the first discount date is December 5, 2015 for \$150 USD and the second discount date is December 20, 2015 for \$50 USD. The Pay Date Basis on the supplier site is Discount.

You submit a Payment Process Request with the following criteria:

- ⇒ Payment Date = December 5, 2015
- Pay Through date = December 25, 2015
- ⇒ Date Basis = Pay Date
- Always Take Discount option is enabled

What will be the resulting status of the installment and discount?

- A. The installment is selected and a discount of \$50 USD (the second discount) is applied.
- B. The installment is selected and a discount of \$200 USD (\$150 + \$50) is applied.
- C. The installment is selected and a discount of \$150 USD is applied because the Always Take Discount option was enabled.
- D. The installment is selected but no discount is applied because the payment date is after the discount dates.
- E. The installment is not selected because the first discount date is before the Pay Through Date.

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Actual exam question from Oracle's 1z0-1005

Question #: 47

Topic #: 1

[All 1z0-1005 Questions]

An installment for \$2,000 USD is due for payment on July 31, 2016. The installment has two discounts: the first discount date is June 15, 2016 for \$150 USD and the second discount date is June 30, 2016 for \$50 USD.

You submit a Payment Process Request with the following criteria:

- □ Payment Date = June 20, 2016
- ⇒ Pay Through Date = July 30, 2016
- ⇒ Date Basis = Due Date

What will be the resulting status of the installment and discount?

- A. The installment is not selected because the discount dates are before the Pay Through Date.
- B. The installment is selected and no discount is applied.
- C. The installment is not selected because the due date is after the Pay Through Date.
- D. The installment is selected and a discount of \$50 USD is applied.
- E. The installment is selected and a discount of \$150 USD is applied.